

Illinois Influenza Surveillance Report

Week 19: May 9 – May 15, 2010

Division of Infectious Diseases

Immunization Section

Thursday, May 20, 2010

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SUMMARY

- The risk of illness due to influenza viruses is low. During CDC week 19, the proportion of outpatient visits for influenza-like illness (ILI)ⁱ was 0.8 %. Numerous respiratory viruses can cause ILI, and these viruses are now more prevalent than influenza viruses.ⁱⁱ
- Based on CDC criteria; influenza activity is currently sporadic in Illinois. For more information visit <u>http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/fluactivity/htm</u>.
- During week 19, no influenza viruses were sub typed by IDPH and sentinel hospitals.
- Among individuals with confirmed 2009 influenza A (H1N1) since April 2009, 3,045 hospital admissions and 111 deaths have been reported. More than 90% of hospitalized individuals were less than 65 years old.

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CDC FLU VIEW



*This map indicates geographic spread and does not measure the severity of influenza activity.

Activity Level	ILI activity*/Outbreaks		Laboratory data				
No activity	Low	And	No lab confirmed cases [†]				
	Not increased	And	Isolated lab-confirmed cases				
Sporadic	OR						
	Not increased	And	Lab confirmed outbreak in one institution [‡]				
Local	Increased ILI in 1 region**; ILI activity in other regions is not increased	And	Recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab evidence of influenza in region with increased ILI				
	OR						
	2 or more institutional outbreaks (ILI or lab confirmed) in 1 region; ILI activity in other regions is not increased	And	Recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab evidence of influenza in region with the outbreaks; virus activity is no greater than sporadic in other regions				
Regional (doesn't	Increased ILI in ≥2 but less than A half of the regions		Recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab confirmed influenza in the affected regions				
apply to states with	OR						
≤4 regions)	Institutional outbreaks (ILI or lab confirmed) in ≥2 and less than half of the regions	And	Recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab confirmed influenza in the affected regions				
Widespread	Increased ILI and/or institutional outbreaks (ILI or lab confirmed) in at least half of the regions	And	Recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab confirmed influenza in the state.				

ILI activity can be assessed using a variety of data sources including ILINet providers, school/workplace absenteeism, and other syndromic surveillance systems that monitor influenza-like illness.

[†]Lab confirmed case = case confirmed by rapid diagnostic test, antigen detection, culture, or PCR.

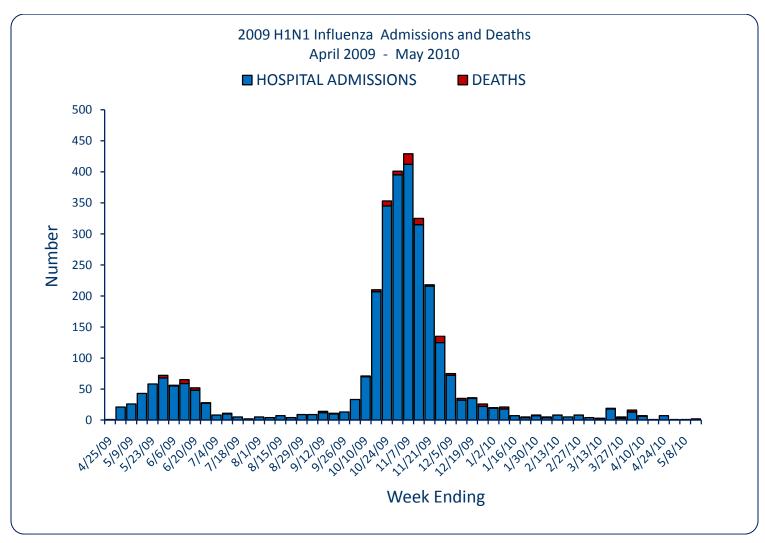
Institution includes nursing home, hospital, prison, school, etc.

** Region: population under surveillance in a defined geographical subdivision of a state.

2009 H1N1 Influenza HOSPITAL ADMISSIONS AND DEATHS

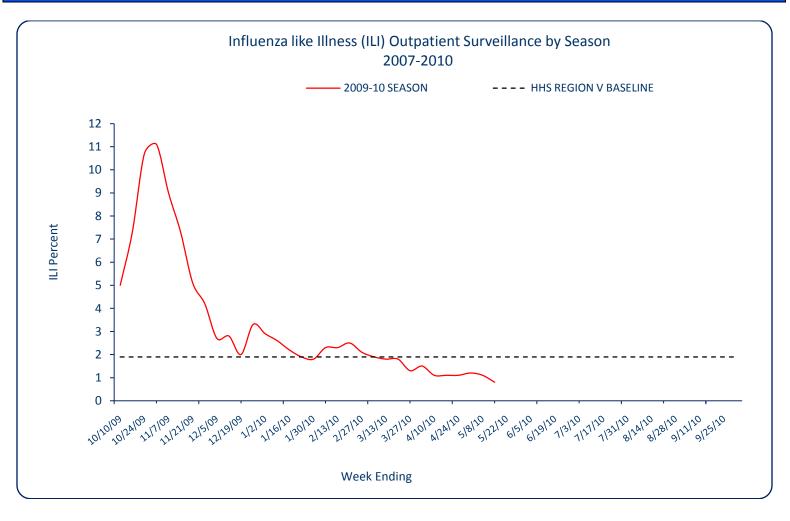
Γ

Illinois 2009 H1N1 Influenza: Cumulative Hospitalization and Deaths by Age Group Through May 18, 2010 ⁱⁱⁱ						
Age range	Admissions	Percent	Deaths	Percent		
0-4 Years	601	(20)	2	(2)		
5-18 Years	674	(22)	11	(10)		
19-24 Years	244	(8)	6	(5)		
25-49 Years	781	(26)	39	(35)		
50-64 Years	537	(18)	35	(32)		
65 + Years	207	(7)	18	(16)		
Unknown	1	(0)	0	(0)		
TOTAL	3045		111			



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ILI NET PROVIDER SURVEILLANCE

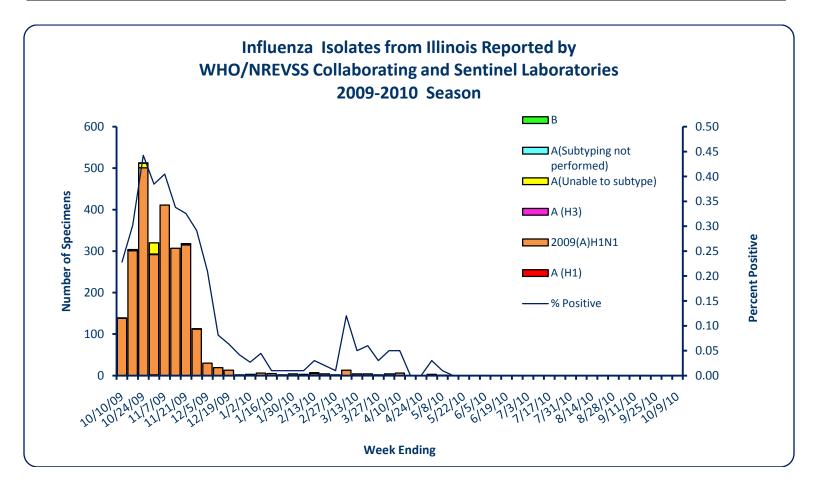


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LABORATORY SURVEILLANCE

During week 18, one of the specimens tested by Illinois WHO/NREVSS^{iv} collaborating laboratories and sentinel sites^v tested positive for influenza. This was the 2009 (A) H1N1.

Week	No of Labs Reporting	A (H1)	2009(A)H1N1	A (H3)	A (Unable to subtype)	A (Sub typing not performed)	В	Total # Tested	% Positive
15	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	84	0
16	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	91	0
17	2	0	2	0	0	0	1	101	0.03
18	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	84	0.01
19	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	87	0
2009-10 Season t	o Date	2	2516	2	43	0	7	10322	0.30



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NATIONAL ANTIVIRAL RESISTANCE DATA

Antiviral Resistance Testing Results on Samples Collected Since September 1, 2009.

	Viruses tested (n)	Resistant Viruses, No. (%)	Viruses tested (n)	Resistant Viruses, No. (%)	Viruses tested (n)	Resistant Viruses, No. (%)
	Oseltamivir		Zana	mivir	Adamantanes	
Seasonal Influenza A (H1N1)	1	1 (100)	0	0 (0)	1	0 (0)
Influenza A (H3N2)	13	0 (0)	0	0 (0)	14	14 (100)
Influenza B	23	0 (0)	0	0 (0)	NA	NA
2009 Influenza A (H1N1)	4733	54 ^{vivii} (1.1)	1819	0 (0)	1830	1826 (99.8)

The majority of 2009 influenza A (H1N1) viruses are susceptible to the neuraminidase inhibitor antiviral medication oseltamivir; however, rare sporadic cases of oseltamivir resistant 2009 Influenza A (H1N1) viruses have been detected worldwide. A total of 66 cases of oseltamivir resistant 2009 influenza A (H1N1) viruses have been identified in the United States since April 2009. Of these 66 cases, 57 have been identified in the United States since September 1, 2009.

RESOURCES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Influenza Website: <u>http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/fluactivity.htm</u> Immunization Action Coalition Website: <u>http://immunize.org/</u> IDPH Website <u>http://www.idph.state.il.us/flu/surveillance.htm</u>

ⁱ ILI "Influenza like Illness" is defined as fever ≥ 100°F and cough and/or sore throat.

b. http://www.acllaboratories.com/

c. www.stlouischildrens.org/content/ClinicalLaboratories.htm

ⁱⁱⁱ Beginning 4/5/2009 includes influenza A infections negative for human H1 and H3 by influenza RT_PCR and positive for novel H1N1 by RT_PCR ^{iv} WHO/NREVSS Collaborating Laboratories WHO/NREVSS Collaborating Laboratories: For viral surveillance - About 80 U.S. World Health Organization (WHO) Collaborating Laboratories and 70 National Respiratory and Enteric Virus Surveillance System (NREVSS), located throughout the United States report daily or weekly the results of their testing.

^{vi} Two screening tools were used to determine oseltamivir resistance: sequence analysis of viral genes or a neuraminidase inhibition assay

ⁱⁱ For more information regarding circulating respiratory viruses, see

a. http://www.cdc.gov/surveillance/nrevss/rsv/state.html

^v Super Sentinel Surveillance Sites: Sites recruited by IDPH to conduct virologic surveillance during summer 2009

^{vii} Additional laboratories perform antiviral resistance testing and report their results to CDC. Three additional oseltamivir resistant 2009 influenza A (H1N1) virus has been identified by these laboratories since September 1, 2009, bringing the total number to 55. Of the 64 total cases identified, 52 had documented exposure to oseltamivir through either treatment or chemoprophylaxis, three patients had no drug exposure but possible exposure to a person with oseltamivir resistant 2009 H1N1, five are under investigation to determine exposure to oseltamivir, three patients had no documented oseltamivir exposure, and in one patient exposure cannot be determined.