ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH



Illinois Influenza Surveillance Report

Week 20: Week Ending Saturday, May 18, 2013

Division of Infectious Diseases Immunization Section 5/24/2013

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Summary

- During the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) surveillance week 20, the proportion of outpatient visits for influenza-like illness (ILI)¹ reported by ILI Net sentinel providers in Illinois was 1.0 % compared with 0.9% for week 19.
- The influenza (flu) activity level (geographic spread of influenza) for Illinois was "SPORADIC" based on CDC criteria for week ending May 18, 2013.
- Febrile Respiratory Illness (FRI) surveillance² at Naval Recruit Training Command, Great Lakes was at or below expected value for week 20.
- For the week ending May 18, 2013, one specimen was tested for Influenza by the Illinois Department of Public Health Laboratory. The specimen tested negative for Influenza A and B.
- One influenza-associated Intensive Care Unit (ICU) admission³ and no death was reported during week 20.
- No influenza-associated pediatric death was reported during week 20.
- During week 20, no institutional influenza outbreak was reported.

Avian Influenza A (H7N9)

- Since May 8, 2013, no new laboratory-confirmed cases of human infection with avian influenza A • (H7N9) have been reported to World Health Organization. However, four additional deaths have been reported from previously laboratory-confirmed cases.
- No cases of H7N9 have been detected in the United States or anywhere outside of China at this time.
- As of May 17, 2013, total laboratory confirmed case count is 131 with 36 deaths.
- For more information visit: http://www.who.int/csr/don/2013 05 17/en/index.html

¹ ILI "Influenza like Illness" is defined as fever ≥ 100°F and cough and/or sore throat.

² FRI surveillance is ongoing at 8 U.S. military basic training centers, representing all service branches. FRI Rate Status is classified into one of 3 categories:

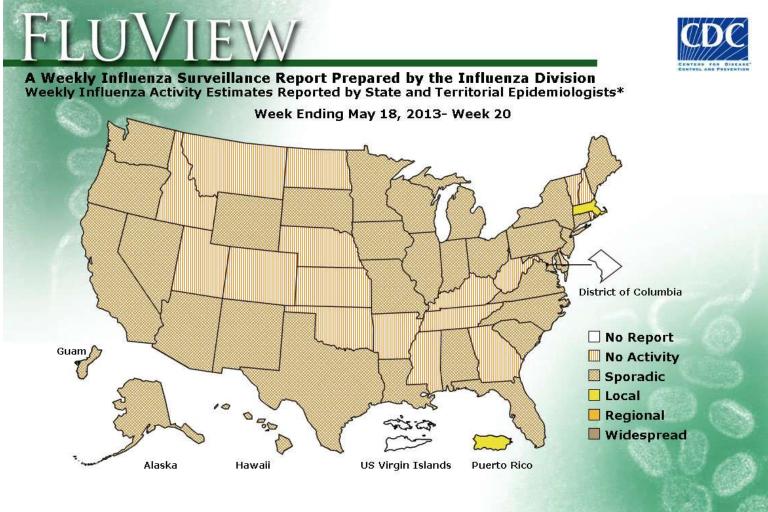
At or below expected value (expected value shown as dashed line) 1.

^{2.} Moderately elevated 3.

Substantially elevated

³ For the purpose of diagnosis, influenza can be diagnosed by using the following test: reverse transcription polymerase chain reaction RT-PCR], viral culture, Immunofluorescence [Direct Fluorescent Antibody (DFA) or Indirect Fluorescent Antibody (IFA) Staining], Enzyme Immuno Assay (EIA) or any rapid diagnostic test. Sensitivities of rapid diagnostic tests are approximately 50-70% when compared with viral culture or reverse transcription polymerase chain reaction (RT-PCR), and specificities of rapid diagnostic tests for influenza are approximately 90-95%. False-positive (and true-negative) results are more likely to occur when disease prevalence in the community is low, which is generally at the beginning and end of the influenza seasons. False-negative (and true-positive) results are more likely to occur when disease prevalence is high in the community, which is typically at the height of the influenza season.

CDC Flu View



*This map indicates geographic spread and does not measure the severity of influenza activity.

No activity: No laboratory confirmed cases of influenza and no reported increase in cases of influenza like illness (ILI).

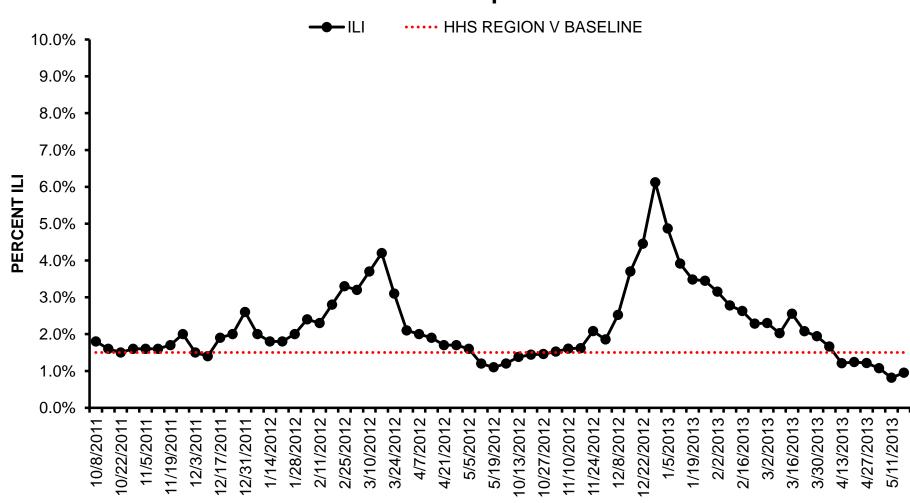
Sporadic: Small numbers of laboratory confirmed influenza cases or a single laboratory confirmed influenza in a single region of the state.

Local: Outbreaks of influenza or increases in ILI and recent laboratory confirmed influenza in a single region of the state.

Regional: Outbreaks of influenza or increases in ILI and recent laboratory confirmed influenza in at least two but less than half the regions of the state.

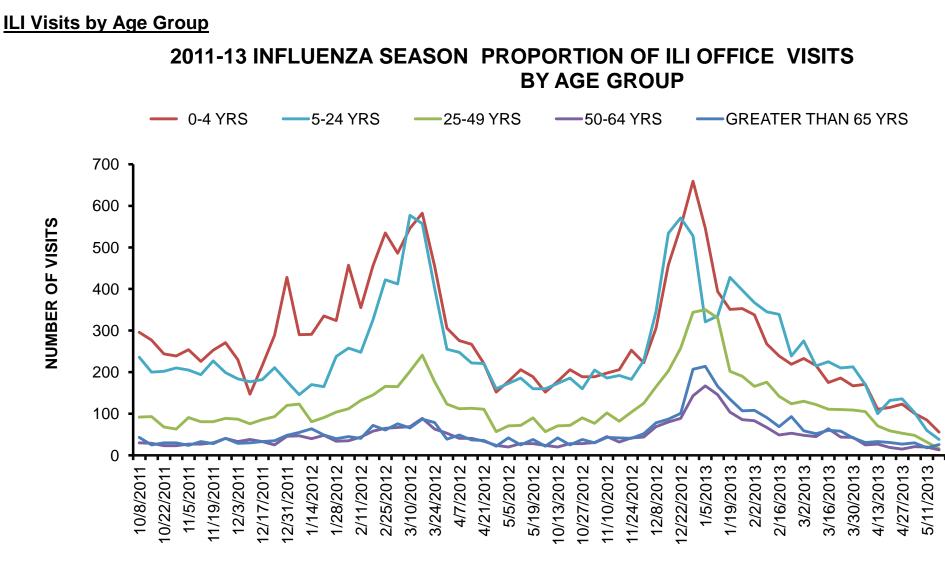
Widespread: Outbreaks of influenza or increases in ILI cases and recent laboratory confirmed influenza in at least half the regions in the state.

ILI Net Provider Surveillance



Influenza Like Illness Outpatient Surveillance 2011-2013

WEEK ENDING



WEEK ENDING

Great Lakes Naval Recruit Influenza Surveillance

Febrile Respiratory Illness (FRI) surveillance⁴ at Naval Recruit Training Command, Great Lakes was **at or below expected value** for week ending May 18, 2013. For more information visit <u>http://www.med.navy.mil/sites/nhrc/geis/Pages/default.aspx</u>

Influenza Intensive Care Unit Admissions and Deaths

One influenza related ICU admission and no death was reported the week ending May 18, 2013.

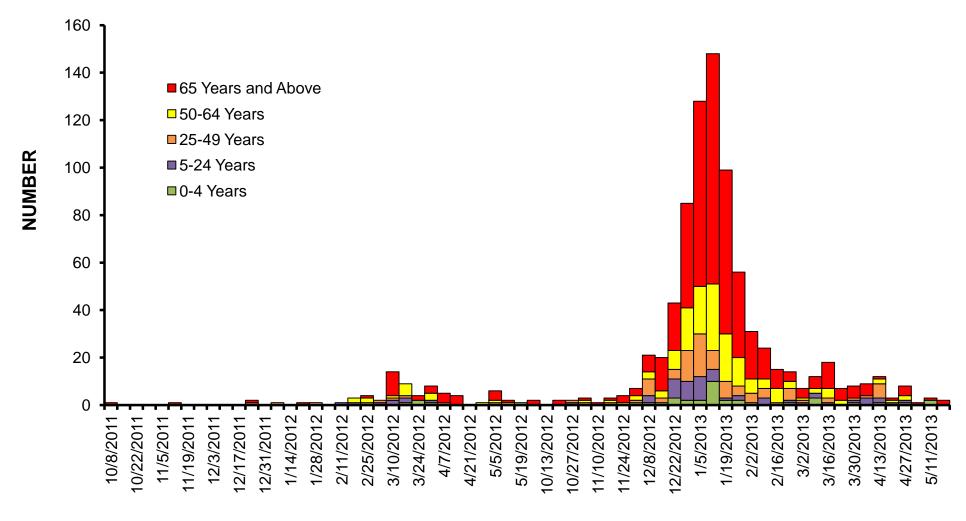
Year	Week No	Admissions	Deaths
2013	15	3	2
2013	16	9	2
2013	17	5	1
2013	18	3	1
2013	19	2	1
2013	20	1	0
Total (Provisional) for 2012-13 Season up to week ending May 18, 2013	-	804	134

 ⁴ FRI surveillance is ongoing at 8 U.S. military basic training centers, representing all service branches. FRI Rate Status is classified into one of 3 categories:
4. At or below expected value (expected value shown as dashed line)

^{5.} Moderately elevated

^{6.} Substantially elevated

Influenza Related ICU Admissions by Age Group



WEEK ENDING

Laboratory Surveillance

For the week ending May 18, 2013, one specimen was tested for Influenza by the Illinois Department of Public Health Laboratory. The specimen tested negative for Influenza A and B. For more information about viruses circulating in Illinois visit:

- ACL Clinical Laboratory Respiratory Panel: <u>http://www.acllaboratories.com/</u>
- St Louis Children's Hospital Clinical Laboratory Respiratory Panel: <u>http://www.stlouischildrens.org/health-care-professionals/clinical-laboratories</u>

Year	Week	A (H1)	2009(A)H1N1	A (H3)	A(Unable to subtype)	A(Sub typing not performed)	В	Total # Tested	% Positive
2013	15	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	25%
2013	16	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	25%
2013	17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
2013	18	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	50%
2013	19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
2013	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0%

Viral Resistance

The majority of currently circulating influenza viruses are susceptible to the neuraminidase inhibitor antiviral medications oseltamivir and zanamivir; however, rare sporadic cases of oseltamivir resistant 2009 influenza A (H1N1) and A (H3N2) viruses have been detected worldwide.

Neuraminidase Inhibitor Resistance Testing Results on Samples Collected in the U.S. Since October 1, 2012

	Oselta	amivir	Zanamivir		
	Virus Samples tested (n)	Resistant Viruses, Number (%)	Virus Samples tested (n)	Resistant Viruses, Number (%)	
Influenza A (H3N2)	2123	2 (0.1)	2123	1 (0.05)	
Influenza B	961	0 (0.0)	961	0 (0.0)	
2009 H1N1	542	2 (0.4)	258	0 (0.0)	

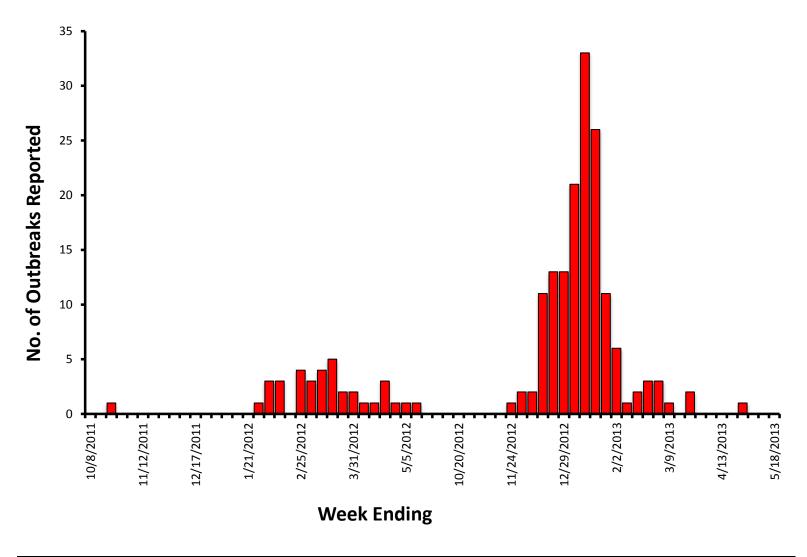
High levels of resistance to the adamantanes (amantadine and rimantadine) persist among 2009 H1N1 and A (H3N2) viruses (the adamantanes do not have activity against influenza B viruses). Antiviral treatment as early as possible with oseltamivir or zanamivir is recommended for patients with confirmed or suspected

influenza who have severe, complicated, or progressive illness; who require hospitalization; or who are at greater risk for influenza-related complications. Additional information treatment and chemoprophylaxis of influenza virus infection with antiviral agents is available at <u>http://www.cdc.gov/flu/antivirals/index.htm</u>.

Institutional Influenza Outbreaks Reported

No institutional influenza outbreak was reported during the week ending May 18, 2013.

Number of Institutional Influenza Outbreaks Reported

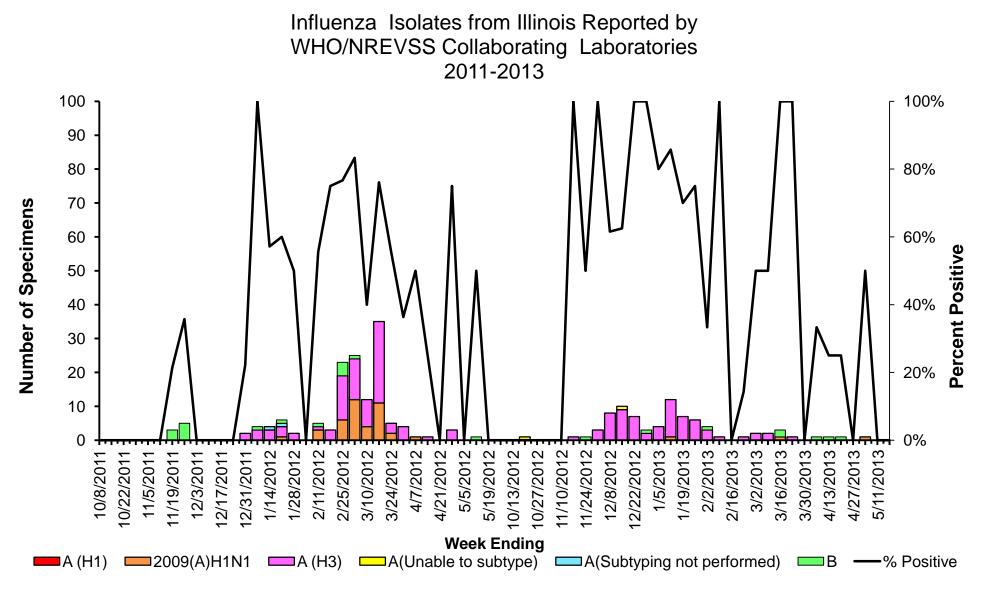


Number of ILI Outbreaks

IDPH, Immunization Section Regional Map



Weekly Viral Subtype



Resources

- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Influenza Website: <u>http://www.cdc.gov/flu/</u>
- Immunization Action Coalition Website: <u>http://immunize.org/</u>
- IDPH Website: http://www.idph.state.il.us/flu/surveillance.htm
- ACL Clinical Laboratory Respiratory Panel: <u>http://www.acllaboratories.com/</u>
- St Louis Children's Hospital Clinical Laboratory Respiratory Panel: <u>http://www.stlouischildrens.org/health-care-professionals/clinical-laboratories</u>
- CDC Avian Influenza A (H7N9) <u>http://www.cdc.gov/flu/avianflu/h7n9-virus.htm</u>.