

2007 Report

Illinois Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System (PRAMS)



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Introduction

The Illinois Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System (PRAMS) is an ongoing population-based survey of Illinois women who have delivered a live born infant in Illinois. PRAMS is an important part of the Illinois Department of Public Health's surveillance activities and is part of an initiative by the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) to reduce infant mortality and adverse birth outcomes. The unique information collected by the PRAMS project is used by health professionals, administrators, policy makers and researchers to develop and modify programs and policies to improve the health of women and children in Illinois.

PRAMS collects information from mothers about their behaviors and experiences before, during and immediately following the birth of the baby. The 2007 surveillance report covers a variety of selected topics broken down into several categories: family planning, prenatal care, risk factors, infant care and health, and insurance. Trend data are presented for selected topics within each category. Data are presented graphically in the body of the report with detailed tables containing standard errors and confidence intervals found in Appendix C. Statewide estimates, as well as subgroup analyses by selected sociodemographic categories, are presented. All results are weighted estimates reflective of Illinois resident women who delivered a live birth in Illinois. The data methods used by Illinois PRAMS are standardized CDC protocols used by all participating states (see Appendix A for technical notes).



Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System

Family Planning

- 43 percent of pregnancies resulting in live births were reported as unintended.
- 44 percent of women who had an unintended pregnancy were not using birth control at the time of conception.

Prenatal Care

- 81 percent of women reported having heard or read about the importance of taking folic acid to prevent some birth defects.
- 78 percent of women reported being tested for HIV during their pregnancy, while 7 percent did not know if they were tested.
- 39 percent of women went to a dentist or dental clinic during their pregnancy and 42 percent reported being counseled by a dental or other health care worker about care of teeth and gums.
- 82 percent of women reported that a health care worker talked with them about "baby blues" or postpartum depression either during their pregnancy or after delivery.

Risk Factors

- 3 percent of women reported being physically abused by their husband or partner in the 12 months before their pregnancy; 3 percent reported abuse during pregnancy.
- 4 percent of women reported being physically abused by an ex-husband or ex-partner in the 12 months before pregnancy; 2 percent reported abuse during pregnancy.
- 20 percent of women smoked cigarettes during the three months before they became pregnant, and 11 percent smoked during the last three months of pregnancy.
- 50 percent of women reported drinking alcoholic beverages on a weekly basis in the three months before becoming pregnant. That figure dropped to 6 percent during the last three months of pregnancy. During both time periods, most women reported drinking three or fewer drinks per week.
- 8 percent of women reported being diagnosed with depression after their baby was born.

Infant Health and Care

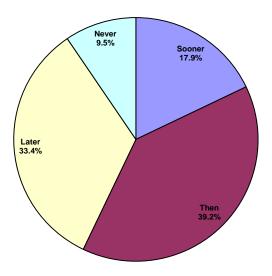
- 99 percent of women said they had an infant car seat for their new baby.
- When asked how they learned to install and use the infant car seat, 25 percent of women reported that a health or safety professional showed them. The majority of women (68%) indicated they learned by reading the instructions that came with the car seat.
- 71 percent of women reported they most often put their baby to sleep on his or her back.
- 75 percent of women reported breastfeeding their baby at least once after birth and 62 percent were still breastfeeding one month after delivery.
- Among mothers who did not breastfeed, the most common reason for not doing so was that they did not like breastfeeding (54%).

Section 1

Family Planning

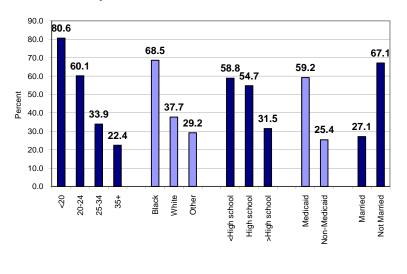


Intendedness of Pregnancy, 2007



PRAMS asked women how they felt about the timing of becoming pregnant. Women who indicated that they wanted to be pregnant "then" or "sooner" were classified as having an intended pregnancy (57.1%). Those who answered that they wanted to be pregnant "later" or "not then or at any time in the future" were considered to have an unintended pregnancy (42.9%). The Healthy People 2010 Objective (9-1) is to increase intended pregnancies to 70 percent. PRAMS found three out of four unintended births in Illinois were mistimed, meaning that the woman would have preferred being pregnant at a later time. PRAMS also found that 44.1 percent of women who had unintended pregnancies were not using contraception at the time of conception. The Healthy People 2010 Objective (9-3) is to increase the proportion of females at risk of unintended pregnancy (and their partners) who use contraception to 100 percent.

Unintended Pregnancy, 2007 By Selected Maternal Characteristics



Age Race

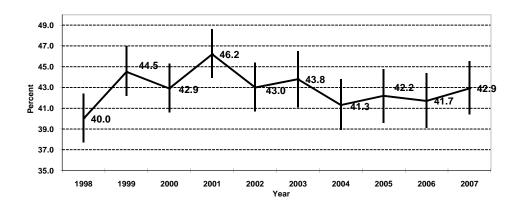
Education Payment for Marital Delivery Status

When looking at subpopulations of women, the percentage of unintended pregnancies varied widely and was very high among certain groups. Teenagers exhibited the highest percentage of unintended pregnancies when compared to other age groups. Black women had much higher percentages of unintended pregnancies when compared to women of other races. Women with a high school education or less had significantly* more unintended pregnancies when compared to women with more than a high school education. Women whose deliveries were paid for by Medicaid and women who were unmarried had more than double the percentage of unintended pregnancies when compared to women whose deliveries were not paid by Medicaid and married women.

^{*}Statements throughout this report regarding significance refer to statistical significance as determined through the use of confidence intervals. See Appendix A for more details about interpretation of PRAMS data.

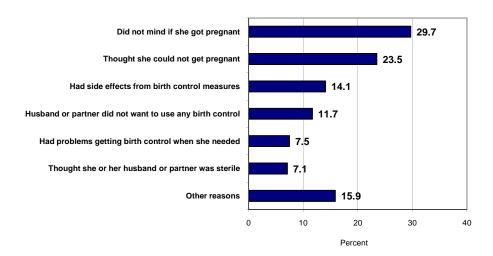
Unintended Pregnancy, 1998-2007

With 95 Percent Confidence Intervals



The above chart illustrates that during the period of 1998-2007, a decline in unintended pregnancies was not seen in Illinois. The percentage peaked at 46.2 in 2001 and has remained above 40 percent since 1999. Rates among women who were unmarried, young, black, less educated or on Medicaid remained much higher than 40 percent over this time span (see tables 2a and 2b, Appendix C).

Reasons for Not Using Birth Control Among Unintended Pregnancies, 2007



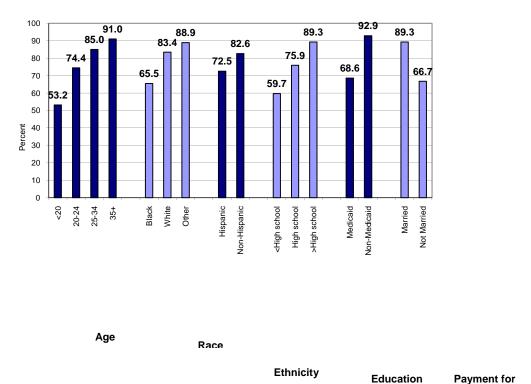
PRAMS asked women why they did not use birth control at conception. A list of reasons was provided and women were asked to check all reasons that applied to their situation. Women who had unintended pregnancies checked most often that either they did not mind if they got pregnant or they thought they could not get pregnant.

Section 2

Prenatal Care



Initiation of Prenatal Care in the First Trimester, 2007 By Selected Maternal Characteristics

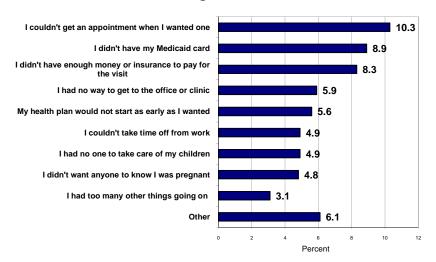


The Healthy People 2010 Objective 16-16 is to increase to at least 90 percent the proportion of all pregnant women who receive prenatal care in the first trimester of pregnancy. Among all Illinois women, 80.3 percent reported having their first prenatal care visit during the first trimester of their pregnancies. Some groups of women met the 90 percent objective while others fell far short of it as is illustrated in the chart above. Characteristics of women who met the objective included: age 35 or older and delivery not paid for by Medicaid.

Marital Status

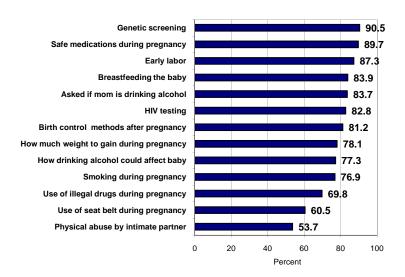
Delivery

Problems Getting Prenatal Care, 2007



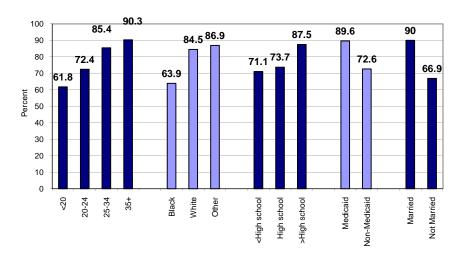
PRAMS provided a list of problems women can have when getting prenatal care and asked women to indicate if they experienced problems with each item. The chart above shows that the top three problems related to not being able to get an appointment when wanted and not having a means of paying for the visit (Medicaid, money or insurance).

Topics Discussed by Health Care Professionals During Prenatal Care Visits, 2007



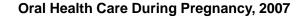
PRAMS provided a list of topics areas that may have been discussed at prenatal care visits and asked women to respond to each item with "yes" if the subject was discussed or "no" if the subject was not discussed. Women were asked not to mark "yes" if only reading materials or a video was provided. At least 75 percent of women indicated that a health care professional had discussed 10 of the 13 topics. The least discussed topic areas included use of illegal drugs during pregnancy, use of seatbelts during pregnancy and intimate partner physical abuse.

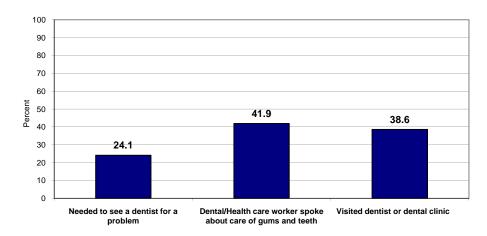
Knowledge About Folic Acid, 2007By Selected Maternal Characteristics





Overall, 80.8 percent of women heard or read that folic acid could prevent some birth defects. However, significant differences were seen among subpopulations of women as highlighted in the chart above. Older or more educated women were more likely to be aware of the benefits of folic acid when compared to younger or less educated women. Black women were less likely to be aware of the benefits when compared with women of other races. Women who were married or whose deliveries were not paid for by Medicaid were more likely to report awareness when compared with unmarried women or women whose deliveries were paid for by Medicaid.



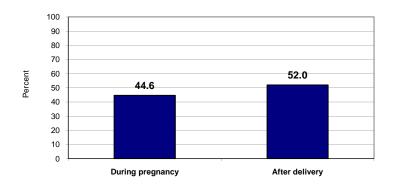


Maintaining good oral health during pregnancy is important as researchers have found that women with periodontal disease are at an increased risk for delivering preterm low birthweight babies¹. Pregnant women should see a dentist or dental hygienist during pregnancy for a preventive cleaning². In 2007, only 38.6 percent of women in Illinois said they visited a dentist or dental clinic during pregnancy. Nearly 42 percent reported that a health care worker spoke with them about the care of their teeth and gums. Nearly one-fourth of women said they needed to see the dentist for a problem.

White and non-Hispanic women were more likely to report going to the dentist during pregnancy when compared with black women and Hispanic women. Women in their mid-20s or older and women with more than a high school education also reported a dental visit more often than younger women and those with a high school education or less. Married women and women whose deliveries were not paid by Medicaid were more likely to have visited the dentist than unmarried women and women whose deliveries were paid for by Medicaid.

A higher percentage of black women reported needing to see the dentist for a problem during pregnancy when compared with white women. Unmarried, less educated women and those whose deliveries were paid for by Medicaid were more likely to report needing to see the dentist for a problem when compared with married, more educated women whose deliveries were not paid for by Medicaid.

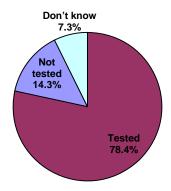
WIC Participation, 2007



PRAMS found that 44.6 percent of women reported participating in the WIC* program during pregnancy, while 52.0 percent participated after delivery. Characteristics of women most likely to participate in the program included being unmarried, young, of black race, of Hispanic ethnicity, or having a high school education or less (see table 11, Appendix C).

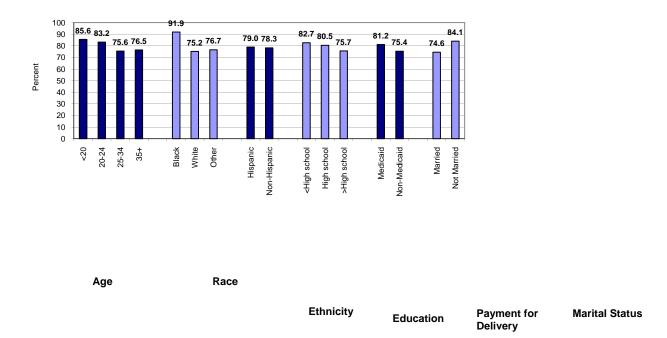
^{*}WIC is the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants and Children funded by the U. S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) and administered in Illinois by the Illinois Department of Human Services.

HIV Testing During Pregnancy, 2007



In 2007, 78.4 percent of women indicated they were tested for HIV during pregnancy, 14.3 percent were not tested and 7.3 percent did not know if they were tested.

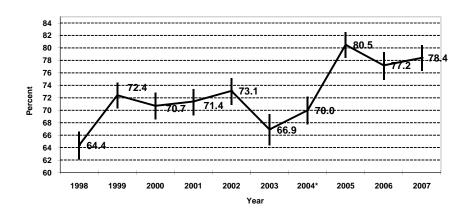
HIV Testing During Pregnancy, 2007 By Selected Maternal Characteristics



In 2007, black women were significantly more likely to be tested for HIV when compared to women of other races, and unmarried women were more likely to be tested than married women. Women whose deliveries were paid for by Medicaid were more likely to be tested than women whose deliveries were not paid for by Medicaid. When examining age groups, older women were generally less likely to be tested than younger women.

HIV Testing During Pregnancy, 1998-2007

With 95 Percent Confidence Intervals

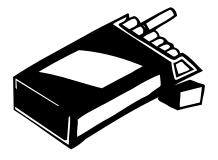


When examining HIV testing during the period of 1998 through 2007, PRAMS found the highest reporting testing rates in more recent years. Until 2004, many significant differences in testing were seen among different groups of women. Starting in 2005, many of the large gaps in testing among different groups of women began closing. Throughout the period black women were more likely to be tested than women of other races. Unmarried women and women whose deliveries were paid for by Medicaid reported higher testing rates than married women and women whose deliveries were not paid for by Medicaid. In general, younger women reported higher rates of testing than older women (see tables 12a, 12b, 12c, Appendix C).

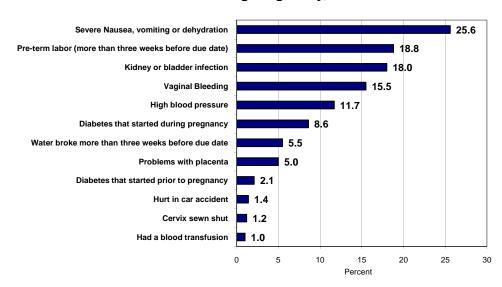
^{*}Change in question; see appendix A.

Section 3

Risk Factors

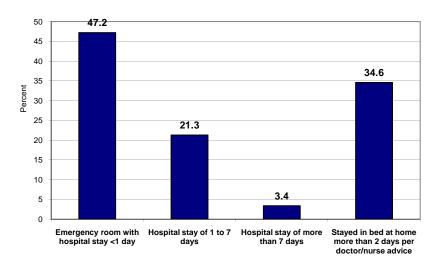


Problems During Pregnancy, 2007



PRAMS asked women if they experienced certain problems during pregnancy by providing a list and asking women to respond "yes" or "no" to each item. From the list provided, the most common problem reported was severe nausea, vomiting or dehydration. The next most common problems reported were pre-term labor and kidney or bladder infections.

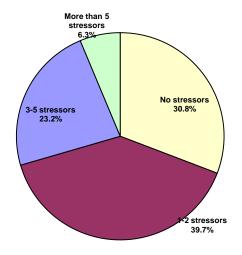
Hospital Visits or Bedrest for Problems During Pregnancy, 2007*



PRAMS asked women if any of the health problems reported during pregnancy resulted in hospital stays or bed rest. Slightly more than 47 percent of women reported visiting the emergency room, and about one in five required a hospital stay of up to a week. About 35 percent were advised to have bed rest for more than two days. Less than 5 percent reported staying in the hospital for more than seven days for pregnancy-related problems.

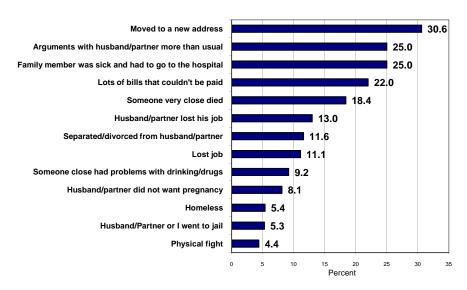
(*Note: Missing response rates for these variables ranged from 11.4 percent to 14.4 percent; interpret with caution.)

Stressors Prior to Delivery, 2007

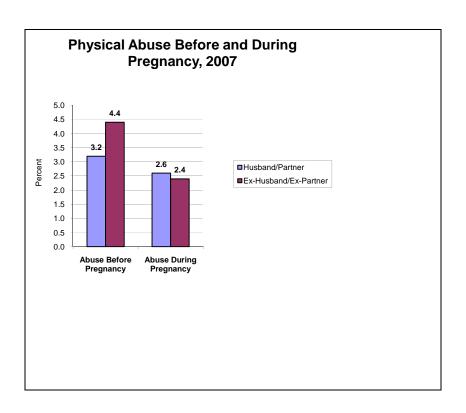


High levels of stress during pregnancy can contribute to poor pregnancy outcomes³. PRAMS asked about stressful events that occurred during the 12 months prior to delivery and found that 30.8 percent of women reported experiencing no major stressful events while 39.7 percent reported experiencing one to two stressors. Nearly 30 percent reported experiencing three or more stressors.



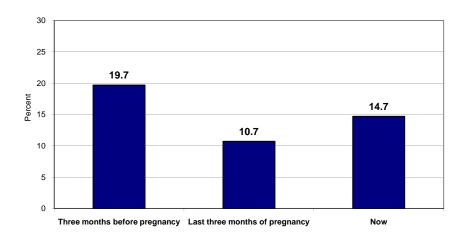


PRAMS provided a list of situations that could cause stress and asked women to indicate if any of the situations happened to them during the 12 months before the baby was born. Overall, the most commonly report event was moving to a new address (30.6%). About one in four women (25%) also reported having more arguments with a husband/partner or having a very sick family member. Having a lot of bills that could not be paid was reported by 22 percent of women.



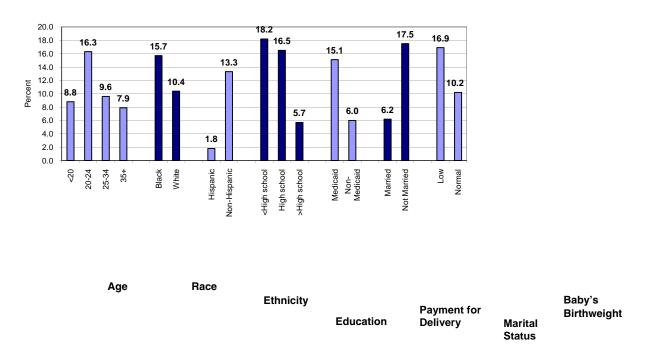
PRAMS asked women about abuse before and during pregnancy. With regard to abuse from a husband or partner, PRAMS did not find significant differences in the percentages reported between the two time periods. However, when examining abuse from an exhusband/ex-partner more women reported abuse before pregnancy when compared with during pregnancy. Regardless of time period or type of partner, unmarried women and women whose deliveries were paid for by Medicaid reported significantly higher percentages of abuse when compared with married women and those whose deliveries were not paid for by Medicaid. Generally younger, less educated women reported higher percentages of abuse than older, more educated women (see tables 17 and 18, Appendix C).

Prevalence of Smoking Before, During and After Pregnancy, 2007



Healthy People 2010 Objective 16-17c is to reduce cigarette smoking to a prevalence of no more than 1 percent among pregnant women. In Illinois, PRAMS found that during the three months before pregnancy, 19.7 percent of women reported they were smoking. This decreased to 10.7 percent during the last three months of pregnancy. After delivery, reported smoking climbed to 14.7 percent. Significant differences were seen when comparing different groups of women (see chart on next page).

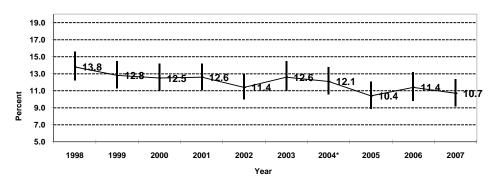
Prevalence of Smoking During the Last Three Months of Pregnancy, 2007 By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics



Women who had given birth to low birthweight babies reported higher percentages of smoking before, during and after pregnancy when compared to women who gave birth to normal birthweight babies. Non-Hispanic women were more likely to smoke during all three time periods when compared to Hispanic women. Black and white women were more likely to smoke than women of other races. Women in their early 20s reported higher percentages of smoking during all three time periods when compared to older women. Women with a high school education or less reported smoking more often during all time periods when compared to women with more than a high school education. Unmarried women and women whose deliveries were paid for by Medicaid reported much higher rates of smoking during all three time periods when compared to married women and women whose deliveries were not paid for by Medicaid. (For more details by sociodemographic characteristics see table 19a, Appendix C).

Prevalence of Smoking During the Last Three Months of Pregnancy, 1998-2007

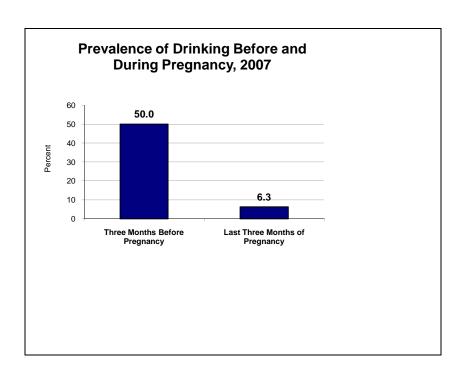
With 95 Percent Confidence Intervals



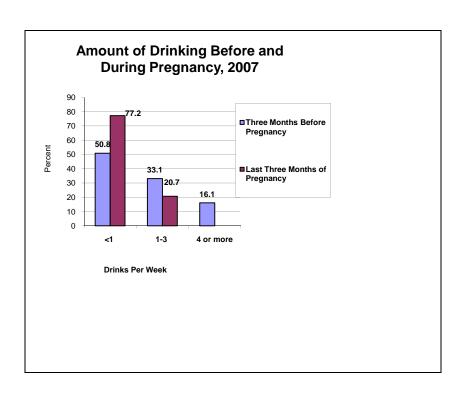
From 1998 to 2005, there was an overall gradual decline in the percentage of reported smoking during pregnancy, with significantly fewer women reporting smoking in 2005 compared with 1998. The overall percentages reported in 2006 and 2007 did not differ significantly from 2005. Among age groups, 25- to 34-year-olds exhibited a pattern most consistent with the overall trend in the table above. During the time period, a declining trend was not seen for the 20- to 24-year-old group and percentages were variable among teens. Women ages 35 and older exhibited nearly steady percentages from 1998 through 2003, followed by the lowest reported percentages from 2004 through 2007. Among races, white women showed a steady pattern of decline, with significantly fewer women reporting smoking in 2007 compared with 1998. Smoking among black women was more variable throughout the period. Non-Hispanic women exhibited a non-significant pattern of decline while Hispanic women reported low rates of smoking (ranging from 1.7% to 4.6%) throughout the entire period. Women with more than a high school education reported steady percentages of smoking during the time period while lesser educated women exhibited more variable patterns. Married women showed a steady and significant decline while unmarried women did not.

Gaps remained between groups from 1998 to 2007 with black and white women more likely to smoke than women of other races, and non-Hispanic women more likely to smoke than Hispanic women. Unmarried women and those with a high school education or less were more likely to smoke than married women and those with more than a high school education. Women whose deliveries were paid for by Medicaid were more likely to smoke than women whose deliveries were not paid for by Medicaid (see tables 19a, 19b and 19c, Appendix C).

^{*}Change in question; see appendix A.

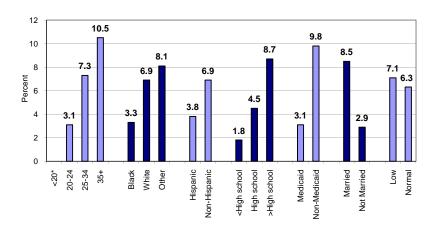


Healthy People 2010 Objective 16-17a is to increase abstinence from alcohol by pregnant women to at least 94 percent. PRAMS asked women about alcohol use just prior to pregnancy and late into pregnancy. In Illinois, half of women reported drinking in the three months before pregnancy while 6.3 percent reported drinking during the last three months of pregnancy.



Women reported drinking more drinks per week prior to pregnancy when compared with during pregnancy. Among women who reported drinking during pregnancy, nearly 98 percent drank three or fewer drinks per week.

Prevalence of Drinking During the Last Three Months of Pregnancy, 2007 By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics

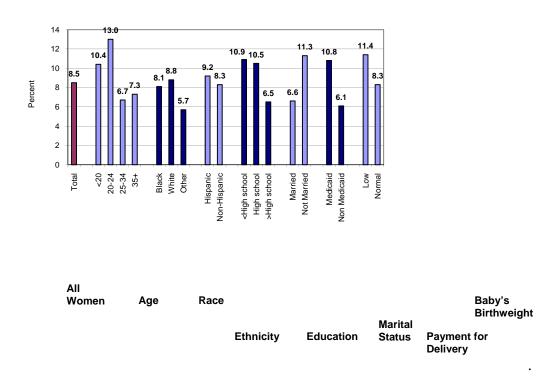




^{*}Fewer than six survey respondents indicated they were drinking during pregnancy

PRAMS found that older women were generally more likely to report drinking during pregnancy than younger women. Women with more than a high school education and married women also were more likely to report drinking when compared to women with a high school education or less, and unmarried women. Women whose deliveries were not paid for by Medicaid reported higher percentages of drinking during pregnancy when compared with women whose deliveries were paid for by Medicaid (see table 20, Appendix C).

Postpartum Depression Diagnosis, 2007 By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics



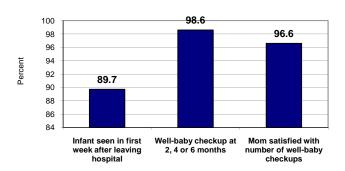
In 2007, the majority (81.5%) of women reported that a health care worker talked with them either during pregnancy or after delivery about "baby blues" or postpartum depression. After the baby was born, 8.5 percent of new mothers indicated to PRAMS that they had been diagnosed with depression. The above chart illustrates differences in reported diagnosis of depression among different groups of women. Unmarried women and women whose deliveries were paid for by Medicaid reported significantly higher rates of depression diagnosis in 2007 when compared with married women and those whose deliveries were not paid for by Medicaid.

Section 4

Infant Care and Health

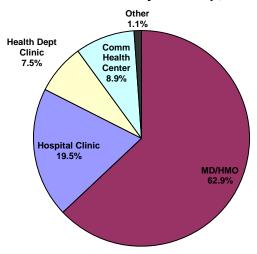


Infant Checkups, 2007

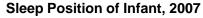


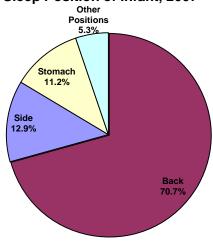
PRAMS asked women about infant checkups and found that 89.7 percent of babies were seen within the first week after leaving the hospital and nearly all babies (98.6%) had a regular health visit at 2, 4 or 6 months of age. Overall, women were satisfied with the number of checkups their babies had.

Place of Well- Baby Checkup, 2007



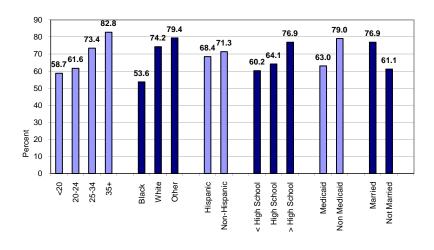
Women were asked where they usually take their babies for well-baby checkups. About three in five indicated they took their baby to a Medical Doctor (MD)/Health Maintenance Organization (HM0). One in five took their baby to a hospital clinic. The remaining women took their babies to community health centers (8.9%), health department clinics (7.5%), or other places (1.1%) for care.





Healthy People 2010 objective 16-13 is to increase the percentage of healthy full-term babies who are put to sleep on their backs to at least 70 percent. Illinois met this objective in 2006 and maintained it in 2007 when 70.7 percent of moms reported putting their babies to sleep on their backs. Certain subpopulations of women did not attain the Healthy People objective, however. Women who did not reach the 70 percent objective were more likely to be young, not married or of black race. They also were more likely to have a high school education or less, and the delivery paid for by Medicaid (see chart on the next page).

Prevalence of Laying Infant on Back to Sleep, 2007 By Selected Maternal Characteristics



Age

Race

Ethnicity

Education

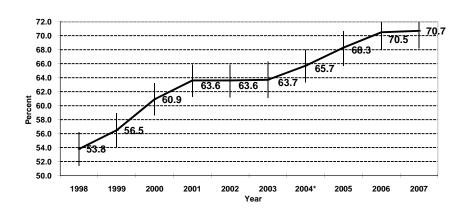
Payment for Marital Status

Delivery

PRAMS found generally that older women were more likely to put their babies to sleep on their backs when compared with younger women. Non-black women were also more likely to put babies to sleep on their backs when compared to black women. Women with more than a high school education were more likely to put their babies to sleep on their backs when compared to less educated women. Women who were married and whose deliveries were not paid for by Medicaid were more likely to put their babies to sleep on their backs when compared to women who were not married and whose deliveries were paid for by Medicaid.

Prevalence of Laying Infant on Back to Sleep, 1998-2007

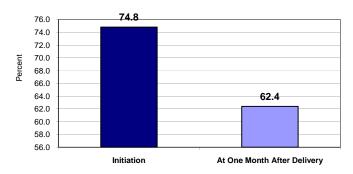
With 95 Percent Confidence Intervals



From 1998 to 2001, there was a steady significant increase in the prevalence of laying infants to sleep on their backs. From 2001 to 2003, the percentage leveled off and was followed by increases in 2004 through 2007. While most subpopulations of women reported increases in putting infants to sleep on their backs during this time period, gaps remained between groups. Older and more educated women reported higher percentages than younger, less educated women. Non-black women continued to report higher percentages than black women. Women who were married or whose deliveries were not paid for by Medicaid reported higher percentages of laying infants down to sleep on their backs than women who were not married or whose deliveries were paid for by Medicaid Starting in 2005, significant differences were not seen when comparing Hispanic with non-Hispanic ethnicity, or when comparing low versus normal birthweight groups (see tables 26a and 26b, Appendix C).

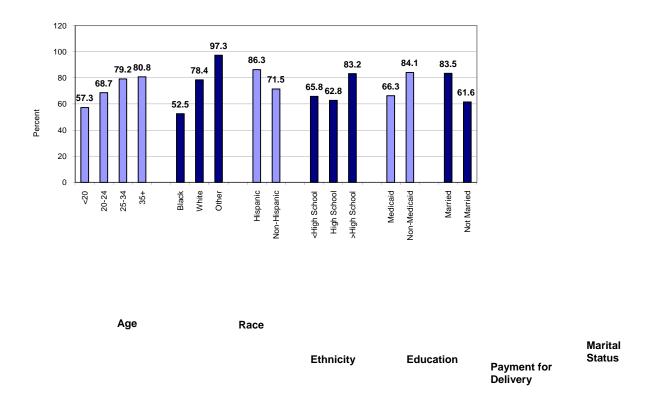
^{*}Change in question; see Appendix A.

Breastfeeding Initiation and Continuation, 2007



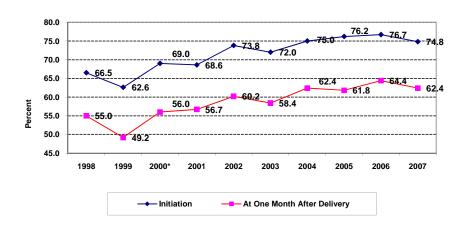
PRAMS found that 74.8 percent of women reported breastfeeding their babies at least once after birth, while 62.4 percent of women were still breastfeeding at one month after delivery.

Breastfeeding Initiation, 2007 By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics



When examining subpopulations of women, many significant differences existed in breastfeeding initiation. Older women and those with more than a high school education had higher initiation rates than younger, less educated women. Non-black and Hispanic women were significantly more likely to breastfeed than black or Non-Hispanic women. Women who were married or whose deliveries were not paid for by Medicaid had significantly higher rates of initiation when compared with unmarried women or those whose deliveries were paid for by Medicaid. Similar patterns could be seen with continuation at one month (see tables 27 and 28, Appendix C).

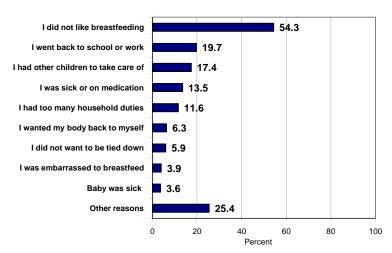
Breastfeeding Initiation and Continuation, 1998-2007



From 1998-2007, breastfeeding initiation and continuation at one month followed similar patterns of fluctuation, while peaking with the highest percentages in 2006. Throughout the period, gaps remained among groups. Older women and those with more than a high school education were more likely to initiate and continue breastfeeding than their younger, less educated counterparts. Non-black and Hispanic women were significantly more likely to breastfeed than black or non-Hispanic women. Married women and women whose deliveries were not paid for by Medicaid were more likely to initiate and continue breastfeeding when compared to unmarried women or those whose deliveries were paid for by Medicaid.

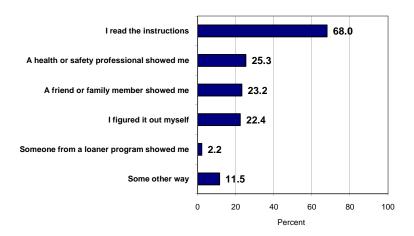
^{*}Change in questions; see appendix A.

Reasons for Not Breastfeeding, 2007



PRAMS provided a list of reasons why women might not initiate breastfeeding and asked women to check all of the reasons that applied to them. The most common reason checked for not breastfeeding was they did not like breastfeeding (54.3%). Other common reasons cited were returning to work or school (19.7%) or caring for other children (17.4%).

How Did You Learn to Install and Use Your Infant Car Seat? (2007)



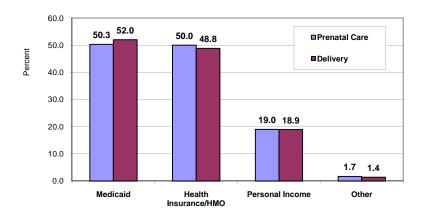
PRAMS asked women if they had an infant car seat for their new baby and nearly all women (99.2%) said "yes." This figure did not vary significantly across subpopulations of women. Women were then given a list and asked to check all of the ways they learned to install and use the car seat. PRAMS found that the majority (68.0%) reported reading the instructions, while 25.3 percent said a health or safety professional showed them how to install the seat.

Section 5

Insurance



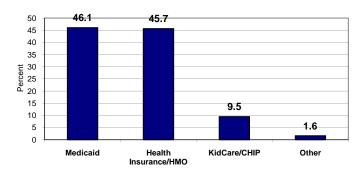
Source of Payment for Prenatal Care and Delivery, 2007



PRAMS asked women how their prenatal care and deliveries were paid. For prenatal care, about 50 percent of women reported using Medicaid and nearly the same percentage indicated they used private health insurance or an HMO. For payment of delivery, 52 percent of women reported using Medicaid while about 49 percent of women reported using private health insurance or an HMO. Nearly one in five women reported using personal income as well to pay for the prenatal care and delivery.

(Note: Percentages do not add up to 100 as more than one type of payment could have been chosen.)

Type of Insurance for Baby, 2007



PRAMS asked women if they had health insurance or Medicaid for their new baby and found that 98.4 percent indicated they had some type of coverage. The above chart shows the type of coverage women had for their new baby. Nearly 46 percent were covered by private health insurance or an HMO, while about 46 percent were covered by Medicaid. KidCare or CHIP was indicated as the insurance type by 9.5 percent of women.

¹ Illinois Department of Public Health. *Women's Oral Health*. n.d. http://www.idph.state.il.us/Health Wellness/oralhlth/oralwomen.htm (accessed February 18, 2009).

² Illinois Department of Public Health. Oral Health: A Link to General Health. 2004.

³ D'Angelo D, Williams L, Morrow B, Cox S, Harris N, Harrison L, Posner SF, Richardson Hood J, Zapata L. Preconception and Interconception Health Status of Women Who Recently Gave Birth to a Live-Born Infant---Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System (PRAMS), United States, 26 Reporting Areas, 2004. In: MMWR Surveillance Summaries December 14, 2007; 56 (SS10): 1-35.

Appendix A Technical Notes

Collection of Data

The data collection for the 2007 Illinois Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System (PRAMS) was conducted by the Illinois Center for Health Statistics, Illinois Department of Public Health.

Illinois uses the standardized data collection methods developed by the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and used by all states participating in PRAMS. Data are collected through mailed surveys with telephone follow-up for non-responders. A systematic stratified random sample of approximately 200 mothers is selected monthly from a frame of eligible birth certificates. At two to six months after delivery, each sampled mother is mailed an introductory letter followed up by a 14-page survey. A reminder letter and a second and third mailing of the survey are sent to those who do not respond. PRAMS interviewers telephone mothers who do not respond to any of the mailed surveys to administer the survey by telephone. Surveys are available in both English and Spanish, and telephone interviews were conducted in both languages.

A total of 2,421 women were eligible to participate in the study in 2007; 1,744 women actually participated. Sample numbers, response rates and weighted estimates by selected characteristics are presented in Appendix B.

Sampling Design

A systematic stratified random sampling design is used to oversample low birthweight (<2,500 grams) births. The sample is divided into two strata: low birthweight (less than 2,500 grams) and normal birthweight (2,500 grams or greater). The weighted response rates in 2007 were as follows:

Overall, 72.7 percent Low birthweight, 69.1 percent Normal birthweight, 73.0 percent

Weighting and Interpretation of Results

Statistics in this report are based on weighted data. The weights were developed by CDC to adjust for sample design, non-response patterns and omissions from the sampling frame. The final sampling weight used in the analysis of the survey data is the product of these three elements. Weighting is necessary to give unbiased estimates of population parameters.

Percentages, standard errors and the 95 percent confidence intervals were calculated using SUDAAN software. Confidence intervals were used to determine significance of trends. All missing observations were excluded. Missing values equal to or exceeding 10 percent are noted. Estimates for subpopulations in which there were fewer than 32 respondents are not reported, as they may be imprecise and biased. Estimates for response categories with fewer than six respondents are not reported, as they may be unstable.

PRAMS data are representative of Illinois resident women, age 14 years or older, who have given live birth in Illinois. The data are not applicable to all pregnant women. Women younger than 18 years of age were not asked questions about physical abuse.

Periodically, the PRAMS survey undergoes a major revision during which questions may be modified, dropped or new questions added. Such revisions occurred in the years 2000 and 2004. Changes associated with each survey phase are noted throughout this document when multi-year data are presented. Specific wording changes are presented below:

HIV Testing

Phase 3 and 4 Question (1998-2003)

At any time during your most recent pregnancy or delivery, did you have blood test for HIV (the virus that causes AIDS)?

No

Yes

I don't know

Phase 5 Question (2004-2006)

At any time during your most recent pregnancy or delivery, did you have a test for HIV (the virus that causes AIDS)?

No

Yes

I don't know

Smoking During Pregnancy

Phase 3 and 4 Question (1998-2003)

In the last three months of your pregnancy, how many cigarettes or packs of cigarettes did you smoke on an average day? (A pack has 20 cigarettes.)

____Cigarettes **OR** ____ Packs

Less than 1 cigarette a day

I didn't smoke

I don't know

Phase 5 Question (2004-2006)

In the last three months of your pregnancy, how many cigarettes did you smoke on an average day? (A pack has 20 cigarettes.)

41 cigarettes or more

21 to 40 cigarettes

11 to 20 cigarettes

6 to 10 cigarettes

1 to 5 cigarettes

Less than 1 cigarette

None (0 cigarettes)

Breastfeeding Initiation and Duration

Phase 3 Question (1998, 1999):
For how many weeks did you breastfeed your new baby?
Weeks
I didn't breastfeed my baby
I breastfed less than one week
I'm still breastfeeding
Phase 4 and 5 Questions (2000-2006):
Did you ever breastfeed or pump breast milk to feed your new baby after delivery?
No
Yes
How many weeks or months did you breastfeed or pump milk to feed your baby? Weeks ORMonthsLess than 1 week
Infant Sleep Position
Phase 3 Question (1998, 1999):
How do you put your new baby down to sleep most of the time? Check one answer.
On his or her side
On his or her back
On his or her stomach
Phase 4 and 5 Question (2000-2006):
How do you most often lay your baby down to sleep now? Check one answer.
On his or her side
On his or her back
On his or her stomach

Appendix BSample Numbers, Response Rates and Weighted Estimates by Selected Characteristics Illinois PRAMS, 2007

Characteristic	Number Sampled	Number of Respondents	Unweighted Percent Responding	Weighted Estimate*
All	2,421	1,744	72.0	172,553
Age				
< 20 years	263	173	65.8	18,380
20-24 years	513	345	67.3	36,732
25-34 years	1,276	956	74.9	92,937
35+ years	369	270	73.2	24,503
Race				
White	1,750	1,331	76.1	129,632
Black	503	294	58.4	32,173
Other	167	118	70.7	10,639
Hispanic Ethnicity				
Hispanic	544	384	70.6	39,179
Non-Hispanic	1,875	1,359	72.5	133,243
Education				
< High School	499	316	63.3	33,215
High School	621	420	67.6	43,014
> High School	1,266	986	77.9	93,633
Marital Status				
Married	1,404	1,088	77.5	103,887
Unmarried	1,017	656	64.5	68,666
Birthweight				
Low (<2,500 grams)	612	423	69.1	12,702
Normal (>=2,500 grams)	1,809	1,321	73.0	159,851

^{*}For respondents: weighted estimate in population

Appendix C Detailed Tables

Table 1Intendedness of Pregnancy, 2007

	Percent	Standard Error	95% CI *
Wanted sooner	17.9	1.0	16.0-19.9
Wanted later	33.4	1.2	31.0-35.9
Wanted then	39.2	1.3	36.7-41.7
Didn't want then or at anytime in future	9.5	0.8	8.1-11.2

^{*} Confidence interval

Table 2aUnintended Pregnancy, 2003-2007
By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics

		2003			2004			2005			2006			2007	
		Standard			Standard			Standard			Standard			Standard	
	Percent	Error	95% CI *												
Total	43.8	1.4	41.1-46.5	41.3	1.2	38.9-43.8	42.2	1.3	39.6-44.8	41.7	1.3	39.1-44.4	42.9	1.3	40.4-45.5
Age															
< 20 years	77.9	3.5	70.2-84.1	75.0	3.7	67.2-81.5	75.7	3.5	68.1-81.9	77.4	3.6	69.5-83.7	80.6	3.3	73.3-86.3
20-24 years	61.9	2.7	56.6-67.0	58.5	2.7	53.1-63.6	58.1	2.9	52.4-63.6	55.1	2.9	49.3-60.7	60.1	2.8	54.5-65.5
25-34 years	31.2	1.8	27.8-34.7	33.5	1.6	30.5-36.7	33.0	1.8	29.7-36.6	35.8	1.7	32.5-39.3	33.9	1.7	30.7-37.3
35+ years	31.7	3.5	25.2-39.1	26.2	2.8	21.1-32.0	27.9	3.1	22.3-34.4	19.7	2.7	14.9-25.6	22.4	2.9	17.3-28.7
Race															
Black	69.1	3.2	62.5-75.0	71.4	2.8	65.5-76.6	69.6	3.1	63.2-75.3	67.5	3.3	60.7-73.7	68.5	3.1	62.1-74.3
White	39.3	1.5	36.4-42.3	34.9	1.3	32.3-37.5	36.3	1.4	33.5-39.2	36.8	1.4	34.0-39.6	37.7	1.4	34.9-40.5
Other	25.8	5.5	16.5-37.9	36.2	5.7	25.8-48.0	31.9	6.2	21.2-45.0	29.7	5.3	20.5-40.9	29.2	4.6	21.0-39.0
Hispanic Ethnicity															
Hispanic	45.2	2.7	40.0-50.6	42.5	2.5	37.7-47.6	44.2	2.6	39.1-49.4	44.0	2.5	39.2-49.0	47.5	2.8	42.1-52.9
Non-Hispanic	43.3	1.6	40.3-46.4	41.0	1.4	38.2-43.8	41.6	1.6	38.6-44.7	40.9	1.6	37.8-44.0	41.7	1.5	38.8-44.6
Education															
< High School	57.4	2.9	51.7-62.9	52.2	2.8	46.7-57.7	53.7	2.9	48.0-59.3	51.5	3.0	45.8-57.3	58.8	3.1	52.7-64.6
High School	56.1	2.6	50.9-61.1	53.4	2.5	48.5-58.3	57.1	2.7	51.8-62.2	51.3	2.7	46.0-56.6	54.7	2.6	49.5-59.8
> High School	30.5	1.8	27.1-34.1	31.4	1.6	28.4-34.6	30.2	1.7	27.0-33.7	32.8	1.7	29.5-36.3	31.5	1.6	28.4-34.7
Marital Status															
Married	29.5	1.6	26.5-32.7	28.1	1.4	25.5-30.9	25.8	1.5	22.9-28.8	26.9	1.5	24.2-29.9	27.1	1.5	24.3-30.1
Other	68.0	2.1	63.7-72.0	65.3	2.0	61.3-69.2	67.6	2.0	63.5-71.5	66.6	2.1	62.3-70.7	67.1	2.0	63.0-70.9
Payment for															
Delivery	61.0	2.0	57.1-64.8	58.3	1.8	54.7-61.8	58.1	1.9	54.4-61.7	57.2	1.0	52.5.61.0	50.2	1.0	55 6 60 7
Medicaid	28.6	1.7	25.3-32.0	26.9	1.5	24.1-30.0	25.7	1.9	22.6-29.2	57.3	1.9	53.5-61.0	59.2	1.8	55.6-62.7
Other	∠6.0	1./	23.3-32.0	20.9	1.3	24.1-30.0	23.1	1./	22.0-29.2	26.3	1.6	23.2-29.7	25.4	1.6	22.3-28.7
Birthweight															
Low	46.1	2.4	41.4-50.9	44.8	2.2	40.6-49.2	48.4	2.4	43.7-53.1	43.3	2.3	38.8-47.9	46.3	2.5	41.5-51.1
Normal	43.6	1.5	40.8-46.5	41.0	1.3	38.5-43.7	41.7	1.4	38.9-44.5	41.6	1.4	38.8-44.4	42.7	1.4	40.0-45.4

^{*}Confidence interval

Table 2bUnintended Pregnancy, 1998-2002
By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics

		1998			1999			2000			2001			2002	
		Standard			Standard			Standard			Standard			Standard	
	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *
Total	40.0	1.2	37.7-42.4	44.5	1.2	42.2-47.0	42.9	1.2	40.6-45.3	46.2	1.2	43.9-48.6	43.0	1.2	40.7-45.4
Age															
< 20 years	73.7	2.9	67.7-79.0	84.4	2.6	78.5-88.8	75.0	3.2	68.3-80.7	77.7	2.9	71.6-82.9	73.7	3.2	67.0-79.5
20-24 years	51.7	2.7	46.5-56.9	58.6	2.5	53.6-63.4	60.2	2.5	55.1-65.0	60.9	2.5	55.9-65.7	61.8	2.5	56.8-66.6
25-34 years	29.0	1.6	26.0-32.2	31.7	1.6	28.7-34.8	32.7	1.6	29.7-35.8	36.0	1.6	32.9-39.3	32.2	1.6	29.1-35.4
35+ years	26.3	3.2	20.6-32.9	28.4	3.1	22.6-34.9	26.3	2.8	21.2-32.2	33.1	2.9	27.6-39.1	27.9	2.9	22.6-33.8
Race															
Black	69.7	2.6	64.4-74.5	76.8	2.4	71.7-81.1	71.5	2.6	66.2-76.3	73.9	2.5	68.6-78.6	70.7	2.7	65.1-75.7
White	32.9	1.4	30.3-35.6	36.6	1.4	33.9-39.3	36.1	1.3	33.6-38.7	39.8	1.3	37.3-42.4	37.4	1.3	34.8-40.0
Other	29.7	8.2	16.4-47.6	34.5	5.3	24.9-45.6	41.7	6.6	29.7-54.9	35.9	5.6	25.8-47.4	35.6	6.0	24.9-47.9
Hispanic Ethnicity															
Hispanic	35.9	2.7	30.8-41.3	43.3	2.8	37.9-48.9	41.7	2.6	36.7-46.7	44.5	2.5	39.6-49.5	48.1	2.5	43.2-53.1
Non-Hispanic	41.0	1.3	38.4-43.6	44.9	1.4	42.2-47.6	43.3	1.4	40.7-46.0	46.8	1.4	44.1-49.5	41.5	1.4	38.8-44.3
Education															
< High School	54.3	2.8	48.8-59.6	60.6	2.7	55.2-65.8	55.1	2.7	49.7-60.3	62.0	2.6	56.8-66.8	59.2	2.7	53.9-64.3
High School	49.7	2.3	45.2-54.1	53.7	2.3	49.1-58.2	55.3	2.2	51.0-59.6	52.6	2.2	48.2-56.9	54.9	2.4	50.2-59.6
> High School	27.6	1.6	24.6-30.8	31.5	1.6	28.4-34.7	29.9	1.6	27.0-33.1	35.3	1.6	32.1-38.6	30.3	1.6	27.3-33.4
Marital Status															
Married	24.7	1.3	22.2-27.5	28.0	1.3	25.4-30.7	29.1	1.3	26.6-31.8	31.7	1.4	29.0-34.5	27.8	1.4	25.2-30.6
Other	70.5	2.0	66.6-74.2	73.3	1.9	69.4-76.8	68.8	2.0	64.7-72.5	71.0	1.8	67.3-74.4	69.5	1.9	65.7-73.1
Payment for Delivery															
Medicaid	59.4	2.1	55.3-63.3	67.6	2.0	63.6-71.3	63.3	1.9	59.4-67.0	64.7	1.8	61.1-68.2	61.1	1.8	57.4-64.6
Other	29.7	1.4	26.9-32.5	31.1	1.4	28.4-33.9	30.2	1.4	27.6-33.0	33.2	1.5	30.4-36.1	29.3	1.5	26.4-32.2
Birthweight															
Low	48.2	2.4	43.5-52.8	53.3	2.9	47.6-58.8	47.5	2.4	42.9-52.1	48.2	2.3	43.8-52.7	46.2	2.3	41.6-50.8
Normal	39.4	1.3	43.3-32.8 37.0-41.9	33.3 43.9	1.5	40.9-46.8	47.3	1.3	40.1-45.1	46.1	1.3	43.6-48.6	40.2	1.3	40.3-45.4
rvorniai	37.4	1.3	37.0-41.9	43.9	1.3	40.7-40.8	42.0	1.3	40.1-43.1	40.1	1.3	43.0-46.0	42.0	1.3	40.3-43.4

^{*} Confidence interval

Table 3
Use of Birth Control at Conception
Among Unintended Pregnancies, 2007

	Percent	Standard Error	95% CI *
Using	55.9	2.2	51.6-60.0
Not Using	44.1	2.2	40.0-48.4

^{*}Confidence interval

Table 4Reasons for Not Using Birth Control at Conception
Among Unintended Pregnancies, 2007

	D .	Standard	050/ GT #
	Percent	Error	95% CI *
Thought she could not get pregnant	23.5	2.6	18.8-29.1
Did not mind if she got pregnant	29.7	2.8	24.5-35.5
Other reasons	15.9	2.3	11.9-20.9
Had side effects from birth control measures	14.1	2.2	10.4-19.0
Husband or partner did not want to use any birth control	11.7	1.9	8.4-16.1
Had problems getting birth control when she needed	7.5	1.6	4.9-11.4
Thought she or her husband or partner was sterile	7.1	1.7	4.5-11.1

^{*} Confidence interval

Table 5Trimester When Prenatal Care Was Started, 2007

	Percent	Standard Error	95% CI *
1st trimester	80.3	1.1	78.2-82.4
2nd trimester	17.7	1.0	15.7-19.8
3rd trimester	1.3	0.3	0.8-2.0
No Prenatal Care	0.7	0.2	0.4-1.4

^{*} Confidence interval

Table 6Initiation of Prenatal Care in the First Trimester, 2007
By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics

		Standard	
	Percent	Error	95% CI *
Total	80.3	1.1	78.2-82.4
Age			
< 20 years	53.2	4.3	44.8-61.5
20-24 years	74.4	2.5	69.2-79.1
25-34 years	85.0	1.3	82.3-87.4
35+ years	91.0	2.0	86.3-94.2
Race			
Black	65.5	3.2	59.0-71.4
White	83.4	1.1	81.0-85.5
Other	88.9	3.1	81.2-93.7
Hispanic Ethnicity			
Hispanic	72.5	2.5	67.3-77.2
Non-Hispanic	82.6	1.2	80.2-84.8
Education			
< High School	59.7	3.1	53.5-65.6
High School	75.9	2.4	71.0-80.2
> High School	89.3	1.1	87.0-91.2
Marital Status			
Married	89.3	1.0	87.1-91.1
Other	66.7	2.1	62.6-70.6
Payment for Delivery			
Medicaid	68.6	1.8	65.0-71.9
Other	92.9	1.0	90.8-94.6
Birthweight			
Low	80.3	2.0	76.0-83.9
Normal	80.3	1.2	78.0-82.5

^{*} Confidence interval

Table 7Problems Getting Prenatal Care, 2007

	Percent	Standard Error	95% CI *
I couldn't get an appointment when I wanted one	10.3	0.8	8.8-12.0
I didn't have my Medicaid card I didn't have enough money or insurance to pay for the	8.9	0.8	7.5-10.6
visit	8.3	0.8	6.9-9.9
I had no way to get to the office or clinic	5.9	0.7	4.8-7.4
I couldn't take time off from work	4.9	0.6	3.9-6.2
My health plan would not start as early as I wanted	5.6	0.6	4.5-6.9
I had no one to take care of my children	4.9	0.6	3.8-6.1
Other	6.1	0.8	4.8-7.8
I didn't want anyone to know I was pregnant	4.8	0.6	3.8-6.1
I had too many other things going on	3.1	0.5	2.3-4.2

^{*}Confidence interval

Table 8Topics Discussed by Health Care Professionals
During Prenatal Care Visits, 2007

		Standard	
	Percent	Error	95% CI *
Genetic screening	90.5	0.8	88.8-91.9
Safe medications during pregnancy	89.7	0.8	88.0-91.1
Early labor	87.3	0.9	85.5-88.8
Asked if mom is drinking alcohol	83.7	1.0	81.7-85.4
HIV testing	82.8	1.0	80.8-84.6
Breastfeeding the baby	83.9	1.0	82.0-85.7
Birth control methods after pregnancy	81.2	1.0	79.1-83.1
How much weight to gain during pregnancy	78.1	1.1	75.9-80.2
How drinking alcohol could affect baby	77.3	1.1	75.0-79.3
Smoking during pregnancy	76.9	1.1	74.7-79.0
Use of illegal drugs during pregnancy	69.8	1.2	67.4-72.1
Use of seat belt during pregnancy	60.5	1.3	57.9-62.9
Physical abuse by intimate partner	53.7	1.3	51.1-56.3

^{*}Confidence interval

Table 9Knowledge About Folic Acid, 2007
By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics

		Standard	
	Percent	Error	95% CI *
Total	80.8	1.0	78.7-82.8
Age			
< 20 years	61.8	4.1	53.5-69.3
20-24 years	72.4	2.6	67.0-77.2
25-34 years	85.4	1.3	82.8-87.7
35+ years	90.3	1.9	85.8-93.5
Race			
Black	63.9	3.2	57.5-69.9
White	84.5	1.1	82.3-86.5
Other	86.9	3.4	78.8-92.2
Hispanic Ethnicity			
Hispanic	80.9	2.1	76.4-84.7
Non-Hispanic	80.8	1.2	78.3-83.0
Education			
< High School	71.1	2.8	65.3-76.3
High School	73.7	2.3	68.9-78.0
> High School	87.5	1.2	85.1-89.6
Marital Status			
Married	90.0	1.0	87.9-91.7
Other	66.9	2.0	62.8-70.7
Payment for Delivery			
Medicaid	72.6	1.7	69.2-75.7
Other	89.6	1.1	87.3-91.6
Birthweight			
Low	76.5	2.1	72.1-80.4
Normal	81.1	1.1	78.9-83.2

^{*}Confidence interval

Table 10Oral Health Care During Pregnancy, By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics, 2007

	Needed to See a Dentist for a Problem			Dental/Health Care of	Care Worker S		Visited Dentist or Dental Clinic		
		Standard			Standard			Standard	
	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *
Total	24.1	1.1	21.9-26.4	41.9	1.3	39.4-44.5	38.6	1.3	36.1-41.1
Age									
< 20 years	21.7	3.5	15.5-29.4	38.8	4.1	31.1-47.1	27.5	3.7	20.8-35.4
20-24 years	27.1	2.6	22.3-32.4	37.9	2.8	32.6-43.6	27.4	2.6	22.6-32.7
25-34 years	23.7	1.5	20.9-26.8	42.4	1.8	39.0-45.8	41.0	1.7	37.6-44.4
35+ years	22.7	2.9	17.6-28.8	48.5	3.4	41.9-55.1	55.4	3.4	48.7-61.9
Race									
Black	28.9	3.0	23.4-35.2	44.3	3.3	38.0-50.8	25.4	2.9	20.2-31.4
White	23.1	1.3	20.7-25.6	41.9	1.5	39.1-44.8	42.5	1.5	39.7-45.4
Other	21.5	4.1	14.5-30.5	34.9	4.8	26.1-44.9	31.3	4.7	22.9-41.2
Hispanic Ethnicity									
Hispanic	23.4	2.4	19.1-28.4	28.4	2.5	23.8-33.6	24.0	2.4	19.6-28.9
Non-Hispanic	24.2	1.3	21.8-26.8	45.7	1.5	42.8-48.6	42.6	1.5	39.8-45.5
Education									
< High School	30.7	2.9	25.3-36.7	34.1	3.0	28.5-40.3	24.9	2.8	19.9-30.7
High School	23.7	2.2	19.5-28.3	36.4	2.6	31.6-41.6	26.8	2.3	22.4-31.6
> High School	21.7	1.4	19.0-24.6	47.5	1.7	44.1-50.9	49.0	1.7	45.7-52.4
Marital Status									
Married	20.3	1.3	17.8-23.0	44.1	1.6	40.9-47.3	46.5	1.6	43.3-49.7
Other	29.8	2.0	26.1-33.8	38.7	2.1	34.6-42.9	26.6	1.9	23.0-30.4
Payment for Delivery									
Medicaid	29.8	1.7	26.6-33.2	35.6	1.8	32.2-39.2	24.6	1.6	21.6-27.8
Other	17.9	1.4	15.2-20.9	48.7	1.8	45.1-52.3	53.5	1.8	49.9-57.1
D. 4									
Birthweight	24.5	2.2	20.7.26.2	45.0	2.5	41.0.50.5	40.6	2 1	262.453
Low	24.7	2.2	20.7-29.2	45.8	2.5	41.0-50.6	40.9	2.4	36.3-45.8
Normal	24.0	1.2	21.7-26.5	41.6	1.4	38.9-44.3	38.4	1.4	35.8-41.1

^{*}Confidence interval

Table 11WIC Participation, 2007
By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics

	Participat	ion During l	Pregnancy	Participation After Delivery			
		Standard			Standard		
	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *	
Total	44.6	1.3	42.0-47.1	52.0	1.3	49.4-54.5	
Age							
< 20 years	82.1	3.2	74.9-87.5	93.4	2.1	87.9-96.5	
20-24 years	68.8	2.6	63.4-73.7	77.1	2.4	72.2-81.4	
25-34 years	32.7	1.7	29.5-36.0	39.9	1.7	36.5-43.3	
35+ years	25.3	3.0	19.9-31.6	29.5	3.2	23.7-36.0	
Race							
Black	72.6	2.9	66.5-78.0	90.7	1.9	86.1-93.9	
White	39.3	1.4	36.6-42.2	44.4	1.5	41.5-47.3	
Other	23.6	4.3	16.3-32.9	28.9	4.6	20.7-38.7	
Hispanic Ethnicity							
Hispanic	70.7	2.5	65.6-75.3	81.8	2.1	77.4-85.5	
Non-Hispanic	37.0	1.5	34.2-39.8	43.3	1.5	40.4-46.2	
Education							
< High School	78.6	2.5	73.2-83.1	89.3	1.9	84.9-92.5	
High School	65.9	2.5	60.9-70.5	75.9	2.2	71.3-79.9	
> High School	22.5	1.5	19.8-25.5	28.1	1.6	25.1-31.3	
Marital Status							
Married	25.4	1.4	22.6-28.3	28.4	1.5	25.5-31.4	
Other	73.8	1.9	70.0-77.3	88.1	1.3	85.2-90.5	
Payment for Delivery							
Medicaid	77.8	1.5	74.7-80.6	89.0	1.1	86.6-91.0	
Other	8.8	1.1	6.9-11.1	12.2	1.3	10.0-14.9	
Birthweight							
Low	50.8	2.4	46.1-55.6	61.2	2.4	56.3-65.8	
Normal	30.8 44.1	1.4	41.4-46.8	51.3	1.4	48.6-54.0	
Norman	→+.1	1.4	71.7-40.0	51.5	1.4	+0.0-J4.0	

^{*}Confidence interval

Table 12aHIV Testing During Pregnancy, 2007
By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics

*Confidence interval

	Tested				Not Tested		Don't Know If Tested		
		Standard			Standard			Standard	
	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *
Total	78.4	1.1	76.3-80.4	14.3	0.9	12.7-16.2	7.3	0.7	6.1-8.7
Age									
< 20 years	85.6	2.9	79.0-90.3	10.0	2.4	6.1-15.9	4.4	1.7	2.1-9.1
20-24 years	83.2	2.1	78.7-87.0	7.9	1.5	5.5-11.4	8.8	1.6	6.1-12.6
25-34 years	75.6	1.5	72.6-78.4	17.2	1.3	14.8-19.9	7.2	0.9	5.6-9.2
35+ years	76.5	2.9	70.4-81.7	16.2	2.6	11.8-21.8	7.3	1.7	4.6-11.4
Race									
Black	91.9	1.8	87.6-94.8	4.9	1.4	2.7-8.6	3.2	1.2	1.6-6.5
White	75.2	1.3	72.6-77.6	16.5	1.1	14.4-18.7	8.4	0.8	6.9-10.1
Other	76.7	4.2	67.5-84.0	17.1	3.8	11.0-25.7	6.2	2.4	2.8-13.0
Hispanic Ethnicity									
Hispanic	79.0	2.2	74.3-83.0	13.5	1.9	10.2-17.7	7.5	1.4	5.2-10.8
Non-Hispanic	78.3	1.2	75.8-80.5	14.6	1.0	12.7-16.7	7.2	0.8	5.8-8.8
Education									
< High School	82.7	2.3	77.7-86.8	11.4	2.0	8.0-15.9	5.9	1.4	3.7-9.3
High School	80.5	2.1	76.1-84.2	11.2	1.6	8.4-14.8	8.3	1.4	5.9-11.6
> High School	75.7	1.5	72.7-78.5	17.0	1.3	14.6-19.7	7.3	0.9	5.7-9.3
Marital Status									
Married	74.6	1.4	71.8-77.3	17.4	1.2	15.1-19.9	8.0	0.9	6.4-9.9
Other	84.1	1.5	80.9-86.9	9.7	1.3	7.5-12.5	6.2	1.0	4.5-8.4
Payment for Delivery									
Medicaid	81.2	1.4	78.2-83.9	11.0	1.2	9.0-13.5	7.8	1.0	6.1-9.9
Other	75.4	1.6	72.3-78.4	17.8	1.4	15.3-20.7	6.7	0.9	5.1-8.7
Birthweight									
Low	82.9	1.8	79.0-86.1	10.7	1.5	8.2-14.0	6.4	1.2	4.4-9.2
Normal	78.1	1.1	75.8-80.2	14.6	1.0	12.8-16.6	7.3	0.7	6.0-8.9
	70.1	1.1	75.0 00.2	11.0	1.0	12.0 10.0	7.5	0.7	0.0 0.7

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Table 12bPrevalence of HIV Testing During Pregnancy, 2003-2006
By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics

		2003			2004*	*		2005			2006	
	Percent	Standard Error	95% CI *	Percent	Standard Error	95% CI*	Percent	Standard Error	95% CI*	Percent	Standard Error	95% CI*
Total	66.9	1.3	64.4-69.4	70.0	1.1	67.7-72.2	80.5	1.1	78.4-82.5	77.2	1.1	74.9-79.3
Age												
< 20 years	75.1	3.7	67.1-81.7	77.5	3.6	69.6-83.8	87.0	2.8	80.5-91.5	82.4	3.3	75.0-88.0
20-24 years	73.5	2.4	68.5-77.9	75.4	2.3	70.5-79.7	84.7	2.1	80.1-88.3	81.6	2.3	76.7-85.6
25-34 years	64.0	1.8	60.3-67.5	70.2	1.5	67.2-73.1	77.6	1.5	74.4-80.5	75.7	1.5	72.5-78.6
35+ years	59.7	3.7	52.3-66.7	57.2	3.1	50.9-63.1	80.4	2.7	74.5-85.2	72.9	3.0	66.6-78.4
Race												
Black	82.1	2.6	76.4-86.7	84.0	2.3	78.9-88.1	89.7	2.0	85.0-93.0	90.6	2.0	85.8-93.9
White	63.9	1.5	61.0-66.8	66.8	1.3	64.2-69.3	78.7	1.2	76.1-81.0	74.9	1.3	72.3-77.4
Other	61.4	6.3	48.6-72.8	70.7	5.3	59.4-79.8	75.6	5.6	63.1-84.8	66.1	5.4	54.8-75.7
Hispanic Ethnicity												
Hispanic	71.4	2.5	66.4-76.0	76.7	2.2	72.2-80.7	85.2	1.9	81.1-88.6	75.3	2.3	70.6-79.4
Non-Hispanic	65.4	1.5	62.4-68.3	68.0	1.3	65.3-70.5	79.1	1.3	76.5-81.4	77.9	1.3	75.2-80.3
Education												
< High School	75.7	2.5	70.6-80.2	78.7	2.3	73.9-82.8	83.9	2.1	79.4-87.7	74.7	2.6	69.2-79.5
High School	71.1	2.4	66.2-75.5	73.4	2.2	68.9-77.5	80.5	2.1	76.0-84.3	79.2	2.2	74.6-83.1
> High School	60.6	1.9	56.8-64.2	65.1	1.6	61.9-68.2	79.0	1.5	75.9-81.8	77.3	1.5	74.2-80.1
Marital Status												
Married	61.2	1.7	57.9-64.4	63.9	1.5	60.9-66.7	76.9	1.5	73.9-79.6	73.8	1.5	70.9-76.6
Other	76.6	1.9	72.7-80.2	81.1	1.7	77.7-84.2	86.1	1.5	83.0-88.8	82.8	1.7	79.3-85.9
Payment for Delivery												
Medicaid	74.6	1.7	71.0-77.8	77.6	1.5	74.5-80.5	83.2	1.4	80.2-85.8	80.7	1.5	77.5-83.5
Other	60.1	1.8	56.4-63.6	63.5	1.6	60.3-66.6	77.8	1.6	74.5-80.8	73.6	1.6	70.3-76.7
Birthweight												
Low	68.4	2.3	63.9-72.6	72.7	1.9	68.8-76.3	81.3	1.9	77.3-84.7	79.2	1.9	75.2-82.7
Normal	66.8	1.4	64.1-69.4	69.8	1.2	67.3-72.1	80.5	1.1	78.2-82.6	77.0	1.2	74.6-79.3

^{*}Confidence interval ** Question changed in 2004

Table12cPrevalence of HIV Testing During Pregnancy, 1998-2002
By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics

		1998			1999			2000			2001			2002	
		Standard			Standard			Standard			Standard			Standard	
	Percent	Error	95% CI *												
Total	64.4	1.2	62.1-66.6	72.4	1.1	70.3-74.4	70.7	1.1	68.5-72.8	71.4	1.1	69.2-73.4	73.1	1.1	70.9-75.2
Age															
< 20 years	78.6	2.7	73.0-83.4	79.5	2.8	73.4-84.5	81.0	2.8	74.9-85.9	80.6	2.7	74.7-85.3	76.9	3.1	70.3-82.4
20-24 years	69.1	2.4	64.2-73.6	78.4	2.0	74.2-82.0	74.3	2.3	69.6-78.4	76.3	2.2	71.8-80.3	81.0	2.0	76.7-84.6
25-34 years	60.4	1.7	57.1-63.7	68.7	1.5	65.7-71.7	67.9	1.5	64.8-70.8	68.9	1.5	65.8-71.9	72.3	1.5	69.2-75.2
35+ years	56.7	3.4	50.0-63.2	68.3	3.0	62.1-73.9	66.6	2.9	60.6-72.1	64.7	2.9	58.8-70.2	60.4	3.1	54.1-66.3
Race															
Black	76.8	2.3	72.0-81.0	84.7	2.0	80.3-88.2	80.9	2.2	76.2-84.8	87.8	1.8	83.7-91.0	87.9	2.0	83.5-91.3
White	61.5	1.4	58.8-64.1	69.2	1.3	66.7-71.6	68.2	1.3	65.6-70.6	67.3	1.3	64.8-69.8	69.9	1.3	67.4-72.4
Other	56.1	8.0	40.3-70.7	72.4	4.9	61.9-80.8	71.2	6.1	58.1-81.5	69.7	5.2	58.5-78.9	69.8	5.6	57.8-79.6
Hispanic Ethnicity															
Hispanic	65.1	2.6	59.8-70.0	78.3	2.3	73.5-82.4	73.3	2.3	68.6-77.5	76.6	2.2	72.0-80.5	79.1	2.0	74.8-82.8
Non-Hispanic	64.2	1.3	61.6-66.7	70.9	1.2	68.5-73.2	69.9	1.2	67.4-72.3	69.8	1.2	67.4-72.2	71.1	1.3	68.5-73.5
Education															
< High School	72.9	2.4	67.9-77.3	78.1	2.2	73.6-82.0	78.3	2.2	73.6-82.3	76.4	2.2	71.8-80.5	80.6	2.1	76.1-84.4
High School	65.0	2.1	60.8-69.0	74.3	1.9	70.3-77.9	72.6	2.0	68.5-76.2	73.9	1.9	69.9-77.5	75.0	2.1	70.6-78.9
> High School	60.4	1.7	57.0-63.6	68.6	1.6	65.5-71.6	66.0	1.6	62.8-69.0	67.2	1.6	64.0-70.3	69.4	1.6	66.2-72.4
Marital Status															
Married	58.1	1.5	55.2-61.0	67.1	1.4	64.4-69.7	64.7	1.4	62.0-67.4	66.2	1.4	63.4-68.9	68.3	1.4	65.5-71.1
Other	76.9	1.8	73.2-80.2	81.5	1.6	78.1-84.4	81.6	1.6	78.2-84.6	80.2	1.6	76.9-83.1	81.3	1.6	77.9-84.3
Payment for Delivery															
Medicaid	72.4	1.9	68.6-75.9	79.1	1.6	75.7-82.1	80.2	1.6	76.9-83.1	78.8	1.5	75.6-81.7	79.6	1.5	76.4-82.4
Other	60.3	1.5	57.4-63.2	68.5	1.4	65.8-71.2	64.9	1.4	62.1-67.6	66.1	1.5	63.2-68.9	68.1	1.5	65.1-71.0
Onoi	00.5	1.3	37.4 03.2	00.5	1.7	55.0 71.2	04.7	1.7	52.1 07.0	00.1	1.3	05.2 00.7	00.1	1.5	03.1 71.0
Birthweight															
Low	71.8	2.1	67.5-75.8	72.7	2.5	67.5-77.3	73.4	2.1	69.2-77.3	73.0	2.0	68.9-76.8	77.7	1.9	73.7-81.2
Normal	63.8	1.2	61.4-66.2	72.9	1.3	70.3-75.3	70.5	1.2	68.1-72.7	71.2	1.2	68.9-73.4	72.7	1.2	70.4-75.0
10 01															

^{*}Confidence interval

Table 13 Problems During Pregnancy, 2007

	Percent	Standard Error	95% CI *
Severe nausea, vomiting or dehydration	25.6	1.1	23.4-27.8
Kidney or bladder infection	18.0	1.0	16.2-20.1
Pre-term labor (more than three weeks before due date)	18.8	1.0	17.0-20.8
Vaginal bleeding	15.5	0.9	13.8-17.4
High blood pressure	11.7	0.8	10.2-13.4
Diabetes that started during pregnancy	8.6	0.7	7.2-10.1
Problems with placenta	5.0	0.5	4.1-62
Water broke more than three weeks before due date	5.5	0.5	4.6-6.5
Diabetes that started prior to pregnancy	2.1	0.4	1.5-3.0
Hurt in car accident	1.4	0.3	0.9-2.1
Had a blood transfusion	1.0	0.2	0.6-1.5
Cervix sewn shut	1.2	0.3	0.8-1.9

^{*}Confidence interval

Table 14Hospital Visits or Bedrest for Problems During Pregnancy, 2007**

	D	Standard	050/ CI *
	Percent	Error	95% CI *
Emergency Room or hospital stay less than one day	47.2	1.7	43.8-50.7
Hospital stay of one to seven days	21.3	1.4	18.7-24.1
Hospital stay of more than seven days Stayed at home in bed more than two days per	3.4	0.5	2.5-4.6
doctor/nurse advice	34.6	1.7	31.4-37.9

^{*}Confidence interval

^{**} Missing response is > 10 percent; interpret with caution.

Table 15Number of Stressors During the Year Prior to Delivery, 2007
By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics

	No Stressors			1-	-2 Stressors		3-	-5 Stressors		More than 5 Stressors		
		Standard		,	Standard			Standard			Standard	
	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *
Total	30.8	1.2	28.5-33.2	39.7	1.3	37.3-42.3	23.2	1.1	21.1-25.4	6.3	0.7	5.1-7.7
Age												
< 20 years	19.1	3.3	13.5-26.3	38.3	4.1	30.7-46.5	33.0	3.9	25.8-41.1	9.6	2.5	5.7-15.8
20-24 years	22.5	2.5	18.1-27.7	33.0	2.7	27.9-38.5	34.2	2.7	29.0-39.7	10.4	1.8	7.5-14.4
25-34 years	33.8	1.7	30.7-37.1	42.1	1.7	38.7-45.5	19.3	1.4	16.7-22.1	4.9	0.8	3.5-6.6
35+ years	40.6	3.3	34.4-47.2	42.2	3.3	35.8-48.8	14.2	2.4	10.1-19.5	3.0	1.1	1.5-6.0
Race												
Black	22.0	2.8	17.1-28.0	35.4	3.2	29.5-41.8	29.8	3.0	24.3-36.0	12.8	2.2	9.1-17.7
White	31.7	1.4	29.1-34.5	40.5	1.4	37.7-43.4	22.8	1.2	20.5-25.3	5.0	0.6	3.9-6.4
Other	46.9	5.0	37.3-56.8	43.0	5.0	33.6-53.0	7.6	2.6	3.9-14.5			
Hispanic Ethnicity												
Hispanic	28.0	2.5	23.4-33.0	39.0	2.7	33.9-44.4	28.6	2.5	23.9-33.7	4.4	1.1	2.7-7.3
Non-Hispanic	31.7	1.4	29.1-34.4	39.9	1.4	37.1-42.7	21.6	1.2	19.3-24.1	6.8	0.8	5.5-8.5
Education												
< High School	22.8	2.6	18.1-28.3	39.5	3.0	33.7-45.6	28.3	2.8	23.1-34.0	9.5	1.8	6.4-13.7
High School	22.5	2.2	18.5-27.1	35.2	2.5	30.5-40.3	33.1	2.5	28.4-38.2	9.2	1.5	6.6-12.7
> High School	37.0	1.7	33.8-40.3	42.2	1.7	38.9-45.6	16.9	1.3	14.5-19.6	3.9	0.7	2.7-5.4
Marital Status												
Married	39.9	1.6	36.8-43.0	44.1	1.6	41.0-47.3	13.7	1.1	11.7-16.1	2.3	0.5	1.5-3.6
Other	17.0	1.6	14.0-20.4	33.0	2.0	29.2-37.1	37.7	2.1	33.7-41.8	12.4	1.4	9.9-15.4
Payment for Delivery												
Medicaid	21.5	1.5	18.6-24.6	34.9	1.8	31.5-38.4	33.5	1.7	30.1-37.0	10.2	1.1	8.2-12.6
Other	40.9	1.8	37.4-44.4	45.0	1.8	41.5-48.6	12.1	1.2	9.9-14.6	2.1	0.6	1.2-3.5
Birthweight												
Low	25.6	2.1	21.7-29.9	41.6	2.4	37.0-46.4	24.4	2.1	20.5-28.9	8.4	1.4	6.0-11.5
Normal	31.2	1.3	28.8-33.8	39.6	1.4	37.0-42.3	23.1	1.2	20.8-25.5	6.1	0.7	4.9-7.6

^{*}Confidence interval

⁻⁻ Fewer than six respondents

Table 16Types of Stressors Encountered During the Year Prior to Delivery, 2007

	_	Standard	
	Percent	Error	95% CI *
Moved to a new address	30.6	1.2	28.3-33.0
Arguments with husband/partner more than usual	25.0	1.1	22.9-27.3
Family member was sick and had to go to the hospital	25.0	1.1	22.8-27.3
Lots of bills that couldn't be paid	22.0	1.1	20.0-24.2
Someone very close died	18.4	1.0	16.5-20.4
Husband/Partner lost job	13.0	0.9	11.4-14.9
Lost job	11.1	0.8	9.6-12.9
Separated/Divorced from husband/partner	11.6	0.9	10.0-13.4
Someone close had problem with drinking/drugs	9.2	0.7	7.8-10.7
Husband/Partner did not want pregnancy	8.1	0.7	6.8-9.7
Husband/Partner or I went to jail	5.3	0.6	4.2-6.6
Physical fight	4.4	0.6	3.5-5.7
Homeless	5.4	0.6	4.3-6.7

^{*}Confidence interval

Table 17Physical Abuse by Husband/Partner Before and During Pregnancy, 2007
By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics

	12 Mont	ths Before Pre	egnancy	During M	Iost Recent Pr	regnancy
	Percent	Standard Error	95% CI *	Percent	Standard Error	95% CI *
Total	3.2	0.5	2.4-4.3	2.6	0.4	1.9-3.5
Age						
< 20 years***						
20-24 years	9.4	1.7	6.6-13.2	7.3	1.5	4.9-10.8
25-34 years	1.4	0.4	0.8-2.3	0.9	0.3	0.5-1.8
35+ years						
Race						
Black	3.6	1.2	1.9-6.9	3.2	1.1	1.7-6.3
White	3.2	0.5	2.3-4.4	2.5	0.5	1.7-3.6
Other						
Hispanic Ethnicity						
Hispanic	4.4	1.1	2.7-7.2	3.5	1.0	2.0-6.2
Non-Hispanic	2.9	0.5	2.1-4.1	2.3	0.4	1.6-3.3
Education						
< High School	4.4	1.3	2.4-8.0	5.5	1.5	3.2-9.3
High School	4.7	1.1	2.9-7.4	3.0	0.9	1.7-5.3
> High School	2.3	0.5	1.5-3.6	1.6	0.4	0.9-2.7
Marital Status						
Married	1.0	0.3	0.5-1.8	0.8	0.3	0.4-1.5
Other	7.1	1.1	5.2-9.6	5.6	1.0	3.9-7.9
Payment for Delivery						
Medicaid	5.6	0.9	4.1-7.5	4.0	0.7	2.8-5.7
Other	0.9	0.3	0.4-1.9	1.1	0.4	0.5-2.1
Birthweight						
Low	5.6	1.2	3.7-8.5	5.2	1.2	3.3-8.0
Normal	3.1	0.5	2.2-4.2	2.4	0.4	1.6-3.4
	2.1	0.5			0.1	1.0 0.1

^{*}Confidence interval

^{***}Mothers younger than 18 years old were not asked abuse questions.

⁻⁻Fewer than six respondents

Table 18 Physical Abuse by Ex-husband/Ex-partner Before and During Pregnancy, 2007 By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics

	12 Month	ns Before Pre	gnancy	During Most Recent Pregnancy				
		Standard			Standard			
	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *		
Total	4.4	0.6	3.5-5.7	2.4	0.4	1.7-3.4		
Age								
< 20 years***	9.4	3.3	4.7-18.1	8.2	3.2	3.7-17.0		
20-24 years	10.6	1.8	7.5-14.6	5.4	1.3	3.3-8.6		
25-34 years	2.0	0.5	1.2-3.2	0.9	0.3	0.4-1.7		
35+ years	2.4	0.9	1.1-5.1					
Race								
Black	4.8	1.5	2.7-8.6	3.0	1.1	1.4-6.2		
White	4.5	0.6	3.4-5.9	2.3	0.5	1.5-3.4		
Other								
Hispanic Ethnicity								
Hispanic	5.4	1.3	3.4-8.5	4.1	1.1	2.4-7.0		
Non-Hispanic	4.2	0.6	3.1-5.6	1.9	0.4	1.2-3.0		
Education								
< High School	4.7	1.4	2.6-8.3	3.8	1.3	2.0-7.4		
High School	8.4	1.5	5.9-11.8	46	1.2	2.8-7.5		
> High School	2.8	0.6	1.8-4.1	1.1	0.4	0.6-2.1		
Marital Status								
Married	1.4	0.4	0.8-2.4					
Other	9.6	1.3	7.3-12.5	5.7	1.0	3.9-8.1		
Payment for Delivery								
Medicaid	7.0	1.0	5.3-9.1	4.0	0.8	2.8-5.8		
Other	1.9	0.5	1.1-3.2	0.8	0.3	0.3-1.8		
Birthweight								
Low	5.0	1.2	3.2-7.8	2.9	0.9	1.6-5.2		
Normal	4.4	0.6	3.4-5.7	2.4	0.5	1.6-3.4		

^{*}Confidence interval
***Mothers younger than 18 years old were not asked abuse questions.

⁻⁻Fewer than six respondents

Table 19aPrevalence of Smoking Before, During and After Pregnancy, 2007
By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics

	Three Months Before Pregnancy		regnancy	Last Three	Months Of	Pregnancy	Now		
		Standard			Standard			Standard	
	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *
Total	19.7	1.0	17.8-21.8	10.7	0.8	9.2-12.4	14.7	0.9	13.0-16.6
Age									
< 20 years	18.0	3.2	12.5-25.2	8.8	2.4	5.2-14.6	14.0	2.8	9.4-20.6
20-24 years	27.3	2.5	22.6-32.6	16.3	2.1	12.6-20.9	23.0	2.4	18.7-28.0
25-34 years	19.1	1.4	16.6-21.9	9.6	1.0	7.8-11.9	13.2	1.2	11.0-15.7
35+ years	12.1	2.1	8.5-17.0	7.9	1.8	5.0-12.1	8.9	1.9	5.9-13.3
Race									
Black	22.5	2.7	17.5-28.3	15.7	2.4	11.6-21.0	20.7	2.7	16.0-26.4
White	20.4	1.2	18.2-22.8	10.4	0.9	8.8-12.2	14.4	1.0	12.5-16.5
Other									
Hispanic Ethnicity									
Hispanic	5.7	1.3	3.7-8.8	1.8	0.7	0.8-4.0	4.0	1.1	2.3-6.7
Non-Hispanic	23.9	1.3	21.5-26.4	13.3	1.0	11.5-15.4	17.9	1.1	15.8-20.2
Education									
< High School	24.0	2.6	19.3-29.6	18.2	2.3	14.0-23.2	21.5	2.5	17.0-26.8
High School	27.4	2.3	23.1-32.2	16.5	2.0	13.0-20.7	23.6	2.2	19.5-28.3
> High School	14.8	1.2	12.6-17.4	5.7	0.8	4.4-7.5	8.7	1.0	7.0-10.8
Marital Status									
Married	13.8	1.1	11.8-16.1	6.2	0.8	4.8-7.9	8.7	0.9	7.0-10.6
Other	28.8	1.9	25.2-32.7	17.5	1.6	14.6-20.9	23.9	1.8	20.6-27.6
Payment for Delivery									
Medicaid	23.7	1.6	20.8-26.9	15.1	1.3	12.7-17.8	20.4	1.5	17.7-23.4
Other	15.4	1.3	13.0-18.1	6.0	0.9	4.5-7.9	8.6	1.0	6.8-10.8
Birthweight									
Low	25.4	2.2	21.4-29.8	16.9	1.9	13.5-20.8	21.6	2.0	17.9-25.9
Normal	19.3	1.1	17.2-21.5	10.2	0.9	8.7-12.0	14.2	1.0	12.4-16.2

^{*} Confidence interval

⁻⁻ Fewer than six respondents

Table19b

Prevalence of Smoking During the Last Three Months of Pregnancy, 2003- 2006

By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics

	2003			2004**			2005			2006		
	Percent	Standard Error	95% CI *	Percent	Standard Error	95% CI*	Percent	Standard Error	95% CI*	Percent	Standard Error	95% CI*
Total	12.6	0.9	11-14.5	12.1	0.8	10.6-13.8	10.4	0.8	8.9-12.1	11.4	0.9	9.8-132
Age												
< 20 years	17.9	3.3	12.2-25.4	15.7	3.1	10.5-22.8	13.9	2.9	9.2-20.5	16.7	3.2	11.3-24.0
20-24 years	18.0	2.1	14.2-22.5	20.5	2.2	16.5-25.1	15.0	2.1	11.4-19.5	18.6	2.3	14.5-23.6
25-34 years	9.1	1.1	7.1-11.5	9.4	1.0	7.6-11.5	8.6	1.0	6.8-10.8	9.0	1.1	7.1-11.4
35+ years	12.7	2.5	8.6-18.3	7.9	1.6	5.2-11.8	7.6	1.8	4.8-11.9	6.0	1.6	3.5-10.2
Race												
Black	13.7	2.4	9.7-19.0	13.3	2.2	9.6-18.2	8.5	1.8	5.5-12.9	21.2	3.0	16.0-27.6
White	13.1	1.0	11.2-15.2	12.3	0.9	10.6-14.2	11.4	0.9	9.7-13.4	9.7	0.9	8.2-11.6
Other												
Hispanic Ethnicity												
Hispanic	2.2	0.8	1.1-4.5	4.6	1.2	2.8-7.5	2.4	0.8	1.2-4.7	1.7	0.6	0.9-3.4
Non-Hispanic	16.1	1.2	13.9-18.5	14.3	1.0	12.4-16.3	13.1	1.0	11.2-15.2	14.9	1.1	12.8-17.3
Education												
< High School	17.5	2.2	13.6-22.2	21.3	2.4	17.1-26.3	12.1	1.9	8.9-16.3	17.7	2.3	13.6-22.8
High School	19.8	2.1	16.0-24.2	18.4	1.9	14.9-22.4	15.0	1.9	11.7-19.1	17.6	2.1	13.9-22.0
> High School	6.5	1.0	4.9-8.7	5.9	0.8	4.5-7.6	7.4	1.0	5.8-9.5	5.9	0.9	4.4-7.8
Marital Status												
Married	6.4	0.8	4.9-8.2	7.4	0.8	5.9-9.1	6.0	0.8	4.6-7.8	5.0	0.7	3.8-6.6
Other	23.5	1.9	19.9-27.5	20.6	1.7	17.5-24.2	17.2	1.6	14.3-20.6	22.1	1.9	18.6-26.1
Payment for Delivery												
Medicaid	18.3	1.6	15.4-21.5	20.1	1.5	17.3-23.2	14.2	1.3	11.9-17.0	18.0	1.5	15.2-21.2
Other	7.5	1.0	5.8-9.6	5.4	0.7	4.1-70	6.4	0.9	4.8-8.5	4.7	0.8	3.4-6.4
Birthweight												
Low	16.1	1.8	12.9-19.9	14.5	1.5	11.7-17.8	16.6	1.9	13.2-20.6	18.0	1.8	14.8-21.8
Normal	12.4	1.0	10.6-14.4	11.9	0.9	10.3-13.7	9.9	0.9	8.3-11.7	10.9	0.9	9.2-12.8

^{*}Confidence interval

^{**}Question Changed in 2004

Table 19cPrevalence of Smoking During Last Three Months of Pregnancy, 1998-2002
By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics

		1998			1999			2000			2001			2002	
		Standard			Standard			Standard			Standard			Standard	
	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *
Total	13.8	0.9	12.2-15.6	12.8	0.8	11.3-14.5	12.5	0.8	11.0-14.2	12.6	0.8	11.1-14.2	11.4	0.8	10.0-13.0
Age															
< 20 years	18.8	2.6	14.3-24.3	18.6	2.8	13.8-24.6	12.6	2.4	8.7-18.0	15.3	2.5	11.1-20.8	11.9	2.4	8.0-17.4
20-24 years	16.6	2.0	13.0-20.9	14.0	1.7	11.0-17.8	18.3	2.0	14.6-22.6	15.1	1.9	11.8-19.1	16.0	1.9	12.6-20.1
25-34 years	11.7	1.2	9.6-14.2	10.7	1.0	8.9-12.8	9.9	1.0	8.1-12.0	10.5	1.0	8.6-12.6	9.1	1.0	7.3-11.2
35+ years	11.7	2.2	8.0-16.8	13.0	2.2	9.3-18.0	12.6	2.1	9.1-17.2	13.9	2.1	10.2-18.6	12.1	2.1	8.6-16.8
Race															
Black	10.9	1.7	8.0-14.8	9.8	1.6	7.0-13.4	13.0	2.0	9.7-17.4	14.4	2.0	10.9-18.8	8.3	1.6	5.7-12.0
White	14.8	1.0	12.9-16.9	14.3	1.0	12.5-16.3	12.7	0.9	11.0-14.6	12.7	0.9	11.1-14.6	12.6	0.9	10.9-14.5
Other															
Hispanic Ethnicity															
Hispanic	2.6	0.9	1.4-5.0	4.5	1.2	2.6-7.4	3.8	1.1	2.2-6.5	1.8	0.7	0.8-3.7	3.2	0.9	1.9-5.4
Non-Hispanic	16.5	1.1	14.6-18.7	15.0	1.0	13.3-17.0	15.1	1.0	13.3-17.1	15.8	1.0	14.0-17.9	14.0	1.0	12.2-16.1
Education															
< High School	17.2	2.0	13.6-21.6	18.2	2.0	14.6-22.5	15.8	2.0	12.3-20.2	18.4	2.0	14.8-22.6	13.1	1.8	9.9-17.2
High School	20.3	1.9	16.9-24.2	18.5	1.7	15.4-22.1	18.0	1.7	14.9-21.6	17.3	1.7	14.3-20.8	18.0	1.9	14.7-22.0
> High School	7.9	1.0	6.2-10.0	7.2	0.9	5.7-9.1	7.7	0.9	6.2-9.7	7.5	0.9	6.0-9.5	7.6	0.9	6.0-9.5
Marital Status															
Married	9.9	0.9	8.3-11.9	10.1	0.9	8.6-12.0	9.0	0.8	7.5-10.7	8.0	0.8	6.6-9.7	8.5	0.9	7.0-10.4
Other	21.5	1.8	18.2-25.1	17.5	1.6	14.6-20.7	19.1	1.7	16.0-22.5	20.5	1.6	17.5-23.8	16.5	1.5	13.7-19.7
Payment for Delivery															
Medicaid	21.5	1.7	18.3-25.0	17.1	1.5	14.4-20.2	17.9	1.5	15.1-21.1	19.3	1.5	16.6-22.4	15.0	1.4	12.5-17.8
Other	9.6	0.9	7.9-11.6	10.2	0.9	8.6-12.1	9.1	0.9	7.6-11.0	7.9	0.8	6.4-9.7	8.6	0.9	7.0-10.6
D. J															
Birthweight	20.6	1.0	17.1-24.5	21.0	2.4	16.8-26.0	19.2	1.0	15.8-23.2	10 1	1.8	14.8-21.9	16.2	1.7	12 1 10 0
Low	13.3	1.9 0.9	17.1-24.5	21.0 12.0	2.4 1.0	10.8-26.0	19.2 12.0	1.9 0.9	15.8-23.2	18.1 12.2	0.8	14.8-21.9	16.2	1.7 0.8	13.1-19.9 9.5-12.8
Normal	13.3	0.9	11.0-15.2	12.0	1.0	10.2-14.0	12.0	0.9	10.4-15.8	12.2	0.8	10.0-13.9	11.1	0.8	9.5-12.8

^{*}Confidence interval

⁻⁻Fewer than six respondents

Table 20Prevalence of Drinking, 2007
By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics

	Three Mont	hs Before P	regnancy	Last Three	Months Of	Pregnancy
		Standard			Standard	
	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *
Total	50.0	1.3	47.5-52.6	6.3	0.6	5.2-7.7
Age	22.0	2.4	161.004			
< 20 years	22.0	3.4	16.1-29.4			1 7 5 5
20-24 years	47.2	2.9	41.6-52.9	3.1	0.9	1.7-5.5
25-34 years	54.3	1.8	50.8-57.7	7.3	0.9	5.7-9.3
35+ years	59.7	3.3	53.0-66.1	10.5	2.1	7.0-15.4
Race						
Black	35.8	3.2	29.8-42.3	3.3	1.1	1.7-6.4
White	55.1	1.5	52.2-58.0	6.9	0.8	5.6-8.5
Other	30.8	4.7	22.4-40.6	8.1	2.8	4.1-15.5
Hispanic Ethnicity	24.2		150050	2.0	4.0	2251
Hispanic	21.3	2.2	17.3-25.9	3.8	1.0	2.3-6.4
Non- Hispanic	58.4	1.5	55.5-61.2	6.9	0.7	5.6-8.6
Education						
< High School	21.5	2.5	17.0-26.8	1.8	0.7	0.9-3.9
High School	42.3	2.6	37.3-47.5	4.5	1.1	2.8-7.1
> High School	64.0	1.7	60.7-67.2	8.7	1.0	7.0-10.8
36 4 36 4						
Marital Status Married	57.2	1.6	510.601	0.5	0.0	6.9-10.5
		1.6	54.0-60.4	8.5	0.9	
Other	39.1	2.1	35.1-43.3	2.9	0.7	1.9-4.6
Payment for Delivery						
Medicaid	34.5	1.8	31.2-38.0	3.1	0.6	2.1-4.5
Other	66.8	1.7	63.3-70.1	9.8	1.1	7.9-12.2
Birthweight						
Low	47.7	2.4	43.0-52.5	7.1	1.2	5.0-9.9
Normal	50.2	1.4	47.5-53.0	6.3	0.7	5.1-7.7

^{*}Confidence interval

⁻⁻Fewer than six respondents

Table 21Number of Drinks Per Week Among Mothers Who Reported Drinking, 2007

	Three Mor	nths Before P	regnancy	Last Three Mon	ths Of Preg	gnancy
		Standard			Standard	
	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *
< 1 drink per week	50.8	1.8	47.2-54.4	77.2	4.3	67.7-84.5
1-3 drinks per week	33.1	1.7	29.8-36.6	20.7	4.2	13.7-30.1
4 or more drinks per week	16.1	1.3	13.6-18.9			

^{*}Confidence interval

⁻⁻Fewer than six respondents

Table 22Postpartum Depression Diagnosis, 2007
By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics

		Standard	
	Percent	Error	95% CI *
Total	8.5	0.7	7.2-10.0
Age			
< 20 years	10.4	2.5	6.5-16.4
20-24 years	13.0	1.9	9.7-17.2
25-34 years	6.7	0.9	5.1-8.6
35+ years	7.3	1.7	4.6-11.5
Race			
Black	8.1	1.7	5.3-12.2
White	8.8	0.8	7.3-10.6
Other	5.7	2.4	2.5-12.5
Hispanic Ethnicity			
Hispanic	9.2	1.6	6.5-12.8
Non- Hispanic	8.3	0.8	6.9-10.0
Education			
< High School	10.9	1.9	7.7-15.2
High School	10.5	1.6	7.8-14.0
> High School	6.5	0.9	5.0-8.4
Marital Status			
Married	6.6	0.8	5.2-8.4
Other	11.3	1.3	9.0-14.2
Payment for Delivery			
Medicaid	10.8	1.1	8.7-13.2
Other	6.1	0.9	4.6-8.0
Birthweight			
Dirtiiweigit Low	11.4	1.6	8.7-14.9
Normal	8.3	0.8	6.9-9.9
romai	0.3	0.8	0.9-9.9

^{*}Confidence interval

⁻⁻Fewer than six respondents

Table 23
Infant Checkups, 2007

	Percent	Standard Error	95% CI *
Infant seen in first week after leaving hospital	89.7	0.8	88.0-91.2
Well-baby checkup at 2, 4, or 6 months	98.6	0.3	97.8-99.2
Mom satisfied with number of well-baby checkups	96.6	0.5	95.5-97.4

^{*}Confidence interval

Table 24Place of Well- Baby Checkup, 2007
By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics

	He	ospital Clinic	С	Health 1	Department	Clinic		MD/HMO		Com	m. Health Co	enter		Other	
		Standard			Standard			Standard			Standard			Standard	
	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *
Total	19.5	1.1	17.5-21.7	7.5	0.7	6.2-9.0	62.9	1.3	60.4-65.4	8.9	0.8	7.5-10.6	1.1	0.3	0.7-1.8
Age															
< 20 years	30.1	3.9	23.1-38.3	10.8	2.7	6.6-17.3	31.5	4.0	24.3-39.7	25.2	3.8	18.5-33.3			
20-24 years	28.2	2.7	23.2-33.7	13.3	2.0	9.8-17.8	47.5	2.9	41.8-53.2	10.6	1.8	7.6-14.6			
25-34 years	16.0	1.3	13.5-18.7	5.4	0.8	4.0-7.2	71.0	1.6	67.7-74.1	6.5	0.9	4.9-8.5	1.2	0.4	0.6-2.3
35+ years	12.0	2.3	8.2-17.2	4.3	1.6	2.1-8.6	79.4	2.9	73.2-84.5	3.6	1.3	1.8-7.2			
Race															
Black	37.8	3.3	31.6-44.4	8.4	1.9	5.4-12.9	32.6	3.2	26.6-39.1	21.2	2.8	16.3-27.1			
White	15.1	1.1	13.1-17.3	7.7	0.8	6.2-9.4	69.4	1.4	66.6-72.0	6.4	0.8	5.1-8.1	1.5	0.4	0.9-2.4
Other	18.6	4.0	11.9-27.7				75.9	4.4	66.2-83.5						
Hispanic Ethnicity															
Hispanic	27.7	2.6	23.0-33.0	18.6	2.2	14.6-23.4	38.0	2.8	32.7-43.6	13.1	1.9	9.8-17.4	2.6	0.9	1.3-5.0
Non-Hispanic	17.3	1.2	15.1-19.7	4.4	0.7	3.3-5.9	69.8	1.4	67.0-72.5	7.8	0.9	6.3-9.6	0.7	0.3	0.4-1.4
Education															
< High School	24.6	2.8	19.5-30.5	20.0	2.6	15.4-25.6	36.5	3.2	30.6-42.9	16.6	2.5	12.4-22.0	2.3	1.0	1.0-5.1
High School	28.4	2.5	23.8-33.5	9.7	1.6	7.0-13.4	46.4	2.7	41.2-51.7	13.9	1.9	10.6-18.0	1.5	0.6	0.7-3.5
> High School	13.3	1.2	11.1-15.8	2.5	0.5	1.6-3.8	79.4	1.4	76.4-82.1	4.3	0.7	3.0-6.0	0.6	0.3	0.3-1.3
Marital Status															
Married	13.2	1.1	11.1-15.6	4.4	0.7	3.2-6.0	77.5	1.4	74.6-80.1	4.2	0.7	3.0-5.7	0.8	0.3	0.4-1.6
Other	29.3	2.0	25.5-33.4	12.3	1.5	9.7-15.4	40.5	2.1	36.4-44.8	16.3	1.7	13.3-19.8	1.7	0.5	0.9-3.1
Payment for															
Delivery															
Medicaid	28.7	1.7	25.4-32.2	13.1	1.3	10.8-15.9	41.2	1.9	37.7-44.9	15.6	1.4	13.1-18.6	1.3	0.4	0.7-2.4
Other	9.7	1.1	7.7-12.1	1.5	0.5	0.8-2.7	86.2	1.3	83.4-88.5	1.8	0.5	1.0-3.1	0.9	0.4	0.4-2.0
D: 41 - 1.14															
Birthweight	20.2	2.4	25.7-35.2	7.2	1.4	4.0.10.4	40.2	2.6	42 2 52 2	10.6	1.0	0.4.16.6	1.0	0.7	0027
Low	30.3 18.7	2.4	25.7-35.2 16.6-21.1	7.2 7.5	1.4	4.9-10.4	48.2	2.6	43.2-53.3 61.2-66.6	12.6 8.7	1.8	9.4-16.6	1.8	0.7 0.3	0.9-3.7
Normal	18./	1.1	10.0-21.1	1.5	0.8	6.2-9.2	64.0	1.4	01.2-00.6	8.7	0.8	7.2-10.5	1.1	0.3	0.6-1.8

^{*}Confidence interval

⁻⁻ Fewer than six respondents

Table 25Sleep Position of Infant, 2007

	Percent	Standard Error	95% CI *
Back	70.7	1.2	68.2-73.0
Side	12.9	0.9	11.3-14.8
Stomach	11.2	0.8	9.6-12.9
Other positions	5.3	0.6	4.2-6.6
*Confidence interval			

Table 26aPrevalence of Laying Infant on Back to Sleep, 2003- 2007
By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics

		2003			2004			2005			2006			2007	
		Standard			Standard			Standard			Standard			Standard	
	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *
Total	63.7	1.3	61.1-66.3	65.7	1.2	63.3-68.0	68.3	1.3	65.7-70.7	70.5	1.3	68.0-72.9	70.7	1.2	68.2-73.0
Age															
< 20 years	47.0	4.4	38.6-55.6	57.5	4.3	48.9-65.7	53.2	4.2	44.9-61.3	63.4	4.3	54.7-71.3	58.7	4.2	50.3-66.6
20-24 years	59.6	2.8	54.1-64.9	56.2	2.8	50.7-61.6	64.4	2.8	58.6-69.7	66.5	2.9	60.7-71.9	61.6	2.8	55.9-67.0
25-34 years	67.1	1.8	63.5-70.6	67.7	1.6	64.6-70.7	72.4	1.7	68.9-75.5	71.7	1.7	68.4-74.9	73.4	1.6	70.2-76.4
35+ years	70.9	3.5	63.6-77.3	76.0	2.7	70.4-80.9	70.3	3.2	63.7-76.1	76.6	2.9	70.5-81.8	82.8	2.6	77.2-87.3
Race															
Black	46.1	3.5	39.4-53.0	48.1	3.2	41.9-54.4	49.4	3.5	42.7-56.2	54.3	3.7	47.1-61.4	53.6	3.4	47.0-60.1
White	66.8	1.5	63.8-69.6	69.3	1.3	66.7-71.8	72.4	1.4	69.6-74.9	73.6	1.3	70.9-76.1	74.2	1.3	71.6-76.7
Other	76.7	5.4	64.7-85.5	70.7	5.5	59.0-80.1	73.9	5.7	61.3-83.5	78.0	4.7	67.4-85.8	79.4	4.1	70.2-86.4
Hispanic Ethnicity															
Hispanic	57.3	2.7	51.9-62.5	56.8	2.6	51.7-61.7	66.1	2.5	61.1-70.8	65.7	2.4	60.8-70.3	68.4	2.6	63.1-73.3
Non- Hispanic	65.9	1.5	62.8-68.8	68.4	1.4	65.7-71.0	69.0	1.5	66.0-71.8	72.3	1.5	69.4-75.1	71.3	1.4	68.5-73.9
Education															
< High School	57.1	2.9	51.3-62.7	50.9	2.8	45.4-56.5	60.7	2.9	54.9-66.1	60.9	2.9	55.0-66.4	60.2	3.1	54.0-66.1
High School	58.7	2.6	53.5-63.7	60.1	2.5	55.1-64.9	65.9	2.6	60.7-70.8	64.0	2.7	58.7-69.1	64.1	2.6	58.9-69.0
> High School	69.6	1.8	65.9-73.0	73.9	1.5	70.9-76.7	73.0	1.7	69.6-76.2	77.3	1.6	74.1-80.2	76.9	1.5	73.9-79.7
Marital Status															
Married	67.9	1.6	64.6-71.0	71.0	1.4	68.1-73.6	73.7	1.5	70.6-76.6	74.8	1.4	71.8-77.5	76.9	1.4	74.1-79.6
Other	56.5	2.3	51.9-60.9	55.9	2.2	51.6-60.1	59.7	2.2	55.4-64.0	63.4	2.3	58.9-67.7	61.1	2.1	56.8-65.1
Payment for															
Delivery															
Medicaid	57.6	2.0	53.7-61.5	56.8	1.9	53.1-60.5	61.6	1.9	57.8-65.2	63.5	1.9	59.7-67.2	63.0	1.8	59.3-66.4
Other	69.2	1.8	65.7-72.6	73.1	1.5	70.1-75.9	75.4	1.7	72.0-78.5	77.3	1.6	74.1-80.2	79.0	1.5	75.9-81.8
P: 41 - 1.14															
Birthweight	61.4	2.5	56.4-66.2	65.2	2.2	60.9.60.2	60.2	2.2	64 6 72 7	70.2	2.2	65 9 74 5	71 1	2.4	662755
Low	61.4	2.5		65.2	2.2 1.3	60.8-69.3	69.3	2.3	64.6-73.7	70.3	2.2	65.8-74.5	71.1	2.4	66.2-75.5
Normal	63.9	1.4	61.0-66.6	65.7	1.3	63.2-68.2	68.2	1.4	65.5-70.8	70.5	1.3	67.9-73.1	70.6	1.3	68.0-73.1

^{*}Confidence interval

Table 26bPrevalence of Laying Infant on Back to Sleep, 1998-2002
By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics

		1998			1999			2000**			2001			2002	
		Standard			Standard			Standard			Standard			Standard	
	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *
Total	53.8	1.3	51.4-56.2	56.5	1.2	54.1-58.9	60.9	1.2	58.6-63.2	63.6	1.2	61.3-65.9	63.6	1.2	61.2-65.9
Age															
< 20 years	40.8	3.4	34.4-47.5	42.4	3.5	35.6-49.4	54.9	3.7	47.7-62.0	53.4	3.5	46.4-60.2	50.2	3.7	43.0-57.4
20-24 years	50.3	2.7	45.1-55.5	53.1	2.6	48.0-58.1	56.1	2.6	50.9-61.2	58.4	2.6	53.2-63.3	56.3	2.6	51.2-61.3
25-34 years	56.7	1.8	53.2-60.0	59.4	1.7	56.1-62.6	63.1	1.6	59.8-66.2	66.3	1.6	63.1-69.4	66.1	1.6	62.8-69.2
35+ years	62.3	3.3	55.7-68.6	66.2	3.2	59.7-72.1	65.7	3.0	59.6-71.4	70.4	2.9	64.5-75.7	76.3	2.7	70.5-81.2
Race															
Black	40.2	2.8	34.9-45.8	43.4	2.9	37.8-49.1	45.1	3.0	39.4-51.0	44.7	2.9	39.0-50.5	38.8	3.0	33.2-44.7
White	57.3	1.4	54.5-60.0	59.2	1.4	56.5-61.9	64.6	1.3	62.0-67.1	68.1	1.3	65.6-70.6	69.0	1.3	66.4-71.5
Other	48.7	8.2	33.3-64.4	68.2	5.2	57.2-77.4	60.0	6.6	46.6-72.0	67.2	5.6	55.5-77.1	62.4	6.0	50.2-73.2
Hispanic Ethnicity															
Hispanic	51.6	2.8	46.2-57.0	51.2	2.8	45.7-56.7	56.9	2.6	51.7-61.9	59.1	2.5	54.1-64.0	58.0	2.5	53.0-62.9
Non- Hispanic	54.3	1.4	51.6-57.0	57.9	1.4	55.3-60.6	62.2	1.3	59.5-64.7	64.9	1.3	62.3-67.5	65.2	1.4	62.5-67.9
Education															
< High School	41.7	2.8	36.3-47.3	44.9	2.7	39.7-50.3	52.3	2.8	46.8-57.7	53.0	2.7	47.7-58.3	47.1	2.7	41.8-52.4
High School	50.1	2.3	45.6-54.6	53.1	2.3	48.5-57.6	57.0	2.3	52.5-61.3	62.3	2.2	58.0-66.5	58.7	2.4	54.0-63.4
> High School	61.6	1.7	58.2-64.9	63.8	1.7	60.5-67.0	67.4	1.6	64.2-70.4	68.5	1.6	65.3-71.6	73.0	1.5	70.0-75.9
Marital Status															
Married	58.2	1.5	55.3-61.2	61.0	1.5	58.1-63.8	65.1	1.4	62.3-67.8	69.2	1.4	66.4-71.9	69.5	1.4	66.7-72.2
Other	44.7	2.2	40.5-49.0	48.8	2.1	44.6-53.0	53.0	2.2	48.8-57.3	53.9	2.0	49.9-57.9	53.1	2.1	49.0-57.2
Payment for Delivery															
Medicaid	45.7	2.1	41.5-49.9	48.9	2.1	44.8-53.0	53.2	2.1	49.2-57.2	53.3	1.9	49.5-57.0	53.7	1.9	50.0-57.4
Other	58.1	1.5	55.0-61.0	61.2	1.5	58.2-64.0	65.7	1.4	62.9-68.5	70.9	1.4	68.0-73.6	71.1	1.5	68.2-73.9
Birthweight Low	49.5	2.5	44.6-54.5	49.4	3.0	43.6-55.3	52.9	2.5	48.0-57.7	55.8	2.4	51.1-60.4	56.3	2.4	51.5-61.0
	49.5 54.1	1.3	51.5-56.7	49.4 56.8	1.5	43.6-33.3 53.8-59.6	52.9 61.5	1.3	48.0-57.7 59.0-63.9	55.8 64.1	1.2	61.7-66.5	56.5 64.1	1.3	61.5-66.5
Normal	34.1	1.3	31.3-30./	30.8	1.5	33.8-39.0	01.5	1.3	39.0-03.9	04.1	1.2	01.7-00.3	04.1	1.3	01.3-00.3

^{*}Confidence interval

^{**}Question changed in 2000

Table 27aBreastfeeding Initiation, 2003-2007
By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics

		2003			2004			2005			2006			2007	
		Standard			Standard			Standard			Standard			Standard	
-	Percent	Error	95% CI *												
Total	72.0	1.3	69.5-74.4	75.0	1.1	72.8-77.1	76.2	1.2	73.8-78.4	76.7	1.2	74.3-78.9	74.8	1.2	72.5-77.1
Age															
< 20 years	55.3	4.4	46.7-63.7	55.6	4.3	47.0-63.9	55.7	4.2	47.4-63.8	58.2	4.4	49.3-66.5	57.3	4.2	48.9-65.2
20-24 years	63.9	2.7	58.5-69.0	64.6	2.7	59.2-69.7	70.8	2.7	65.3-75.8	71.4	2.8	65.7-76.5	68.7	2.7	63.1-73.8
25-34 years	78.0	1.6	74.7-81.0	79.2	1.4	76.4-81.7	80.7	1.5	77.6-83.4	80.2	1.5	77.2-83.0	79.2	1.5	76.2-81.9
35+ years	76.2	3.3	69.2-82.0	85.2	2.2	80.3-89.0	82.3	2.7	76.5-86.9	83.9	2.5	78.3-88.3	80.8	2.8	74.9-85.6
Race															
Black	52.6	3.5	45.7-59.3	56.6	3.2	50.2-62.7	57.8	3.4	51.0-64.4	55.8	3.7	48.5-62.8	52.5	3.4	45.9-59.0
White	75.4	1.3	72.7-78.0	78.2	1.2	75.9-80.4	79.7	1.2	77.2-82.0	80.3	1.2	77.9-82.5	78.4	1.2	75.9-80.7
Other	84.9	4.7	73.2-92.0	91.8	3.3	82.7-96.3	90.4	3.9	79.6-95.8	91.1	3.3	82.0-95.8	97.3	1.6	91.6-99.2
Hispanic Ethnicity															
Hispanic	81.1	2.2	76.5-85.0	83.6	1.9	79.5-87.0	84.1	1.9	80.0-87.5	85.1	1.8	81.2-88.4	86.3	1.9	82.1-89.6
Non- Hispanic	68.9	1.5	66.0-71.8	72.4	1.3	69.8-74.9	73.4	1.4	70.5-76.1	73.6	1.4	70.7-76.3	71.5	1.4	68.7-74.1
Education															
< High School	63.0	2.9	57.3-68.4	64.5	2.7	59.0-69.6	66.1	2.8	60.4-71.4	68.7	2.9	62.8-74.0	65.8	3.0	59.7-71.4
High School	65.5	2.5	60.5-70.3	64.9	2.4	60.0-69.5	67.7	2.6	62.5-72.6	65.6	2.6	60.3-70.5	62.8	2.6	57.6-67.8
> High School	79.6	1.6	76.3-82.6	83.3	1.3	80.7-85.6	84.3	1.4	81.5-86.8	84.8	1.3	82.0-87.3	83.2	1.3	80.5-85.7
Marital Status															
Married	80.0	1.4	77.1-82.5	82.6	1.2	80.2-84.7	83.5	1.3	80.9-85.9	83.6	1.2	81.0-85.9	83.5	1.2	81.0-85.8
Other	58.0	2.3	53.5-62.4	60.9	2.1	56.7-64.9	64.5	2.1	60.2-68.6	65.0	2.3	60.5-69.3	61.6	2.1	57.3-65.6
Payment for															
Delivery															
Medicaid	65.8	1.9	61.9-69.5	68.4	1.8	64.8-71.7	68.0	1.8	64.4-71.5	69.4	1.9	65.7-73.0	66.3	1.8	62.7-69.7
Other	77.6	1.6	74.4-80.6	80.5	1.3	77.8-83.0	84.7	1.4	81.7-87.2	83.9	1.4	81.1-86.5	84.1	1.4	81.3-86.6
Birthweight															
Low	70.1	2.4	65.3-74.6	65.7	2.2	61.3-69.8	72.4	2.3	67.7-76.7	74.9	2.1	70.6-78.7	76.9	2.2	72.3-80.9
Normal	70.1	1.3	69.5-74.7	75.7	1.2	73.3-77.9	76.4	1.3	73.9-78.8	76.8	1.3	74.2-79.2	74.7	1.2	72.2-77.0
140111141	/ 2.1	1.3	07.5-14.1	13.1	1.2	13.3-11.7	70.4	1.5	13.7-10.0	70.0	1.3	17.2-17.2	77.7	1.2	12.2-11.0

^{*}Confidence interval

Table 27bBreastfeeding Initiation, 1998-2002
By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics

3.4 2.6 1.6 3.0	95% CI * 64.2-68.7 39.5-52.6 55.2-65.3 69.9-76.0 66.4-78.3	Percent 62.6 43.8 57.9 68.0 68.9	Standard Error 1.2 3.5 2.5	95% CI * 60.2-64.9 37.1-50.8 52.9-62.8	Percent 69.0 53.9	Standard Error 1.0	95% CI * 66.8-71.2	Percent 68.6	Standard Error 1.1	95% CI * 66.3-70.8	Percent 73.8	Standard Error 1.1	95% CI * 71.6-75.9
3.4 2.6 1.6 3.0	64.2-68.7 39.5-52.6 55.2-65.3 69.9-76.0	62.6 43.8 57.9 68.0	3.5 2.5	60.2-64.9 37.1-50.8	69.0	1.0							
3.4 2.6 1.6 3.0	39.5-52.6 55.2-65.3 69.9-76.0	43.8 57.9 68.0	3.5 2.5	37.1-50.8			66.8-71.2	68.6	1.1	66.3-70.8	73.8	1.1	71.6-75.9
2.6 1.6 3.0	55.2-65.3 69.9-76.0	57.9 68.0	2.5		53.9								
2.6 1.6 3.0	55.2-65.3 69.9-76.0	57.9 68.0	2.5		53.9								
1.6 3.0 2.8	69.9-76.0	68.0		520 620		3.7	46.6-61.0	48.1	3.6	41.3-55.1	53.6	3.7	46.3-60.7
3.0 2.8			1.0	32.9-02.8	61.1	2.6	55.8-66.0	61.0	2.6	55.9-65.9	67.6	2.5	62.6-72.2
2.8	66.4-78.3	68.9	1.6	64.9-71.0	74.2	1.5	71.1-77.0	73.2	1.5	70.2-76.1	79.0	1.4	76.2-81.7
			3.1	62.6-74.6	75.1	2.7	69.4-80.1	80.6	2.4	75.4-84.9	80.9	2.5	75.5-85.4
	37.6-48.6	32.8	2.7	27.8-38.3	50.1	3.0	44.3-55.9	47.5	2.9	41.8-53.3	48.5	3.0	42.6-54.4
1.3	69.0-74.0	68.9	1.3	66.3-71.4	72.5	1.2	70.1-74.9	72.7	1.2	70.2-75.0	78.5	1.2	76.1-80.6
4.8	74.5-94.1	86.1	3.8	76.8-92.1	90.2	4.1	78.7-95.9	92.0	3.3	82.8-96.5	93.1	3.3	83.0-97.4
2.3	72.7-81.7	75.8	2.4	70.7-80.3	77.4	2.2	72.8-81.5	78.1	2.2	73.5-82.0	84.8	1.8	80.8-88.0
1.3	61.2-66.3	59.2	1.3	56.6-61.8	66.5	1.3	63.9-69.1	65.8	1.3	63.2-68.3	70.3	1.3	67.7-72.8
2.8	50.9-61.6	50.9	2.7	45.5-56.2	59.7	2.8	54.1-65.0	55.3	2.7	50.0-60.6	66.5	2.6	61.3-71.4
2.3	49.9-58.6	51.4	2.3	46.9-55.9	56.5	2.3	52.0-60.8	59.5	2.2	55.1-63.8	62.7	2.4	58.0-67.2
1.5	75.3-81.0	73.8	1.5	70.7-76.6	80.1	1.4	77.3-82.6	79.8	1.4	77.0-82.4	82.5	1.3	79.8-84.9
1.3	73.6-78.7	72.8	1.3	70.1-75.3	78.4	1.2	75.9-80.6	78.3	1.3	75.7-80.6	81.5	1.2	79.0-83.7
2.1	42.4-50.8	45.0	2.1	40.9-49.1	51.5	2.2	47.2-55.8	52.0	2.0	48.0-56.0	60.2	2.1	56.1-64.2
2.1	49.1-57.1	50.7	2.1	46.6-54.7	57.9	2.0	53.9-61.9	55.8	1.9	52.0-59.5	65.6	1.8	61.9-69.0
1.4	70.7-76.1	69.7	1.4	67.0-72.4	75.8	1.3	73.1-78.2	77.4	1.3	74.7-79.8	80.2	1.3	77.6-82.7
2.5	49.7-59.5	55.1	3.0	49.3-60.8	62.7	2.4	57.8-67.3	64.7	2.3	60.1-69.1	68.4	2.3	63.8-72.7
1.2	64.9-69.6	64.4	1.4	61.6-67.2	69.5	1.2	67.0-71.8	60.6					71.8-76.4
	2.8 2.3 1.5 1.3 2.1 2.1	2.8 50.9-61.6 2.3 49.9-58.6 1.5 75.3-81.0 1.3 73.6-78.7 2.1 42.4-50.8 2.1 49.1-57.1 1.4 70.7-76.1 2.5 49.7-59.5	2.8 50.9-61.6 50.9 2.3 49.9-58.6 51.4 1.5 75.3-81.0 73.8 1.3 73.6-78.7 72.8 2.1 42.4-50.8 45.0 2.1 49.1-57.1 50.7 1.4 70.7-76.1 69.7 2.5 49.7-59.5 55.1	2.8 50.9-61.6 50.9 2.7 2.3 49.9-58.6 51.4 2.3 1.5 75.3-81.0 73.8 1.5 1.3 73.6-78.7 72.8 1.3 2.1 42.4-50.8 45.0 2.1 2.1 49.1-57.1 50.7 2.1 1.4 70.7-76.1 69.7 1.4 2.5 49.7-59.5 55.1 3.0	2.8 50.9-61.6 50.9 2.7 45.5-56.2 2.3 49.9-58.6 51.4 2.3 46.9-55.9 1.5 75.3-81.0 73.8 1.5 70.7-76.6 1.3 73.6-78.7 72.8 1.3 70.1-75.3 2.1 42.4-50.8 45.0 2.1 40.9-49.1 2.1 49.1-57.1 50.7 2.1 46.6-54.7 1.4 70.7-76.1 69.7 1.4 67.0-72.4 2.5 49.7-59.5 55.1 3.0 49.3-60.8	2.8 50.9-61.6 50.9 2.7 45.5-56.2 59.7 2.3 49.9-58.6 51.4 2.3 46.9-55.9 56.5 1.5 75.3-81.0 73.8 1.5 70.7-76.6 80.1 1.3 73.6-78.7 72.8 1.3 70.1-75.3 78.4 2.1 42.4-50.8 45.0 2.1 40.9-49.1 51.5 2.1 49.1-57.1 50.7 2.1 46.6-54.7 57.9 1.4 70.7-76.1 69.7 1.4 67.0-72.4 75.8 2.5 49.7-59.5 55.1 3.0 49.3-60.8 62.7	2.8 50.9-61.6 50.9 2.7 45.5-56.2 59.7 2.8 2.3 49.9-58.6 51.4 2.3 46.9-55.9 56.5 2.3 1.5 75.3-81.0 73.8 1.5 70.7-76.6 80.1 1.4 1.3 73.6-78.7 72.8 1.3 70.1-75.3 78.4 1.2 2.1 42.4-50.8 45.0 2.1 40.9-49.1 51.5 2.2 2.1 49.1-57.1 50.7 2.1 46.6-54.7 57.9 2.0 1.4 70.7-76.1 69.7 1.4 67.0-72.4 75.8 1.3 2.5 49.7-59.5 55.1 3.0 49.3-60.8 62.7 2.4	2.8 50.9-61.6 50.9 2.7 45.5-56.2 59.7 2.8 54.1-65.0 2.3 49.9-58.6 51.4 2.3 46.9-55.9 56.5 2.3 52.0-60.8 1.5 75.3-81.0 73.8 1.5 70.7-76.6 80.1 1.4 77.3-82.6 1.3 73.6-78.7 72.8 1.3 70.1-75.3 78.4 1.2 75.9-80.6 2.1 42.4-50.8 45.0 2.1 40.9-49.1 51.5 2.2 47.2-55.8 2.1 49.1-57.1 50.7 2.1 46.6-54.7 57.9 2.0 53.9-61.9 1.4 70.7-76.1 69.7 1.4 67.0-72.4 75.8 1.3 73.1-78.2 2.5 49.7-59.5 55.1 3.0 49.3-60.8 62.7 2.4 57.8-67.3	2.8 50.9-61.6 50.9 2.7 45.5-56.2 59.7 2.8 54.1-65.0 55.3 2.3 49.9-58.6 51.4 2.3 46.9-55.9 56.5 2.3 52.0-60.8 59.5 1.5 75.3-81.0 73.8 1.5 70.7-76.6 80.1 1.4 77.3-82.6 79.8 1.3 73.6-78.7 72.8 1.3 70.1-75.3 78.4 1.2 75.9-80.6 78.3 2.1 42.4-50.8 45.0 2.1 40.9-49.1 51.5 2.2 47.2-55.8 52.0 2.1 49.1-57.1 50.7 2.1 46.6-54.7 57.9 2.0 53.9-61.9 55.8 1.4 70.7-76.1 69.7 1.4 67.0-72.4 75.8 1.3 73.1-78.2 77.4 2.5 49.7-59.5 55.1 3.0 49.3-60.8 62.7 2.4 57.8-67.3 64.7	2.8 50.9-61.6 50.9 2.7 45.5-56.2 59.7 2.8 54.1-65.0 55.3 2.7 2.3 49.9-58.6 51.4 2.3 46.9-55.9 56.5 2.3 52.0-60.8 59.5 2.2 1.5 75.3-81.0 73.8 1.5 70.7-76.6 80.1 1.4 77.3-82.6 79.8 1.4 1.3 73.6-78.7 72.8 1.3 70.1-75.3 78.4 1.2 75.9-80.6 78.3 1.3 2.1 42.4-50.8 45.0 2.1 40.9-49.1 51.5 2.2 47.2-55.8 52.0 2.0 2.1 49.1-57.1 50.7 2.1 46.6-54.7 57.9 2.0 53.9-61.9 55.8 1.9 1.4 70.7-76.1 69.7 1.4 67.0-72.4 75.8 1.3 73.1-78.2 77.4 1.3 2.5 49.7-59.5 55.1 3.0 49.3-60.8 62.7 2.4 57.8-67.3 64.7 2.3	2.8 50.9-61.6 50.9 2.7 45.5-56.2 59.7 2.8 54.1-65.0 55.3 2.7 50.0-60.6 2.3 49.9-58.6 51.4 2.3 46.9-55.9 56.5 2.3 52.0-60.8 59.5 2.2 55.1-63.8 1.5 75.3-81.0 73.8 1.5 70.7-76.6 80.1 1.4 77.3-82.6 79.8 1.4 77.0-82.4 1.3 73.6-78.7 72.8 1.3 70.1-75.3 78.4 1.2 75.9-80.6 78.3 1.3 75.7-80.6 2.1 42.4-50.8 45.0 2.1 40.9-49.1 51.5 2.2 47.2-55.8 52.0 2.0 48.0-56.0 2.1 49.1-57.1 50.7 2.1 46.6-54.7 57.9 2.0 53.9-61.9 55.8 1.9 52.0-59.5 1.4 70.7-76.1 69.7 1.4 67.0-72.4 75.8 1.3 73.1-78.2 77.4 1.3 74.7-79.8 2.5 49.7-59.5 55.1 3.0 49.3-60.8 62.7 2.4 57.8-67.3 64.7 2.3 60.1-69.1	2.8 50.9-61.6 50.9 2.7 45.5-56.2 59.7 2.8 54.1-65.0 55.3 2.7 50.0-60.6 66.5 2.3 49.9-58.6 51.4 2.3 46.9-55.9 56.5 2.3 52.0-60.8 59.5 2.2 55.1-63.8 62.7 1.5 75.3-81.0 73.8 1.5 70.7-76.6 80.1 1.4 77.3-82.6 79.8 1.4 77.0-82.4 82.5 1.3 73.6-78.7 72.8 1.3 70.1-75.3 78.4 1.2 75.9-80.6 78.3 1.3 75.7-80.6 81.5 2.1 42.4-50.8 45.0 2.1 40.9-49.1 51.5 2.2 47.2-55.8 52.0 2.0 48.0-56.0 60.2 2.1 49.1-57.1 50.7 2.1 46.6-54.7 57.9 2.0 53.9-61.9 55.8 1.9 52.0-59.5 65.6 1.4 70.7-76.1 69.7 1.4 67.0-72.4 75.8 1.3 73.1-78.2 77.4 1.3 74.7-79.8 80.2 2.5 49.7-59.5 55.1 3.0 49.3-60	2.8 50.9-61.6 50.9 2.7 45.5-56.2 59.7 2.8 54.1-65.0 55.3 2.7 50.0-60.6 66.5 2.6 2.3 49.9-58.6 51.4 2.3 46.9-55.9 56.5 2.3 52.0-60.8 59.5 2.2 55.1-63.8 62.7 2.4 1.5 75.3-81.0 73.8 1.5 70.7-76.6 80.1 1.4 77.3-82.6 79.8 1.4 77.0-82.4 82.5 1.3 1.3 73.6-78.7 72.8 1.3 70.1-75.3 78.4 1.2 75.9-80.6 78.3 1.3 75.7-80.6 81.5 1.2 2.1 42.4-50.8 45.0 2.1 40.9-49.1 51.5 2.2 47.2-55.8 52.0 2.0 48.0-56.0 60.2 2.1 2.1 49.1-57.1 50.7 2.1 46.6-54.7 57.9 2.0 53.9-61.9 55.8 1.9 52.0-59.5 65.6 1.8 1.4 70.7-76.1 69.7 1.4 67.0-72.4 75.8 1.3 73.1-78.2 77.4 1.3 74.7-79.8 80.2

^{*}Confidence interval

^{**}Question changed in 2000

Table 28aBreastfeeding at Four Weeks After Delivery, 2003-2007
By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics

		2003			2004			2005			2006			2007	
		Standard			Standard	95% CI		Standard	95% CI		Standard			Standard	95% CI
	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	*	Percent	Error	*	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	*
Total	58.4	1.4	55.7-61.1	62.4	1.2	60.0-64.8	61.8	1.3	59.2-64.4	64.4	1.3	61.8-66.9	62.4	1.3	59.8-64.9
Age															
< 20 years	31.4	4.0	24.1-39.8	36.0	4.2	28.2-44.6	32.2	3.9	25.0-40.3	42.1	4.4	33.7-50.9	40.7	4.1	32.9-49.0
20-24 years	48.0	2.8	42.5-53.5	49.8	2.8	44.3-55.2	52.5	3.0	46.7-58.3	52.9	3.1	46.9-58.8	51.5	2.9	45.8-57.1
25-34 years	66.5	1.8	62.9-70.0	67.2	1.6	64.1-70.3	68.6	1.8	65.0-71.9	69.3	1.7	65.8-72.5	69.2	1.7	65.9-72.3
35+ years	66.6	3.6	59.2-73.3	77.4	2.6	71.8-82.1	72.1	3.1	65.6-77.8	77.9	2.9	71.8-83.0	69.6	3.2	63.0-75.5
Race															
Black	39.3	3.4	32.8-46.1	39.9	3.2	33.8-46.2	43.5	3.5	36.9-50.4	46.0	3.7	39.0-53.2	44.2	3.4	37.7-50.8
White	61.4	1.5	58.4-64.3	66.1	1.3	63.5-68.6	65.4	1.5	62.5-68.1	66.8	1.4	64.0-69.5	65.1	1.4	62.3-67.9
Other	78.4	5.4	66.1-87.1	86.2	4.1	76.1-92.4	75.8	5.7	63.1-85.2	89.6	3.6	80.1-94.8	83.9	3.8	74.9-90.1
Hispanic Ethnicity															
Hispanic	69.0	2.6	63.8-73.8	70.2	2.4	65.3-74.6	68.5	2.5	63.4-73.2	72.0	2.3	67.3-76.3	69.4	2.6	64.2-74.2
Non-Hispanic	54.8	1.6	51.6-57.9	60.1	1.4	57.3-62.8	59.5	1.6	56.4-62.6	61.6	1.6	58.5-64.6	60.3	1.5	57.4-63.2
Education															
< High School	51.8	2.9	46.1-57.5	50.0	2.8	44.5-55.6	49.5	3.0	43.7-55.3	54.5	3.0	48.5-60.3	49.2	3.2	43.0-55.4
High School	47.6	2.7	42.4-52.8	50.8	2.6	45.8-55.8	49.8	2.8	44.4-55.2	50.5	2.8	45.1-55.8	49.0	2.7	43.8-54.2
> High School	67.3	1.9	63.6-70.8	72.2	1.5	69.1-75.0	72.6	1.7	69.1-75.7	74.4	1.6	71.1-77.4	72.7	1.6	69.5-75.6
Marital Status															
Married	68.5	1.6	65.3-71.6	72.3	1.4	69.6-75.0	71.4	1.6	68.2-74.4	71.8	1.5	68.8-74.7	72.9	1.5	69.9-75.6
Other	40.8	2.3	36.4-45.3	43.8	2.2	39.6-48.0	46.8	2.2	42.4-51.2	51.7	2.4	47.1-56.3	46.6	2.2	42.4-50.8
Payment for Delivery															
Medicaid	51.1	2.0	47.1-55.1	54.3	1.9	50.6-57.9	50.6	2.0	46.8-54.4	55.2	2.0	51.3-59.1	52.4	1.9	48.7-56.0
Other	64.9	1.8	61.3-68.4	69.1	1.6	66.0-72.1	73.4	1.7	69.9-76.6	73.6	1.7	70.3-76.7	73.2	1.6	69.9-76.3
															
Birthweight	57.0	2.6	510 (10	50.5	2.2	40 1 57 0	57.6	2.5	50 ((0 1	57.0	2.4	50 F (1 0	64.2	2.5	50.2.60.1
Low	57.0	2.6	51.9-61.9	52.5	2.3	48.1-57.0	57.6	2.5	52.6-62.4	57.3	2.4	52.5-61.9	64.3	2.5	59.3-69.1
Normal	58.5	1.5	55.6-61.3	63.1	1.3	60.5-65.6	62.1	1.4	59.3-64.9	64.9	1.4	62.1-67.6	62.2	1.4	59.5-64.9

^{*} Confidence interval

Table 28bBreastfeeding At Four Weeks After Delivery, 1998-2002
By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics

	1998		1999		2000**	2001		2002							
		Standard			Standard			Standard			Standard			Standard	
	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *
Total	55.0	1.2	52.6-57.4	49.2	1.2	46.8-51.5	56.0	1.2	53.6-58.4	56.7	1.2	54.3-59.1	60.2	1.2	57.8-62.5
Age															
< 20 years	34.9	3.3	28.8-41.5	27.4	3.1	21.7-34.0	31.5	3.5	25.2-38.7	34.1	3.4	27.8-41.0	31.3	3.4	25.1-38.4
20-24 years	45.2	2.6	40.1-50.4	41.2	2.5	36.4-46.2	46.2	2.6	41.1-51.4	45.5	2.6	40.4-50.6	48.6	2.6	43.5-53.7
25-34 years	62.3	1.7	58.9-65.6	56.5	1.7	53.2-59.8	62.6	1.6	59.4-65.8	62.8	1.7	59.5-66.0	68.2	1.6	65.0-71.3
35+ years	64.3	3.3	57.7-70.5	57.1	3.3	50.6-63.3	67.7	3.0	61.5-73.2	71.1	2.8	65.2-76.3	72.6	2.9	66.6-77.9
Race															
Black	34.3	2.7	29.2-39.8	23.3	2.4	18.9-28.3	35.0	2.9	29.7-40.8	35.6	2.9	30.2-41.4	34.2	2.9	28.8-40.0
White	59.6	1.4	56.9-62.3	54.4	1.4	51.7-57.1	59.9	1.4	57.2-62.5	60.4	1.3	57.7-63.0	64.7	1.3	62.0-67.3
Other	69.7	8.0	52.4-82.9	74.1	4.9	63.4-82.6	81.3	5.5	68.3-89.8	87.1	4.1	76.7-93.2	85.4	4.4	74.6-92.1
Hispanic Ethnicity															
Hispanic	62.5	2.7	57.2-67.6	60.5	2.8	54.9-65.7	61.3	2.6	56.2-66.2	64.2	2.5	59.2-68.9	68.4	2.4	63.6-72.8
Non-Hispanic	53.2	1.4	50.5-55.8	46.3	1.3	43.7-48.9	54.4	1.4	51.7-57.1	54.5	1.4	51.8-57.2	57.5	1.4	54.7-60.3
Education															
< High School	46.1	2.7	40.7-51.5	35.5	2.6	30.6-40.7	46.1	2.8	40.7-51.6	44.2	2.7	39.0-49.6	49.9	2.7	44.6-55.2
High School	41.3	2.2	37.1-45.7	38.1	2.2	33.9-42.5	41.4	2.2	37.1-45.9	45.7	2.3	41.3-50.1	46.4	2.4	41.6-51.2
> High School	67.3	1.6	64.0-70.4	60.9	1.7	57.6-64.1	68.7	1.6	65.5-71.7	68.7	1.6	65.4-71.7	71.3	1.6	68.2-74.2
Marital Status															
Married	65.2	1.5	62.3-68.0	59.9	1.4	57.0-62.7	67.5	1.4	64.7-70.1	67.8	1.4	65.0-70.5	70.6	1.4	67.8-73.3
Other	34.2	2.1	30.3-38.3	30.7	2.0	27.0-34.6	34.6	2.1	30.7-38.8	37.4	2.0	33.6-41.4	41.7	2.1	37.7-45.8
Payment for Delivery															
Medicaid	40.8	2.0	36.9-44.9	35.1	2.0	31.4-39.1	42.0	2.0	38.0-46.0	41.8	1.9	38.1-45.6	47.9	1.9	44.2-51.6
Other	62.5	1.5	59.5-65.4	57.6	1.5	54.7-60.5	64.7	1.5	61.8-67.5	67.0	1.5	64.0-69.8	69.7	1.5	66.6-72.5
Birthweight	40.0	2 1	262.45.5	40.0	2.0	27 4 40 7	50.0	2.5	460.550	50 5	2 .	45.0.55.0		2 1	50.0.60.0
Low	40.8	2.4	36.2-45.6	43.0	2.9	37.4-48.7	50.9	2.5	46.0-55.8	52.6	2.4	47.9-57.2	55.6	2.4	50.8-60.3
Normal	56.0	1.3	53.4-58.5	50.5	1.5	47.6-53.4	56.4	1.3	53.8-58.9	57.0	1.3	54.5-59.5	60.5	1.3	57.9-63.0

^{*}Confidence interval **Question changed in 2000

Table 29Reasons for Not Breastfeeding, 2007

	Percent	Standard Error	95% CI *
I did not like breastfeeding	54.3	2.6	49.2-59.4
I had other children to take care of	17.4	2.0	13.8-21.6
I went back to school or work	19.7	2.1	15.9-24.2
Other reasons	25.4	2.3	21.2-30.1
I was sick or on medication	13.5	1.7	10.5-17.3
I had too many household duties	11.6	1.7	8.6-15.3
I did not want to be tied down	5.9	1.2	4.0-8.7
I wanted my body back to myself	6.3	1.2	4.3-9.2
I was embarrassed to breastfeed	3.9	1.0	2.4-6.3
Baby was sick	3.6	0.9	2.2-5.9

^{*}Confidence interval

Table 30How did you learn to install and use your infant car seat? 2007

	Percent	Standard Error	95% CI *
I read the instructions	68.0	1.2	65.5-70.3
A health or safety professional showed me	25.3	1.1	23.2-27.6
A friend or family member showed me	23.2	1.1	21.1-25.4
I figured it out myself	22.4	1.1	20.4-24.7
Some other way	11.5	0.8	1013.2
Someone from a loaner program showed me	2.2	0.4	1.5-3.1

^{*}Confidence interval

Table 31Source of Payment for Prenatal Care, 2007

	Percent	Standard Error	95% CI *
Insurance/HMO	50.0	1.3	47.4-52.5
Medicaid	50.3	1.3	47.8-52.9
Personal Income	19.0	1.0	17.1-21.0
Other Source	1.7	0.3	1.1-2.5

^{*}Confidence interval

Table 32Source of Payment for Delivery, 2007

		Standard	
	Percent	Error	95% CI *
Insurance/HMO	48.8	1.3	46.3-51.4
Medicaid	52.0	1.3	49.4-54.5
Personal Income	18.9	1.0	17.1-20.9
Other Source	1.4	0.3	0.9-2.2

^{*}Confidence interval

Table 33Prevalence of Health Insurance or Medicaid for Baby, 2007

	Standard				
	Percent	Error	95% CI *		
Yes	98.4	0.3	97.6-98.9		
No	1.6	0.3	1.1-2.4		

^{*}Confidence interval

Table 34Type of Insurance for Baby, 2007

		Standard	
	Percent	Error	95% CI *
Insurance/HMO	45.7	1.3	43.2-48.3
Medicaid	46.1	1.3	43.5-48.7
KidCare/CHIP	9.5	0.8	8.1-11.2
Other Source	1.6	0.3	1.0-2.4

^{*}Confidence interval