

# 2008 Report

Illinois Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System (PRAMS)



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Illinois Department of Public Health
Illinois Center for Health Statistics
PRAMS Program
217-785-1064
TTY (for hearing impaired only) 800-547-0466

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### Introduction

The Illinois Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System (PRAMS) is an ongoing population-based survey of Illinois women who have delivered a live born infant in Illinois. PRAMS is an important part of the Illinois Department of Public Health's surveillance activities and is part of an initiative by the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) to reduce infant mortality and adverse birth outcomes. The unique information collected by the PRAMS project is used by health professionals, administrators, policy makers and researchers to develop and modify programs and policies to improve the health of women and children in Illinois.

PRAMS collects information from mothers about their behaviors and experiences before, during and immediately following the birth of the baby. The 2008 surveillance report covers a variety of selected topics broken down into several categories: family planning, prenatal care, risk factors, infant care and health, and insurance. Trend data are presented for selected topics within each category. Data are presented graphically in the body of the report with detailed tables containing standard errors and confidence intervals found in Appendix C. Statewide estimates, as well as subgroup analyses by selected sociodemographic categories, are presented. All results are weighted estimates reflective of Illinois resident women who delivered a live birth in Illinois. The data methods used by Illinois PRAMS are standardized CDC protocols used by all participating states (see Appendix A for technical notes).

### Illinois PRAMS FACTS For 2008

### **Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System**

### **Family Planning**

- 41 percent of pregnancies resulting in live births were reported as unintended.
- 49 percent of women who had an unintended pregnancy were not using birth control at the time of conception.

#### **Prenatal Care**

- 81 percent of women reported having heard or read about the importance of taking folic acid to prevent some birth defects.
- 76 percent of women reported being tested for HIV during their pregnancy, while 8 percent did not know if they were tested.
- 41 percent of women went to a dentist or dental clinic during their pregnancy and 44 percent reported being counseled by a dental or other health care worker about care of teeth and gums.
- 86 percent of women reported that a health care worker talked with them about "baby blues" or postpartum depression either during their pregnancy or after delivery.

### **Risk Factors**

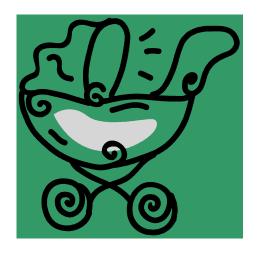
- 3 percent of women reported being physically abused by their husband or partner in the 12 months before their pregnancy; 2 percent reported abuse during pregnancy.
- 3 percent of women reported being physically abused by an ex-husband or ex-partner in the 12 months before pregnancy; 1 percent reported abuse during pregnancy.
- 19 percent of women smoked cigarettes during the three months before they became pregnant, and 10 percent smoked during the last three months of pregnancy.
- 51 percent of women reported drinking alcoholic beverages on a weekly basis in the three months before becoming pregnant. That figure dropped to 6 percent during the last three months of pregnancy. During both time periods, most women reported drinking three or fewer drinks per week.
- 8 percent of women reported being diagnosed with depression after their baby was born.

#### **Infant Health and Care**

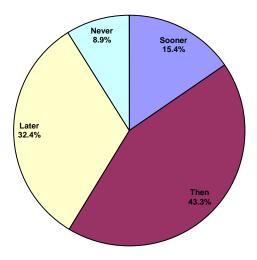
- 99 percent of women said they had an infant car seat for their new baby.
- When asked how they learned to install and use the infant car seat, 24 percent of women reported that a health or safety professional showed them. The majority of women (66%) indicated they learned by reading the instructions that came with the car seat.
- 70 percent of women reported they most often put their baby to sleep on his or her back.
- 78 percent of women reported breastfeeding their baby at least once after birth and 66 percent were still breastfeeding one month after delivery.
- Among mothers who did not breastfeed, the most common reason for not doing so was that they did not like breastfeeding (50%).

## Section 1

# **Family Planning**

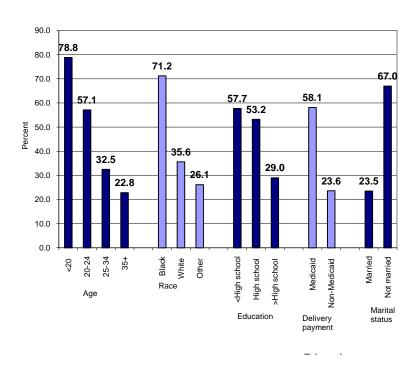


### **Intendedness of Pregnancy, 2008**



PRAMS asked women how they felt about the timing of becoming pregnant. Women who indicated that they wanted to be pregnant "then" or "sooner" were classified as having an intended pregnancy (58.7%). Those who answered that they wanted to be pregnant "later" or "not then or at any time in the future" were considered to have an unintended pregnancy (41.3%). The Healthy People 2010 Objective (9-1) is to increase intended pregnancies to 70 percent. PRAMS found three out of four unintended births in Illinois were mistimed, meaning that the woman would have preferred being pregnant at a later time. PRAMS also found that 48.7 percent of women who had unintended pregnancies were not using contraception at the time of conception. The Healthy People 2010 Objective (9-3) is to increase the proportion of females at risk of unintended pregnancy (and their partners) who use contraception to 100 percent.

### Unintended Pregnancy, 2008 By Selected Maternal Characteristics

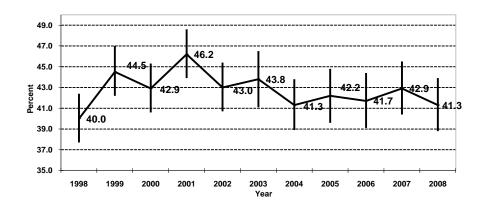


When looking at subpopulations of women, the percentage of unintended pregnancies varied widely and was very high among certain groups. Teenagers exhibited the highest percentage of unintended pregnancies when compared to other age groups. Black women had much higher percentages of unintended pregnancies when compared to women of other races. Women with a high school education or less had significantly\* more unintended pregnancies when compared to women with more than a high school education. Women whose deliveries were paid for by Medicaid and women who were unmarried had more than double the percentage of unintended pregnancies when compared to women whose deliveries were not paid by Medicaid and married women.

<sup>\*</sup>Statements throughout this report regarding significance refer to statistical significance as determined through the use of confidence intervals. See Appendix A for more details about interpretation of PRAMS data.

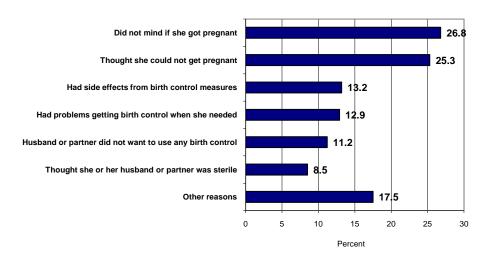
### **Unintended Pregnancy, 1998-2008**

With 95 Percent Confidence Intervals



The above chart illustrates that during the period of 1998-2008, a decline in unintended pregnancies was not seen in Illinois. The percentage peaked at 46.2 in 2001 and has remained above 40 percent since 1999. Rates among women who were unmarried, young, black, less educated or on Medicaid remained much higher than 40 percent over this time span (see tables 2a and 2b, Appendix C).

## Reasons for Not Using Birth Control Among Unintended Pregnancies, 2008



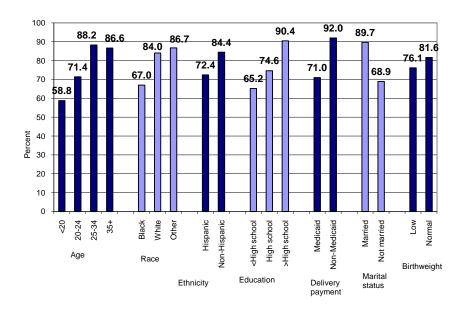
PRAMS asked women why they did not use birth control at conception. A list of reasons was provided and women were asked to check all reasons that applied to their situation. Women who had unintended pregnancies checked most often that either they did not mind if they got pregnant or they thought they could not get pregnant.

## Section 2

## **Prenatal Care**

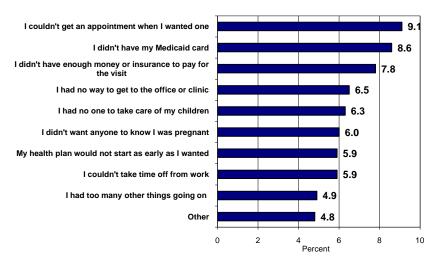


#### Initiation of Prenatal Care in the First Trimester, 2008 By Selected Maternal Characteristics



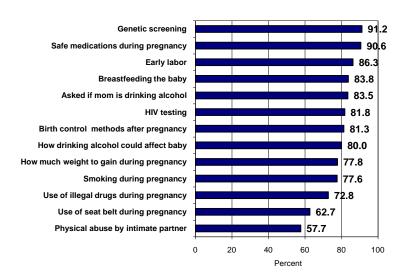
The Healthy People 2010 Objective 16-16 is to increase to at least 90 percent the proportion of all pregnant women who receive prenatal care in the first trimester of pregnancy. Among all Illinois women, 81.2 percent reported having their first prenatal care visit during the first trimester of their pregnancies. Some groups of women met the 90 percent objective while others fell far short of it as is illustrated in the chart above. Characteristics of women who met the objective included: more than a high school education and delivery not paid for by Medicaid.

### **Problems Getting Prenatal Care, 2008**



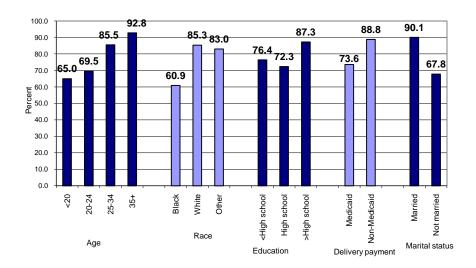
PRAMS provided a list of problems women can have when getting prenatal care and asked women to indicate if they experienced problems with each item. The chart above shows that the top three problems related to not being able to get an appointment when wanted and not having a means of paying for the visit (Medicaid, money or insurance).

# Topics Discussed by Health Care Professionals During Prenatal Care Visits, 2008



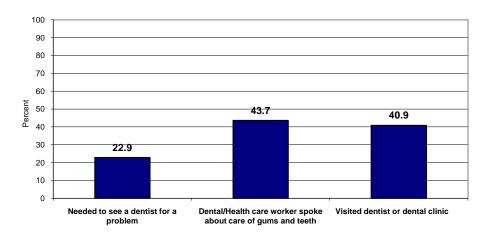
PRAMS provided a list of topic areas that may have been discussed at prenatal care visits and asked women to respond to each item with "yes" if the subject was discussed or "no" if the subject was not discussed. Women were asked not to mark "yes" if only reading materials or a video was provided. At least 75 percent of women indicated that a health care professional had discussed 10 of the 13 topics. The least discussed topic areas included use of seatbelts during pregnancy and intimate partner physical abuse.

## Knowledge About Folic Acid, 2008 By Selected Maternal Characteristics



Overall, 81.0 percent of women heard or read that folic acid could prevent some birth defects. However, significant differences were seen among subpopulations of women as highlighted in the chart above. Older or more educated women were more likely to be aware of the benefits of folic acid when compared to younger or less educated women. Black women were less likely to be aware of the benefits when compared with women of other races. Women who were married or whose deliveries were not paid for by Medicaid were more likely to report awareness when compared with unmarried women or women whose deliveries were paid for by Medicaid.



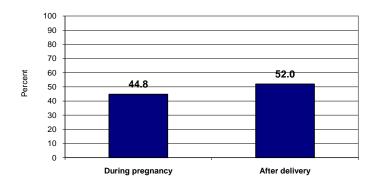


Maintaining good oral health during pregnancy is important as researchers have found that women with periodontal disease are at an increased risk for delivering preterm low birthweight babies<sup>1</sup>. Pregnant women should see a dentist or dental hygienist during pregnancy for a preventive cleaning<sup>2</sup>. In 2008, 40.9 percent of women in Illinois said they visited a dentist or dental clinic during pregnancy. Nearly 44 percent reported that a health care worker spoke with them about the care of their teeth and gums. Less than one-fourth of women said they needed to see the dentist for a problem. (See table 10, appendix C, for more details by sociodemographic factors.)

White and non-Hispanic women were more likely to report going to the dentist during pregnancy when compared with black women and Hispanic women. Women in their mid-20s or older and women with more than a high school education also reported a dental visit more often than younger women and those with a high school education or less. Married women and women whose deliveries were not paid by Medicaid were more likely to have visited the dentist than unmarried women and women whose deliveries were paid for by Medicaid.

A higher percentage of black women reported needing to see the dentist for a problem during pregnancy when compared with white women. Women whose deliveries were paid for by Medicaid were more likely to report needing to see the dentist for a problem when compared with women whose deliveries were not paid for by Medicaid. A higher percentage of women who delivered a low birthweight baby reported seeing the dentist for a problem when compared with women who delivered a normal birthweight baby.

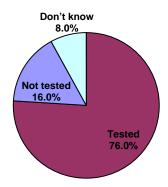
### **WIC Participation, 2008**



PRAMS found that 44.8 percent of women reported participating in the WIC\* program during pregnancy, while 52.0 percent participated after delivery. Characteristics of women most likely to participate in the program included being unmarried, young, of black race, of Hispanic ethnicity, or having a high school education or less (see table 11, Appendix C).

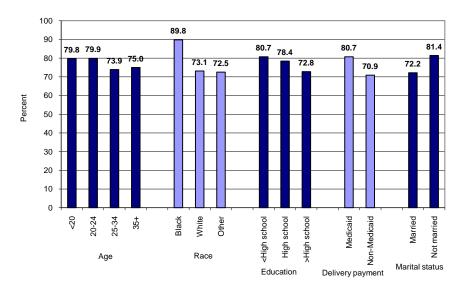
<sup>\*</sup>WIC is the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants and Children funded by the U. S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) and administered in Illinois by the Illinois Department of Human Services.

### **HIV Testing During Pregnancy, 2008**



In 2008, 76.0 percent of women indicated they were tested for HIV during pregnancy, 16.0 percent were not tested and 8.0 percent did not know if they were tested.

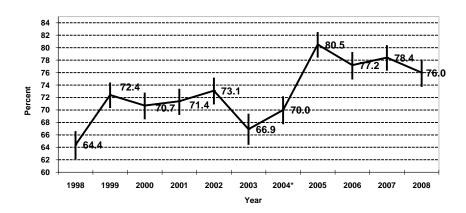
## HIV Testing During Pregnancy, 2008 By Selected Maternal Characteristics



In 2008, black women were significantly more likely to be tested for HIV when compared to women of other races, and unmarried women were more likely to be tested than married women. Women whose deliveries were paid for by Medicaid were more likely to be tested than women whose deliveries were not paid for by Medicaid. Women with less than a high school education were more likely to be tested than women with more than a high school education. When examining age groups, younger women reported higher percentages of testing compared with older women, although the difference was not statistically significant.

### **HIV Testing During Pregnancy, 1998-2008**

With 95 Percent Confidence Intervals

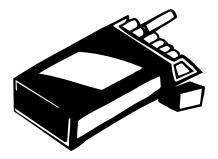


When examining HIV testing during the period of 1998 through 2008, PRAMS found the highest reporting testing rates in more recent years. Until 2004, many significant differences in testing were seen among different groups of women. Starting in 2005, many of the large gaps in testing among different groups of women began closing. Throughout the period, black women were more likely to be tested than women of other races. Unmarried women and women whose deliveries were paid for by Medicaid reported higher testing rates than married women and women whose deliveries were not paid for by Medicaid. In general, younger women reported higher rates of testing than older women (see tables 12a, 12b, 12c, Appendix C).

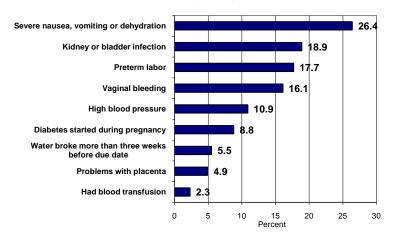
<sup>\*</sup>Change in question; see appendix A.

# Section 3

### **Risk Factors**

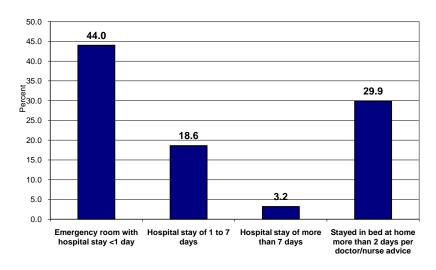


### **Problems During Pregnancy, 2008**



PRAMS asked women if they experienced certain problems during pregnancy by providing a list and asking women to respond "yes" or "no" to each item. From the list provided, the most common problem reported was severe nausea, vomiting or dehydration. The next most common problems reported were kidney/bladder infections, preterm labor (starting more than three weeks before due date), or vaginal bleeding. Fewer than 2 percent of women reported that they had diabetes that started before pregnancy, their cervix was sewn shut, or they were hurt in a car accident. (See table, Appendix C for full list.)

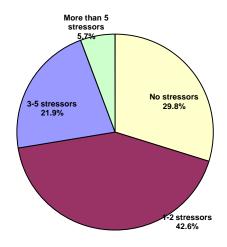
### Hospital Visits or Bedrest for Problems During Pregnancy, 2008\*



PRAMS asked women if any of the health problems reported during pregnancy resulted in hospital stays or bed rest. Forty-four percent of women reported visiting the emergency room, and about one in five required a hospital stay of up to a week. About 30 percent were advised to have bed rest for more than two days. Less than 5 percent reported staying in the hospital for more than seven days for pregnancy-related problems.

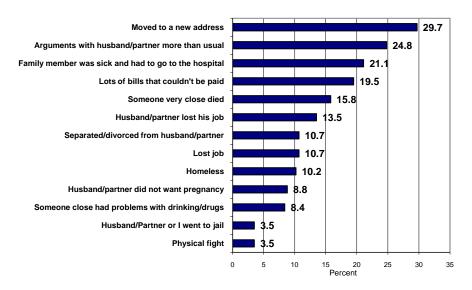
(\*Note: Missing response rates for these variables ranged from 12.5 percent to 15.0 percent; interpret with caution.)

### **Stressors Prior to Delivery, 2008**

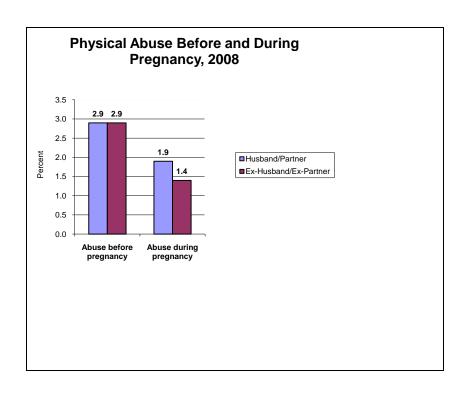


High levels of stress during pregnancy can contribute to poor pregnancy outcomes<sup>3</sup>. PRAMS asked about stressful events that occurred during the 12 months prior to delivery and found that nearly 30 percent of women reported experiencing no major stressful events while about 43 percent reported experiencing one to two stressors. Nearly 28 percent reported experiencing three or more stressors.



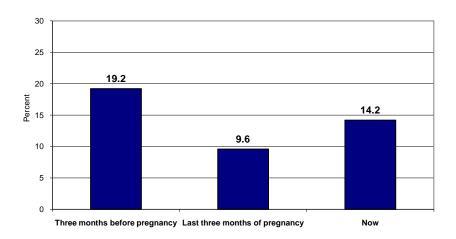


PRAMS provided a list of situations that could cause stress and asked women to indicate if any of the situations happened to them during the 12 months before the baby was born. Overall, the most commonly report event was moving to a new address (29.7%). About one in four women reported having more arguments with a husband/partner. About one in five women reported having a very sick family member or having a lot of bills that could not be paid.



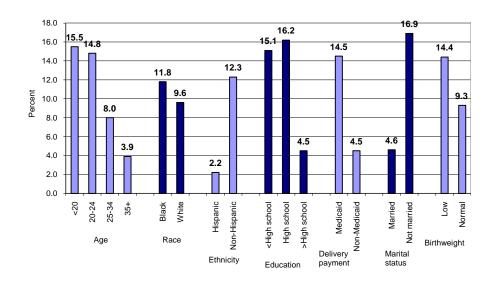
PRAMS asked women about physical abuse by a current or ex-husband/partner both before and during pregnancy. Nearly 3 percent of women reported abuse by a current or ex-husband/partner before pregnancy, while fewer than 2 percent reported abuse during pregnancy. Regardless of time period or type of partner, unmarried women and women whose deliveries were paid for by Medicaid were more likely to report abuse when compared with married women and those whose deliveries were not paid for by Medicaid (see tables 17 and 18, Appendix C).

## Prevalence of Smoking Before, During and After Pregnancy, 2008



Healthy People 2010 Objective 16-17c is to reduce cigarette smoking to a prevalence of no more than 1 percent among pregnant women. In Illinois, PRAMS found that during the three months before pregnancy, 19.2 percent of women reported they were smoking. This decreased to 9.6 percent during the last three months of pregnancy. After delivery, reported smoking climbed to 14.2 percent. Significant differences were seen when comparing different groups of women (see chart on next page).

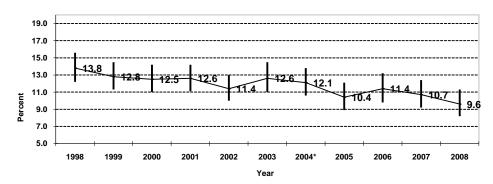
# Prevalence of Smoking During the Last Three Months of Pregnancy, 2008 By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics



Women who had given birth to low birthweight babies reported higher percentages of smoking during pregnancy when compared to women who gave birth to normal birthweight babies. Non-Hispanic women were more likely to smoke during all three time periods when compared to Hispanic women. Black and white women were more likely to smoke than women of other races. Women in their early 20s reported higher percentages of smoking during all three time periods when compared to older women. Women with a high school education or less were more likely to smoke during all time periods when compared to women with more than a high school education. Unmarried women and women whose deliveries were paid for by Medicaid reported much higher rates of smoking during all three time periods when compared to married women and women whose deliveries were not paid for by Medicaid. (For more details by sociodemographic characteristics see table 19a, Appendix C).

## Prevalence of Smoking During the Last Three Months of Pregnancy, 1998-2008

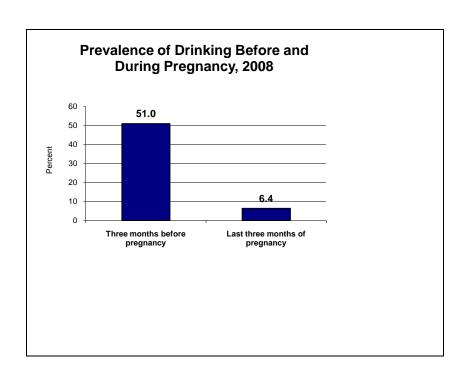
With 95 Percent Confidence Intervals



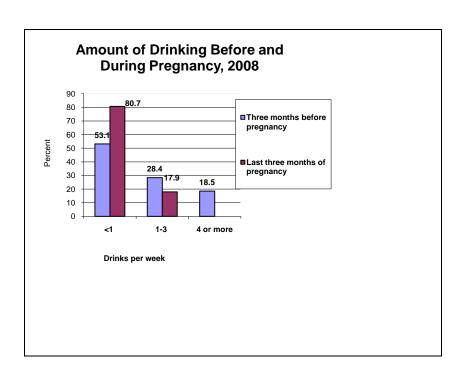
From 1998 to 2008, there was an overall gradual decline in the percentage of reported smoking during pregnancy. Among age groups, 25- to 34-year-olds exhibited a pattern most consistent with the overall trend in the table above. During the time period, a declining trend was not seen for the 20- to 24-year-old group and percentages were variable among teens. Women ages 35 and older reported the lowest percentages from 2004 through 2008. Among races, white women showed a steady pattern of decline, leveling off in 2006. Smoking among black women was more variable throughout the period. Non-Hispanic women exhibited a gradual pattern of decline, with the lowest percentage reported in 2008 (12.3%). Hispanic women reported low rates of smoking (ranging from 1.7% to 4.6%) throughout the entire period. Women with more than a high school education reported steady rates throughout most of the period, with declines starting in 2006 and the lowest percentage of smoking reported in 2008 (4.5%). Lesser educated women exhibited more variable patterns throughout the period. Married women showed a steady and significant decline with the lowest percentage report in 2008 (4.6%), while unmarried women exhibited a more variable pattern.

Gaps remained between groups from 1998 to 2008 with black and white women more likely to smoke than women of other races, and non-Hispanic women more likely to smoke than Hispanic women. Unmarried women and those with a high school education or less were more likely to smoke than married women and those with more than a high school education. Women whose deliveries were paid for by Medicaid were more likely to smoke than women whose deliveries were not paid for by Medicaid (see tables 19a, 19b and 19c, Appendix C).

<sup>\*</sup>Change in question; see appendix A.

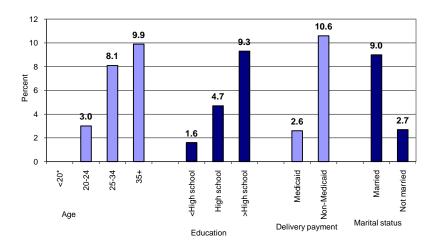


Healthy People 2010 Objective 16-17a is to increase abstinence from alcohol by pregnant women to at least 94 percent. PRAMS asked women about alcohol use just prior to pregnancy and late into pregnancy. In Illinois, half of women reported drinking in the three months before pregnancy while 6.4 percent reported drinking during the last three months of pregnancy.



Women reported drinking more drinks per week prior to pregnancy when compared with during pregnancy. Among women who reported drinking during pregnancy, nearly 99 percent drank three or fewer drinks per week.

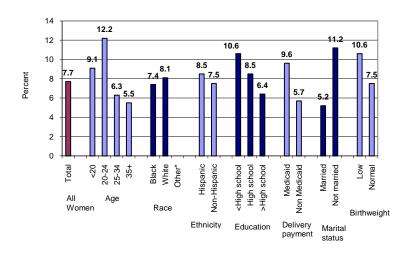
# Prevalence of Drinking During the Last Three Months of Pregnancy, 2008 By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics



PRAMS found that older women were generally more likely to report drinking during pregnancy than younger women. Women with more than a high school education and married women also were more likely to report drinking when compared to women with a high school education or less, and unmarried women. Women whose deliveries were not paid for by Medicaid reported higher percentages of drinking during pregnancy when compared with women whose deliveries were paid for by Medicaid (see table 20, Appendix C).

<sup>\*</sup>Fewer than six survey respondents indicated they were drinking during pregnancy

#### Postpartum Depression Diagnosis, 2008 By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics



\*Fewer than six respondents indicated they had been diagnosed with depression.

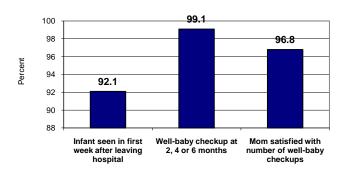
In 2008, the majority (85.6%) of women reported that a health care worker talked with them either during pregnancy or after delivery about "baby blues" or postpartum depression. After the baby was born, 7.7 percent of new mothers indicated to PRAMS that they had been diagnosed with depression. The above chart illustrates differences in reported diagnosis of depression among different groups of women. Among age groups, women 20- to 24-years old were most likely to report being diagnosed with depression. As the education level of women increased, the likelihood of reporting being diagnosed with depression decreased. Unmarried women reported significantly higher rates of depression diagnosis when compared with married women. A higher percentage of women whose deliveries were paid for by Medicaid reported being diagnosed with depression when compared with women whose deliveries were not paid for by Medicaid. Mothers of low birthweight babies reported a higher percentage of depression diagnoses when compared with mothers of normal birthweight babies.

## Section 4

### **Infant Care and Health**

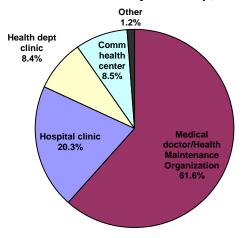


### Infant Checkups, 2008

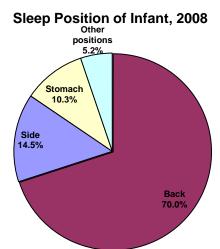


PRAMS asked women about infant checkups and found that 92.1 percent of babies were seen within the first week after leaving the hospital and nearly all babies (99.1%) had a regular health visit at 2, 4 or 6 months of age. Overall, women were satisfied with the number of checkups their babies had.

Place of Well- baby Checkup, 2008

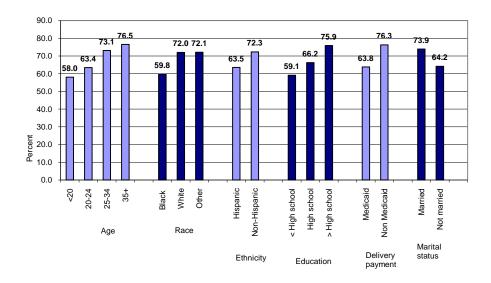


Women were asked where they usually take their babies for well-baby checkups. About three in five indicated they took their baby to a medical doctor (MD)/Health Maintenance Organization (HM0). One in five took their baby to a hospital clinic. The remaining women took their babies to community health centers, health department clinics, or other places for care.



Healthy People 2010 objective 16-13 is to increase the percentage of healthy full-term babies who are put to sleep on their backs to at least 70 percent. While overall, Illinois met this objective starting in 2006, there are disparities among subpopulations of women. Many groups have not yet met the 70 percent objective. These women were more likely to be young, not married, of black race, and of Hispanic ethnicity. They also were more likely to have a high school education or less, and the delivery paid for by Medicaid (see chart on the next page).

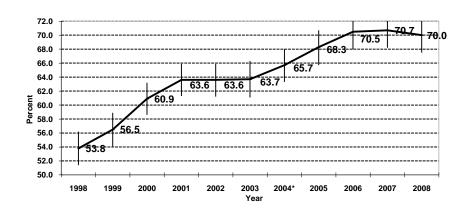
#### Prevalence of Laying Infant on Back to Sleep, 2008 By Selected Maternal Characteristics



PRAMS found generally that older women were more likely to put their babies to sleep on their backs when compared with younger women. Non-black women also were more likely to put babies to sleep on their backs when compared to black women. Non Hispanic women were more likely to use the back sleep position than Hispanic women. Women with more than a high school education were more likely to put their babies to sleep on their backs when compared to less educated women. Women who were married and whose deliveries were not paid for by Medicaid were more likely to put their babies to sleep on their backs when compared to women who were not married and whose deliveries were paid for by Medicaid.

## Prevalence of Laying Infant on Back to Sleep, 1998-2008

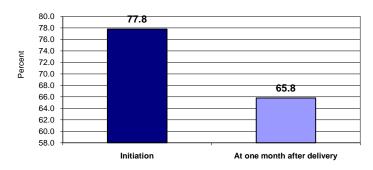
With 95 Percent Confidence Intervals



From 1998 to 2008, there was a significant increase in the prevalence of laying infants to sleep on their backs. While most subpopulations of women reported increases in putting infants to sleep on their backs during this time period, gaps remained between groups. Older and more educated women reported higher percentages than younger, less educated women. Non-black women continued to report higher percentages than black women. Women who were married or whose deliveries were not paid for by Medicaid reported higher percentages of laying infants down to sleep on their backs than women who were not married or whose deliveries were paid for by Medicaid. From 2005 through 2007, significant differences were not seen when comparing Hispanic with non-Hispanic ethnicity, or when comparing low versus normal birthweight groups. In 2008, however, Hispanic women were again significantly less likely than non-Hispanic women to put their babies to sleep on their backs (see tables 26a, 26b, and 26c, Appendix C).

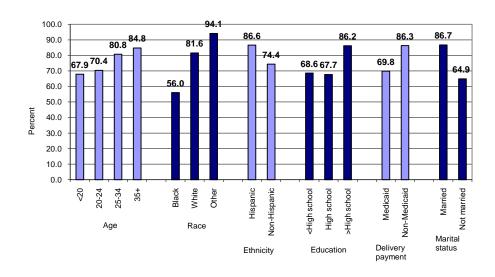
<sup>\*</sup>Change in question; see Appendix A.

## Breastfeeding Initiation and Continuation, 2008



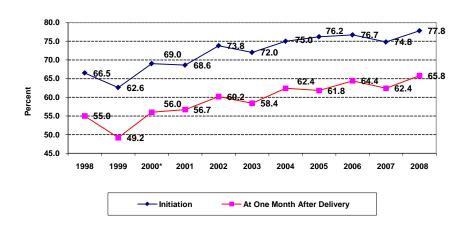
PRAMS found that 77.8 percent of women reported breastfeeding their babies at least once after birth, while 65.8 percent of women were still breastfeeding at one month after delivery.

## Breastfeeding Initiation, 2008 By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics



When examining subpopulations of women, many significant differences existed in breastfeeding initiation. Older women and those with more than a high school education had higher initiation rates than younger, less educated women. Non-black and Hispanic women were significantly more likely to breastfeed than black or non-Hispanic women. Women who were married or whose deliveries were not paid for by Medicaid had significantly higher rates of initiation when compared with unmarried women or those whose deliveries were paid for by Medicaid. Similar patterns could be seen with continuation at one month (see tables 27 and 28, Appendix C).

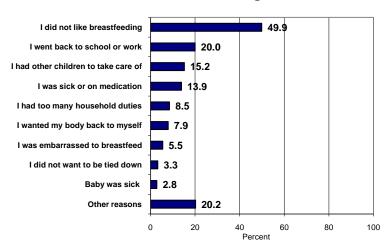
## Breastfeeding Initiation and Continuation, 1998-2008



From 1998-2008, breastfeeding initiation and continuation at one month followed similar patterns, peaking in 2008. Throughout the period, gaps remained among groups. Older women and those with more than a high school education were more likely to initiate and continue breastfeeding than their younger, less educated counterparts. Non-black and Hispanic women were significantly more likely to breastfeed than black or non-Hispanic women. Married women and women whose deliveries were not paid for by Medicaid were more likely to initiate and continue breastfeeding when compared to unmarried women or those whose deliveries were paid for by Medicaid.

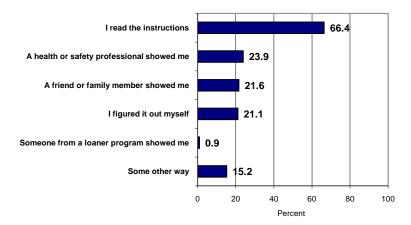
<sup>\*</sup>Change in questions; see appendix A.

### Reasons for Not Breastfeeding, 2008



PRAMS provided a list of reasons why women might not initiate breastfeeding and asked women to check all of the reasons that applied to them. The most common reason checked for not breastfeeding was they did not like breastfeeding (49.9%). One in five women cited returning to work or school as barrier.

### How Did You Learn to Install and Use Your Infant Car Seat? (2008)



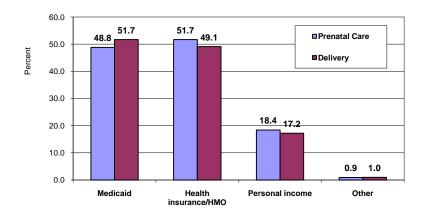
PRAMS asked women if they had an infant car seat for their new baby and nearly all women (99.2%) said "yes." This figure did not vary significantly across subpopulations of women. Women were then given a list and asked to check all of the ways they learned to install and use the car seat. PRAMS found that the majority (66.4%) reported reading the instructions.

## Section 5

### Insurance



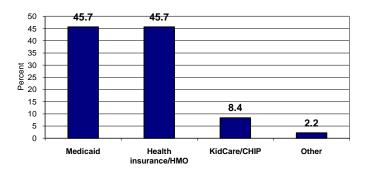
## Source of Payment for Prenatal Care and Delivery, 2008



PRAMS asked women how their prenatal care and deliveries were paid. For prenatal care, about 49 percent of women reported using Medicaid while about 52 percent indicated they used private health insurance or an HMO. For payment of delivery, about 52 percent of women reported using Medicaid while about 49 percent of women reported using private health insurance or an HMO. Nearly 20 percent of women reported using personal income as well to pay for the prenatal care and delivery.

(Note: Percentages do not add up to 100 as more than one type of payment could have been chosen.)





PRAMS asked women if they had health insurance or Medicaid for their new baby and found that 97.4 percent indicated they had some type of coverage. The above chart shows the type of coverage women had for their new baby. Nearly 46 percent were covered either by private health insurance/HMO or Medicaid. KidCare or CHIP was indicated as the insurance type by 8.4 percent of women. (Note: Percentages may not add up to 100 as more than one type of insurance could have been chosen.)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Illinois Department of Public Health. *Women's Oral Health*. n.d. http://www.idph.state.il.us/Health Wellness/oralhlth/oralwomen.htm (accessed February 18, 2009).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Illinois Department of Public Health. *Oral Health: A Link to General Health.* 2004.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> D'Angelo D, Williams L, Morrow B, Cox S, Harris N, Harrison L, Posner SF, Richardson Hood J, Zapata L. Preconception and Interconception Health Status of Women Who Recently Gave Birth to a Live-Born Infant---Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System (PRAMS), United States, 26 Reporting Areas, 2004. In: MMWR Surveillance Summaries, December 14, 2007; 56 (SS10): 1-35.

# **Appendix A Technical Notes**

#### **Collection of Data**

The data collection for the 2008 Illinois Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System (PRAMS) was conducted by the Illinois Center for Health Statistics, Illinois Department of Public Health.

Illinois uses the standardized data collection methods developed by the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and used by all states participating in PRAMS. Data are collected through mailed surveys with telephone follow-up for non-responders. A systematic stratified random sample of approximately 200 mothers is selected monthly from a frame of eligible birth certificates. At two to six months after delivery, each sampled mother is mailed an introductory letter followed up by a 14-page survey. A reminder letter and a second and third mailing of the survey are sent to those who do not respond. PRAMS interviewers telephone mothers who do not respond to any of the mailed surveys to administer the survey by telephone. Surveys are available in both English and Spanish, and telephone interviews were conducted in both languages.

A total of 2,341 women were eligible to participate in the study in 2008; 1,685 women actually participated. Sample numbers, response rates and weighted estimates by selected characteristics are presented in Appendix B.

### **Sampling Design**

A systematic stratified random sampling design is used to oversample low birthweight (<2,500 grams) births. The sample is divided into two strata: low birthweight (less than 2,500 grams) and normal birthweight (2,500 grams or greater). The weighted response rates in 2008 were as follows:

Overall, 72.8 percent Low birthweight, 68.5 percent Normal birthweight, 73.2 percent

### **Weighting and Interpretation of Results**

Statistics in this report are based on weighted data. The weights were developed by CDC to adjust for sample design, non-response patterns and omissions from the sampling frame. The final sampling weight used in the analysis of the survey data is the product of these three elements. Weighting is necessary to give unbiased estimates of population parameters.

Percentages, standard errors and the 95 percent confidence intervals were calculated using SUDAAN software. Confidence intervals were used to determine significance of trends. All missing observations were excluded. Missing values equal to or exceeding 10 percent are noted. Estimates for subpopulations in which there were fewer than 32 respondents are not reported, as they may be imprecise and biased. Estimates for response categories with fewer than six respondents are not reported, as they may be unstable.

PRAMS data are representative of Illinois resident women, age 14 years or older, who have given live birth in Illinois. The data are not applicable to all pregnant women. Women younger than 18 years of age were not asked questions about physical abuse.

Periodically, the PRAMS survey undergoes a major revision during which questions may be modified, dropped or new questions added. Such revisions occurred in the years 2000 and 2004. Changes associated with each survey phase are noted throughout this document when multiyear data are presented. Specific wording changes are presented below:

### **HIV Testing**

Phase 3 and 4 Question (1998-2003)

At any time during your most recent pregnancy or delivery, did you have blood test for HIV (the virus that causes AIDS)?

No

Yes

I don't know

Phase 5 Question (2004-2008)

At any time during your most recent pregnancy or delivery, did you have a test for HIV (the virus that causes AIDS)?

No

Yes

I don't know

### **Smoking During Pregnancy**

Phase 3 and 4 Question (1998-2003)

In the last three months of your pregnancy, how many cigarettes or packs of cigarettes did you smoke on an average day? (A pack has 20 cigarettes.)

\_\_\_\_Cigarettes **OR** \_\_\_\_ Packs

Less than 1 cigarette a day

I didn't smoke

I don't know

### Phase 5 Question (2004-2008)

In the last three months of your pregnancy, how many cigarettes did you smoke on an average day? (A pack has 20 cigarettes.)

41 cigarettes or more

21 to 40 cigarettes

11 to 20 cigarettes

6 to 10 cigarettes

1 to 5 cigarettes

Less than 1 cigarette

*None (0 cigarettes)* 

### **Breastfeeding Initiation and Duration**

Phase 3 Question	(1998, 1999):
_	eks did you breastfeed your new baby?
·	Weeks
	I didn't breastfeed my baby
	I breastfed less than one week
	I'm still breastfeeding
Phase 4 and 5 Que	estions (2000-2008):
Did you ever brea.	stfeed or pump breast milk to feed your new baby after delivery?
	No
	Yes
How many weeks o	or months did you breastfeed or pump milk to feed your baby? Weeks <b>OR</b> Months Less than 1 week
Infant Sleep Posi	tion
Phase 3 Question (	(1998, 1999):
•	our new baby down to sleep most of the time? Check one answer.
, 1	On his or her side
	On his or her back
	On his or her stomach
Phase 4 and 5 Que	estion (2000-2008):
-	often lay your baby down to sleep now? Check one answer.
•	On his or her side
	On his or her back
	On his or her stomach

**Appendix B**Sample Numbers, Response Rates and Weighted Estimates by Selected Characteristics Illinois PRAMS, 2008

Characteristic	Number Sampled	Number of Respondents	Unweighted Percent Responding	Weighted Estimate*
All	2,341	1,685	72.0	168,649
Age				
< 20 years	280	189	67.5	18,891
20-24 years	519	344	66.3	35,197
25-34 years	1,196	896	74.9	89,779
35+ years	346	256	74.0	24,782
Race				
White	1,761	1,357	77.1	131,663
Black	439	236	53.8	29,020
Other	137	90	65.7	7,819
Hispanic Ethnicity				
Hispanic	625	469	75.0	46,232
Non-Hispanic	1,715	1,215	70.8	122,296
Education				
< High School	458	327	71.4	33,689
High School	655	442	67.5	43,812
> High School	1,190	892	75.0	89,097
Marital Status				
Married	1,333	1,030	77.3	99,213
Unmarried	1,008	655	65.0	69,436
Birthweight				
Low (<2,500 grams)	588	403	68.5	12,146
Normal (>=2,500 grams)	1,753	1,282	73.1	156,503

<sup>\*</sup>For respondents: weighted estimate in population

# **Appendix C Detailed Tables**

Table 1
Intendedness of Pregnancy, 2008

		Standard	
	Percent	Error	95% CI *
Wanted sooner	15.41	0.9	13.6-17.3
Wanted later	32.4	1.3	30.0-35.0
Wanted then	43.3	1.3	40.8-45.9
Didn't want then or at anytime in future	8.9	0.8	7.4-10.6

<sup>\*</sup> Confidence interval

**Table 2a**Unintended Pregnancy, 2008
By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics

		Standard	
	Percent	Error	95% CI *
Total	41.3	1.3	38.8-43.9
Age			
< 20 years	78.8	3.2	71.8-84.4
20-24 years	57.1	2.9	51.4-62.7
25-34 years	32.5	1.7	29.2-35.9
35+ years	22.8	2.9	17.6-29.0
Race			
Black	71.2	3.3	64.4-77.3
White	35.6	1.4	32.9-38.4
Other	26.1	5.2	17.3-37.4
Hispanic Ethnicity			
Hispanic	45.2	2.5	40.4-50.1
Non-Hispanic	39.8	1.6	36.8-42.9
Education			
< High School	57.7	3.0	51.8-63.4
High School	53.2	2.6	48.0-58.2
> High School	29.0	1.7	25.9-32.4
Marital Status			
Married	23.5	1.4	20.8-26.4
Other	67.0	2.0	62.9-70.8
Payment for Delivery			
Medicaid	58.1	1.9	54.4-61.7
Other	23.6	1.6	20.6-26.9
Birthweight			
Low	42.1	2.5	37.3-47.1
Normal	41.3	1.4	38.5-44.1

<sup>\*</sup> Confidence interval

**Table 2b**Unintended Pregnancy, 2003-2007
By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics

		2003			2004			2005			2006			2007	
	Percent	Standard Error	95% CI *	Percent	Standard Error	95% CI *	Percent	Standard Error	95% CI *	Percent	Standard Error	95% CI*	Percent	Standard Error	95% CI *
Total	43.8	1.4	41.1-46.5	41.3	1.2	38.9-43.8	42.2	1.3	39.6-44.8	41.7	1.3	39.1-44.4	42.9	1.3	40.4-45.5
Age															
< 20 years	77.9	3.5	70.2-84.1	75.0	3.7	67.2-81.5	75.7	3.5	68.1-81.9	77.4	3.6	69.5-83.7	80.6	3.3	73.3-86.3
20-24 years	61.9	2.7	56.6-67.0	58.5	2.7	53.1-63.6	58.1	2.9	52.4-63.6	55.1	2.9	49.3-60.7	60.1	2.8	54.5-65.5
25-34 years	31.2	1.8	27.8-34.7	33.5	1.6	30.5-36.7	33.0	1.8	29.7-36.6	35.8	1.7	32.5-39.3	33.9	1.7	30.7-37.3
35+ years	31.7	3.5	25.2-39.1	26.2	2.8	21.1-32.0	27.9	3.1	22.3-34.4	19.7	2.7	14.9-25.6	22.4	2.9	17.3-28.7
Descri															
Race Black	69.1	3.2	62.5-75.0	71.4	2.8	65.5-76.6	69.6	3.1	63.2-75.3	67.5	3.3	60.7-73.7	68.5	3.1	62.1-74.3
White	39.3	1.5	36.4-42.3	34.9	1.3	32.3-37.5	36.3	1.4	33.5-39.2	36.8	3.3 1.4	34.0-39.6	37.7	1.4	34.9-40.5
willte											1.4				
Other	25.8	5.5	16.5-37.9	36.2	5.7	25.8-48.0	31.9	6.2	21.2-45.0	29.7	5.3	20.5-40.9	29.2	4.6	21.0-39.0
Hispanic Ethnicity															
Hispanic Edinicity	45.2	2.7	40.0-50.6	42.5	2.5	37.7-47.6	44.2	2.6	39.1-49.4	44.0	2.5	39.2-49.0	47.5	2.8	42.1-52.9
Non-Hispanic	43.3	1.6	40.3-46.4	41.0	1.4	38.2-43.8	41.6	1.6	38.6-44.7	40.9	1.6	37.8-44.0	41.7	1.5	38.8-44.6
Tron Inspanie										,	1.0	27.0 1.10	,	1.0	20.00
Education															
< High School	57.4	2.9	51.7-62.9	52.2	2.8	46.7-57.7	53.7	2.9	48.0-59.3	51.5	3.0	45.8-57.3	58.8	3.1	52.7-64.6
High School	56.1	2.6	50.9-61.1	53.4	2.5	48.5-58.3	57.1	2.7	51.8-62.2	51.3	2.7	46.0-56.6	54.7	2.6	49.5-59.8
> High School	30.5	1.8	27.1-34.1	31.4	1.6	28.4-34.6	30.2	1.7	27.0-33.7	32.8	1.7	29.5-36.3	31.5	1.6	28.4-34.7
Marital Status															
Married	29.5	1.6	26.5-32.7	28.1	1.4	25.5-30.9	25.8	1.5	22.9-28.8	26.9	1.5	24.2-29.9	27.1	1.5	24.3-30.1
Other	68.0	2.1	63.7-72.0	65.3	2.0	61.3-69.2	67.6	2.0	63.5-71.5	66.6	2.1	62.3-70.7	67.1	2.0	63.0-70.9
Payment for															
Delivery															
Medicaid	61.0	2.0	57.1-64.8	58.3	1.8	54.7-61.8	58.1	1.9	54.4-61.7	57.3	1.9	53.5-61.0	59.2	1.8	55.6-62.7
Other	28.6	1.7	25.3-32.0	26.9	1.5	24.1-30.0	25.7	1.7	22.6-29.2	26.3	1.6	23.2-29.7	25.4	1.6	22.3-28.7
Birthweight	16.1	2.4	41 4 50 0	44.0	2.2	10 6 10 2	40.4	2.4	42.7.52.1	40.0	2.2	20.0.47.0	46.3	2.5	41 5 51 1
Low	46.1	2.4	41.4-50.9	44.8	2.2	40.6-49.2	48.4	2.4	43.7-53.1	43.3	2.3	38.8-47.9	46.3	2.5	41.5-51.1
Normal	43.6	1.5	40.8-46.5	41.0	1.3	38.5-43.7	41.7	1.4	38.9-44.5	41.6	1.4	38.8-44.4	42.7	1.4	40.0-45.4
*C C1 : . 1															

<sup>\*</sup>Confidence interval

**Table 2c**Unintended Pregnancy, 1998-2002
By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics

		1998			1999			2000			2001			2002	
		Standard			Standard			Standard			Standard			Standard	
	Percent	Error	95% CI *												
Total	40.0	1.2	37.7-42.4	44.5	1.2	42.2-47.0	42.9	1.2	40.6-45.3	46.2	1.2	43.9-48.6	43.0	1.2	40.7-45.4
Age															
< 20 years	73.7	2.9	67.7-79.0	84.4	2.6	78.5-88.8	75.0	3.2	68.3-80.7	77.7	2.9	71.6-82.9	73.7	3.2	67.0-79.5
20-24 years	51.7	2.7	46.5-56.9	58.6	2.5	53.6-63.4	60.2	2.5	55.1-65.0	60.9	2.5	55.9-65.7	61.8	2.5	56.8-66.6
25-34 years	29.0	1.6	26.0-32.2	31.7	1.6	28.7-34.8	32.7	1.6	29.7-35.8	36.0	1.6	32.9-39.3	32.2	1.6	29.1-35.4
35+ years	26.3	3.2	20.6-32.9	28.4	3.1	22.6-34.9	26.3	2.8	21.2-32.2	33.1	2.9	27.6-39.1	27.9	2.9	22.6-33.8
Race															
Black	69.7	2.6	64.4-74.5	76.8	2.4	71.7-81.1	71.5	2.6	66.2-76.3	73.9	2.5	68.6-78.6	70.7	2.7	65.1-75.7
White	32.9	1.4	30.3-35.6	36.6	1.4	33.9-39.3	36.1	1.3	33.6-38.7	39.8	1.3	37.3-42.4	37.4	1.3	34.8-40.0
Other	29.7	8.2	16.4-47.6	34.5	5.3	24.9-45.6	41.7	6.6	29.7-54.9	35.9	5.6	25.8-47.4	35.6	6.0	24.9-47.9
Hispanic Ethnicity															
Hispanic	35.9	2.7	30.8-41.3	43.3	2.8	37.9-48.9	41.7	2.6	36.7-46.7	44.5	2.5	39.6-49.5	48.1	2.5	43.2-53.1
Non-Hispanic	41.0	1.3	38.4-43.6	44.9	1.4	42.2-47.6	43.3	1.4	40.7-46.0	46.8	1.4	44.1-49.5	41.5	1.4	38.8-44.3
Education															
< High School	54.3	2.8	48.8-59.6	60.6	2.7	55.2-65.8	55.1	2.7	49.7-60.3	62.0	2.6	56.8-66.8	59.2	2.7	53.9-64.3
High School	49.7	2.3	45.2-54.1	53.7	2.3	49.1-58.2	55.3	2.2	51.0-59.6	52.6	2.2	48.2-56.9	54.9	2.4	50.2-59.6
> High School	27.6	1.6	24.6-30.8	31.5	1.6	28.4-34.7	29.9	1.6	27.0-33.1	35.3	1.6	32.1-38.6	30.3	1.6	27.3-33.4
Marital Status															
Married	24.7	1.3	22.2-27.5	28.0	1.3	25.4-30.7	29.1	1.3	26.6-31.8	31.7	1.4	29.0-34.5	27.8	1.4	25.2-30.6
Other	70.5	2.0	66.6-74.2	73.3	1.9	69.4-76.8	68.8	2.0	64.7-72.5	71.0	1.8	67.3-74.4	69.5	1.9	65.7-73.1
Payment for Delivery															
Medicaid	59.4	2.1	55.3-63.3	67.6	2.0	63.6-71.3	63.3	1.9	59.4-67.0	64.7	1.8	61.1-68.2	61.1	1.8	57.4-64.6
Other	29.7	1.4	26.9-32.5	31.1	1.4	28.4-33.9	30.2	1.4	27.6-33.0	33.2	1.5	30.4-36.1	29.3	1.5	26.4-32.2
D: 45 - 1.14															
Birthweight	40.2	2.4	12 5 52 0	52.2	2.0	47.6.50.0	47.5	2.4	42.0.52.1	40.2	2.2	12 0 50 7	46.2	2.2	41 6 50 0
Low	48.2	2.4	43.5-52.8	53.3	2.9	47.6-58.8	47.5	2.4	42.9-52.1	48.2	2.3	43.8-52.7	46.2	2.3	41.6-50.8
Normal	39.4	1.3	37.0-41.9	43.9	1.5	40.9-46.8	42.6	1.3	40.1-45.1	46.1	1.3	43.6-48.6	42.8	1.3	40.3-45.4

<sup>\*</sup> Confidence interval

Table 3
Use of Birth Control at Conception
Among Unintended Pregnancies, 2008

	Percent	Standard Error	95% CI *
Using	51.3	2.3	46.9-55.7
Not using	48.7	2.3	44.3-53.1

<sup>\*</sup>Confidence interval

**Table 4**Reasons for Not Using Birth Control at Conception
Among Unintended Pregnancies, 2008

	Percent	Standard Error	95% CI *
Thought she could not get pregnant	25.3	2.7	20.4-30.9
Did not mind if she got pregnant	26.8	2.7	21.8-32.5
Other reasons	17.5	2.4	13.3-22.8
Had side effects from birth control measures	13.2	2.2	9.5-18.0
Husband or partner did not want to use any birth control	11.2	2.0	7.8-15.7
Had problems getting birth control when she needed	12.9	2.2	9.2-17.7
Thought she or her husband or partner was sterile	8.5	1.8	5.6-12.6

<sup>\*</sup> Confidence interval

**Table 5**Trimester When Prenatal Care Was Started, 2008

	Percent	Standard Error	95% CI *
1st trimester	81.2	1.1	79.0-83.2
2nd trimester	16.2	1.0	14.3-18.2
3rd trimester	1.9	0.4	1.3-2.9
No prenatal care	0.7	0.2	0.4-1.3

<sup>\*</sup> Confidence interval

**Table 6**Initiation of Prenatal Care in the First Trimester, 2008
By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics

		Standard	
	Percent	Error	95% CI *
Total	81.2	1.1	79.0-83.2
Age			
< 20 years	58.8	4.1	50.7-66.5
20-24 years	71.4	2.7	65.8-76.4
25-34 years	88.2	1.2	85.7-90.3
35+ years	86.6	2.4	81.2-90.7
Race			
Black	67.0	3.4	59.9-73.4
White	84.0	1.1	81.8-86.0
Other	86.7	4.0	76.9-92.7
Hispanic Ethnicity			
Hispanic	72.4	2.3	67.7-76.6
Non-Hispanic	84.4	1.2	82.0-86.6
Education			
< High School	65.2	2.9	59.3-70.7
High School	74.6	2.3	69.8-78.9
> High School	90.4	1.1	88.1-92.4
Marital Status			
Married	89.7	1.0	87.5-91.5
Other	68.9	2.0	64.8-72.7
Payment for Delivery			
Medicaid	71.0	1.8	67.4-74.3
Other	92.0	1.0	89.8-93.8
Birthweight			
Low	76.1	2.2	71.6-80.2
Normal	81.6	1.1	79.3-83.7

<sup>\*</sup> Confidence interval

**Table 7**Problems Getting Prenatal Care, 2008

	Percent	Standard Error	95% CI *
I couldn't get an appointment when I wanted one	9.1	0.8	7.7-10.7
I didn't have my Medicaid card I didn't have enough money or insurance to pay for the	8.6	0.8	7.2-10.3
visit	7.8	0.7	6.5-9.3
I had no way to get to the office or clinic	6.5	0.7	5.3-8.0
I couldn't take time off from work	5.9	0.7	4.8-7.4
My health plan would not start as early as I wanted	5.9	0.7	4.8-7.3
I had no one to take care of my children	6.3	0.7	5.1-7.7
Other	4.8	0.7	3.6-6.4
I didn't want anyone to know I was pregnant	6.0	0.7	4.8-7.4
I had too many other things going on	4.9	0.6	3.8-6.3

<sup>\*</sup>Confidence interval

**Table 8**Topics Discussed by Health Care Professionals
During Prenatal Care Visits, 2008

	Percent	Standard Error	95% CI *
Genetic screening	91.2	0.8	89.6-92.6
Safe medications during pregnancy	90.6	0.8	88.9-92.0
Early labor	86.3	0.9	84.4-88.0
Asked if mom is drinking alcohol	83.5	1.0	81.4-85.3
HIV testing	81.8	1.0	79.7-83.7
Breastfeeding the baby	83.8	1.0	81.8-85.6
Birth control methods after pregnancy	81.3	1.0	79.2-83.3
How much weight to gain during pregnancy	77.8	1.1	75.5-79.9
How drinking alcohol could affect baby	80.0	1.1	77.9-82.0
Smoking during pregnancy	77.6	1.1	75.4-79.7
Use of illegal drugs during pregnancy	72.8	1.2	70.5-75.1
Use of seat belt during pregnancy	62.7	1.3	60.2-65.2
Physical abuse by intimate partner	57.7	1.3	55.1-60.2

<sup>\*</sup>Confidence interval

**Table 9**Knowledge About Folic Acid, 2008
By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics

		Standard	
	Percent	Error	95% CI *
Total	81.0	1.1	78.8-83.0
Age			
< 20 years	65.0	3.9	57.0-72.2
20-24 years	69.5	2.8	63.8-74.7
25-34 years	85.5	1.3	82.7-87.9
35+ years	92.8	1.8	88.4-95.6
Race			
Black	60.9	3.6	53.6-67.6
White	85.3	1.0	83.1-87.2
Other	83.0	4.4	72.6-90.0
Hispanic Ethnicity			
Hispanic	83.8	1.8	79.9-87.1
Non-Hispanic	79.9	1.3	77.2-82.3
Education			
< High School	76.4	2.6	71.0-81.0
High School	72.3	2.4	67.3-76.8
> High School	87.3	1.3	84.6-89.6
Marital Status			
Married	90.1	1.0	87.9-91.9
Other	67.8	2.0	63.7-71.7
Payment for Delivery			
Medicaid	73.6	1.7	70.2-76.8
Other	88.8	1.2	86.2-91.0
Birthweight			
Low	78.9	2.1	74.5-82.7
Normal	81.1	1.1	78.8-83.3

<sup>\*</sup>Confidence interval

**Table 10**Oral Health Care During Pregnancy by Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics, 2008

	Needed to Se	ee a Dentist for	a Problem	Dental/Health Care o	Care Worker S		Visited Der	Visited Dentist or Dental Clinic			
		Standard			Standard			Standard			
	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *		
Total	22.9	1.1	20.7-25.2	43.7	1.3	41.1-46.4	40.9	1.3	38.4-43.5		
Age											
< 20 years	21.9	3.4	16.0-29.2	41.5	4.0	33.9-49.6	31.0	3.8	24.1-38.9		
20-24 years	22.6	2.4	18.2-27.7	33.7	2.8	28.4-39.4	24.7	2.5	20.1-29.9		
25-34 years	23.5	1.6	20.5-26.7	46.7	1.8	43.1-50.3	46.7	1.8	43.2-50.3		
35+ years	21.9	2.8	16.8-28.0	49.2	3.4	42.5-55.9	50.5	3.4	43.9-57.1		
Race											
Black	29.3	3.3	23.2-36.3	40.9	3.6	34.0-48.2	28.6	3.3	22.6-35.6		
White	21.4	1.2	19.1-23.8	45.2	1.5	42.3-48.1	44.3	1.5	41.4-47.1		
Other	23.8	5.1	15.3-35.1	28.3	5.4	19.1-39.9	29.4	5.5	19.9-41.1		
Hispanic Ethnicity											
Hispanic	21.6	2.1	17.9-25.9	38.7	2.4	34.0-43.5	33.1	2.4	28.6-37.9		
Non-Hispanic	23.3	1.4	20.7-26.0	45.7	1.6	42.6-48.8	43.8	1.6	40.8-46.9		
Education											
< High School	25.6	2.7	20.7-31.2	37.5	3.0	31.9-43.4	27.2	2.7	22.2-32.9		
High School	25.4	2.3	21.3-30.2	40.8	2.6	35.8-46.0	30.8	2.4	26.3-35.7		
> High School	20.8	1.5	18.0-23.9	47.3	1.8	43.8-50.9	50.7	1.8	47.2-54.3		
Marital Status											
Married	20.8	1.4	18.2-23.6	47.6	1.7	44.3-50.9	50.1	1.7	46.8-53.4		
Other	25.8	1.9	22.3-29.7	38.3	2.1	34.2-42.5	27.7	2.0	24.0-31.7		
Payment for Delivery											
Medicaid	26.6	1.7	23.4-30.0	37.4	1.9	33.8-41.1	28.1	1.7	24.9-31.6		
Other	18.8	1.5	16.1-21.9	50.6	1.9	46.9-54.2	54.3	1.9	50.7-58.0		
Disdoniald											
Birthweight Low	28.5	2.3	24.3-33.1	41.8	2.5	37.1-46.7	267	2.4	32.1-41.5		
	28.5 22.4	1.2	24.3-33.1 20.2-24.9	41.8	2.5 1.4	37.1-46.7 41.1-46.7	36.7 41.2	2.4 1.4	32.1-41.5 38.5-44.0		
Normal	22.4	1.2	20.2-24.9	43.9	1.4	41.1-40./	41.2	1.4	36.3-44.0		

<sup>\*</sup>Confidence interval

Table 11 WIC Participation, 2008 By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics

	Participat	tion During l	Pregnancy	Participa	ation After I	Delivery
		Standard			Standard	
	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *
Total	44.8	1.3	42.2-47.4	52.0	1.3	49.4-54.6
Age						
< 20 years	82.3	3.1	75.4-87.6	93.7	1.9	88.8-96.5
20-24 years	68.3	2.7	62.8-73.4	78.9	2.4	73.9-83.1
25-34 years	34.1	1.7	30.7-37.5	40.0	1.8	36.5-43.5
35+ years	21.9	2.8	16.8-28.0	26.3	3.1	20.7-32.7
Race						
Black	66.3	3.5	59.2-72.7	83.5	2.8	77.4-88.3
White	41.4	1.4	38.6-44.2	46.8	1.5	43.9-49.7
Other	23.4	5.0	15.0-34.5	23.2	5.0	14.9-34.4
Hispanic Ethnicity						
Hispanic	70.0	2.3	65.4-74.2	80.3	2.0	76.1-83.9
Non-Hispanic	35.4	1.5	32.5-38.5	41.4	1.6	38.3-44.5
Education						
< High School	79.3	2.5	74.1-83.7	91.8	1.7	88.0-94.5
High School	63.2	2.5	58.2-68.0	73.6	2.3	68.9-77.8
> High School	22.1	1.5	19.2-25.2	26.3	1.6	23.2-29.7
Marital Status						
Married	24.6	1.5	21.9-27.6	28.4	1.5	25.5-31.4
Other	73.7	1.9	69.8-77.3	86.4	1.5	83.3-89.1
Payment for Delivery						
Medicaid	78.0	1.6	74.8-80.9	89.2	1.2	86.7-91.3
Other	9.4	1.1	7.4-11.8	12.8	1.3	10.5-15.6
Birthweight						
Low	48.6	2.5	43.7-53.5	60.0	2.5	55.1-64.8
Normal	44.5	1.4	41.8-47.3	51.4	1.4	48.654.2

<sup>\*</sup>Confidence interval

**Table 12a**HIV Testing During Pregnancy, 2008
By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics

		Tested			Not Tested		Don	't Know If Te	ested
		Standard			Standard			Standard	
	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *
Total	76.0	1.1	73.7-78.1	16.0	1.0	14.2-18.0	8.0	0.7	6.7-9.6
Age									
< 20 years	79.8	3.2	72.9-85.3	13.0	2.6	8.7-19.0	7.2	2.1	4.0-12.5
20-24 years	79.9	2.3	75.0-84.1	13.8	2.0	10.3-18.2	6.3	1.4	4.0-9.8
25-34 years	73.9	1.6	70.7-76.9	17.0	1.3	14.6-19.8	9.1	1.0	7.2-11.3
35+ years	75.0	2.9	68.8-80.3	17.6	2.6	13.1-23.2	7.4	1.8	4.6-11.8
Race									
Black	89.8	2.2	84.5-93.4	6.0	1.7	3.4-10.3	4.3	1.5	2.1-8.5
White	73.1	1.3	70.5-75.5	18.0	1.1	15.9-20.3	8.9	0.8	7.4-10.7
Other	72.5	5.2	61.2-81.5	20.3	4.7	12.6-31.1	7.2	3.1	3.0-16.0
Hispanic Ethnicity									
Hispanic	75.3	2.2	70.8-79.3	17.8	1.9	14.4-21.8	6.9	1.3	4.8-9.9
Non-Hispanic	76.2	1.3	73.5-78.7	15.3	1.1	13.3-17.6	8.5	0.9	6.9-10.3
Education									
< High School	80.7	2.3	75.8-84.8	13.6	2.0	10.2-17.9	5.7	1.4	3.6-9.0
High School	78.4	2.2	73.8-82.3	13.6	1.8	10.5-17.5	8.1	1.4	5.7-11.3
> High School	72.8	1.6	69.6-75.8	18.3	1.4	15.7-21.1	8.9	1.0	7.1-11.2
Marital Status									
Married	72.2	1.5	69.2-75.0	18.7	1.3	16.3-21.4	9.1	1.0	7.4-11.2
Other	81.4	1.6	77.9-84.4	12.1	1.4	9.7-15.1	6.5	1.1	4.7-8.9
Payment for Delivery	7								
Medicaid	80.7	1.5	77.7-83.4	12.6	1.2	10.4-15.1	6.7	0.9	5.1-8.8
Other	70.9	1.7	67.5-74.1	19.7	1.5	16.9-22.7	9.4	1.1	7.5-11.8
Dist. 1.14									
Birthweight	77.7	2.1	72 4 01 5	17.0	1.0	12 6 20 0	<i>5.</i>	1.1	2670
Low	77.7	2.1	73.4-81.5	17.0	1.9	13.6-20.9	5.4	1.1	3.6-7.9
Normal	75.8	1.2	73.4-78.1	15.9	1.0	14.0-18.0	8.2	0.8	6.9-9.9

<sup>\*</sup>Confidence interval

**Table 12b**Prevalence of HIV Testing During Pregnancy, 2003-2007
By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics

		2003			2004**			2005			2006			2007	
		Standard			Standard			Standard			Standard			Standard	
	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI*									
Total	66.9	1.3	64.4-69.4	70.0	1.1	67.7-72.2	80.5	1.1	78.4-82.5	77.2	1.1	74.9-79.3	78.4	1.1	76.3-80.4
Age															
< 20 years	75.1	3.7	67.1-81.7	77.5	3.6	69.6-83.8	87.0	2.8	80.5-91.5	82.4	3.3	75.0-88.0	85.6	2.9	79.0-90.3
20-24 years	73.5	2.4	68.5-77.9	75.4	2.3	70.5-79.7	84.7	2.1	80.1-88.3	81.6	2.3	76.7-85.6	83.2	2.1	78.7-87.0
25-34 years	64.0	1.8	60.3-67.5	70.2	1.5	67.2-73.1	77.6	1.5	74.4-80.5	75.7	1.5	72.5-78.6	75.6	1.5	72.6-78.4
35+ years	59.7	3.7	52.3-66.7	57.2	3.1	50.9-63.1	80.4	2.7	74.5-85.2	72.9	3.0	66.6-78.4	76.5	2.9	70.4-81.7
Race															
Black	82.1	2.6	76.4-86.7	84.0	2.3	78.9-88.1	89.7	2.0	85.0-93.0	90.6	2.0	85.8-93.9	91.9	1.8	87.6-94.8
White	63.9	1.5	61.0-66.8	66.8	1.3	64.2-69.3	78.7	1.2	76.1-81.0	74.9	1.3	72.3-77.4	75.2	1.3	72.6-77.6
Other	61.4	6.3	48.6-72.8	70.7	5.3	59.4-79.8	75.6	5.6	63.1-84.8	66.1	5.4	54.8-75.7	76.7	4.2	67.5-84.0
Hispanic Ethnicity															
Hispanic	71.4	2.5	66.4-76.0	76.7	2.2	72.2-80.7	85.2	1.9	81.1-88.6	75.3	2.3	70.6-79.4	79.0	2.2	74.3-83.0
Non-Hispanic	65.4	1.5	62.4-68.3	68.0	1.3	65.3-70.5	79.1	1.3	76.5-81.4	77.9	1.3	75.2-80.3	78.3	1.2	75.8-80.5
Education															
< High School	75.7	2.5	70.6-80.2	78.7	2.3	73.9-82.8	83.9	2.1	79.4-87.7	74.7	2.6	69.2-79.5	82.7	2.3	77.7-86.8
High School	71.1	2.4	66.2-75.5	73.4	2.2	68.9-77.5	80.5	2.1	76.0-84.3	79.2	2.2	74.6-83.1	80.5	2.1	76.1-84.2
> High School	60.6	1.9	56.8-64.2	65.1	1.6	61.9-68.2	79.0	1.5	75.9-81.8	77.3	1.5	74.2-80.1	75.7	1.5	72.7-78.5
Marital Status															
Married	61.2	1.7	57.9-64.4	63.9	1.5	60.9-66.7	76.9	1.5	73.9-79.6	73.8	1.5	70.9-76.6	74.6	1.4	71.8-77.3
Other	76.6	1.9	72.7-80.2	81.1	1.7	77.7-84.2	86.1	1.5	83.0-88.8	82.8	1.7	79.3-85.9	84.1	1.5	80.9-86.9
Payment for Delivery															
Medicaid	74.6	1.7	71.0-77.8	77.6	1.5	74.5-80.5	83.2	1.4	80.2-85.8	80.7	1.5	77.5-83.5	81.2	1.4	78.2-83.9
Other	60.1	1.8	56.4-63.6	63.5	1.6	60.3-66.6	77.8	1.6	74.5-80.8	73.6	1.6	70.3-76.7	75.4	1.6	72.3-78.4
Birthweight															
Low	68.4	2.3	63.9-72.6	72.7	1.9	68.8-76.3	81.3	1.9	77.3-84.7	79.2	1.9	75.2-82.7	82.9	1.8	79.0-86.1
Normal	66.8	1.4	64.1-69.4	69.8	1.2	67.3-72.1	80.5	1.1	78.2-82.6	77.0	1.2	74.6-79.3	78.1	1.1	75.8-80.2

<sup>\*</sup>Confidence interval \*\* Question changed in 2004

**Table12c**Prevalence of HIV Testing During Pregnancy, 1998-2002
By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics

		1998			1999			2000			2001			2002	
		Standard			Standard			Standard			Standard			Standard	
	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *
Total	64.4	1.2	62.1-66.6	72.4	1.1	70.3-74.4	70.7	1.1	68.5-72.8	71.4	1.1	69.2-73.4	73.1	1.1	70.9-75.2
Age															
< 20 years	78.6	2.7	73.0-83.4	79.5	2.8	73.4-84.5	81.0	2.8	74.9-85.9	80.6	2.7	74.7-85.3	76.9	3.1	70.3-82.4
20-24 years	69.1	2.4	64.2-73.6	78.4	2.0	74.2-82.0	74.3	2.3	69.6-78.4	76.3	2.2	71.8-80.3	81.0	2.0	76.7-84.6
25-34 years	60.4	1.7	57.1-63.7	68.7	1.5	65.7-71.7	67.9	1.5	64.8-70.8	68.9	1.5	65.8-71.9	72.3	1.5	69.2-75.2
35+ years	56.7	3.4	50.0-63.2	68.3	3.0	62.1-73.9	66.6	2.9	60.6-72.1	64.7	2.9	58.8-70.2	60.4	3.1	54.1-66.3
Race															
Black	76.8	2.3	72.0-81.0	84.7	2.0	80.3-88.2	80.9	2.2	76.2-84.8	87.8	1.8	83.7-91.0	87.9	2.0	83.5-91.3
White	61.5	1.4	58.8-64.1	69.2	1.3	66.7-71.6	68.2	1.3	65.6-70.6	67.3	1.3	64.8-69.8	69.9	1.3	67.4-72.4
Other	56.1	8.0	40.3-70.7	72.4	4.9	61.9-80.8	71.2	6.1	58.1-81.5	69.7	5.2	58.5-78.9	69.8	5.6	57.8-79.6
Hispanic Ethnicity															
Hispanic	65.1	2.6	59.8-70.0	78.3	2.3	73.5-82.4	73.3	2.3	68.6-77.5	76.6	2.2	72.0-80.5	79.1	2.0	74.8-82.8
Non-Hispanic	64.2	1.3	61.6-66.7	70.9	1.2	68.5-73.2	69.9	1.2	67.4-72.3	69.8	1.2	67.4-72.2	71.1	1.3	68.5-73.5
Education															
< High School	72.9	2.4	67.9-77.3	78.1	2.2	73.6-82.0	78.3	2.2	73.6-82.3	76.4	2.2	71.8-80.5	80.6	2.1	76.1-84.4
High School	65.0	2.1	60.8-69.0	74.3	1.9	70.3-77.9	72.6	2.0	68.5-76.2	73.9	1.9	69.9-77.5	75.0	2.1	70.6-78.9
> High School	60.4	1.7	57.0-63.6	68.6	1.6	65.5-71.6	66.0	1.6	62.8-69.0	67.2	1.6	64.0-70.3	69.4	1.6	66.2-72.4
Marital Status															
Married	58.1	1.5	55.2-61.0	67.1	1.4	64.4-69.7	64.7	1.4	62.0-67.4	66.2	1.4	63.4-68.9	68.3	1.4	65.5-71.1
Other	76.9	1.8	73.2-80.2	81.5	1.6	78.1-84.4	81.6	1.6	78.2-84.6	80.2	1.6	76.9-83.1	81.3	1.6	77.9-84.3
Payment for															
<b>Delivery</b> Medicaid	72.4	1.9	68.6-75.9	79.1	1.6	75.7-82.1	80.2	1.6	76.9-83.1	78.8	1.5	75.6-81.7	79.6	1.5	76.4-82.4
Other	60.3	1.9	57.4-63.2	68.5	1.6	65.8-71.2	64.9	1.6	62.1-67.6	66.1	1.5	63.2-68.9	68.1	1.5	65.1-71.0
Otner	00.3	1.5	37.4-03.2	08.3	1.4	03.8-71.2	04.9	1.4	02.1-07.0	00.1	1.5	03.2-08.9	08.1	1.5	05.1-/1.0
Birthweight															
Low	71.8	2.1	67.5-75.8	72.7	2.5	67.5-77.3	73.4	2.1	69.2-77.3	73.0	2.0	68.9-76.8	77.7	1.9	73.7-81.2
Normal	63.8	1.2	61.4-66.2	72.9	1.3	70.3-75.3	70.5	1.2	68.1-72.7	71.2	1.2	68.9-73.4	72.7	1.2	70.4-75.0
*C				>	0	, , , , , , , , ,			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		<b>-</b>		,		

<sup>\*</sup>Confidence interval

**Table 13**Problems During Pregnancy, 2008

	Percent	Standard Error	95% CI *
Severe nausea, vomiting or dehydration	26.4	1.2	24.2-28.8
Kidney or bladder infection	18.9	1.0	16.9-21.0
Pre-term labor (more than three weeks before due date)	17.7	1.0	15.9-19.7
Vaginal bleeding	16.1	1.0	14.3-18.0
High blood pressure	10.9	0.8	9.4-12.5
Diabetes that started during pregnancy	8.8	0.8	7.5-10.4
Problems with placenta	4.9	0.6	4.0-6.1
Water broke more than three weeks before due date	5.5	0.5	4.5-6.6
Diabetes that started prior to pregnancy	1.9	0.4	1.3-2.8
Hurt in car accident	1.0	0.3	0.6-1.7
Had a blood transfusion	2.3	0.4	1.7-3.2
Cervix sewn shut	1.5	0.3	1.0-2.3

<sup>\*</sup>Confidence interval

**Table 14**Hospital Visits or Bedrest for Problems During Pregnancy, 2008\*\*

		Standard	
	Percent	Error	95% CI *
Emergency room or hospital stay less than one day	44.0	1.8	40.6-47.5
Hospital stay of one to seven days	18.6	1.3	16.2-21.4
Hospital stay of more than seven days Stayed at home in bed more than two days per	3.2	0.5	2.3-4.4
doctor/nurse advice	29.9	1.6	26.8-33.1

<sup>\*</sup>Confidence interval

<sup>\*\*</sup> Missing response is > 10 percent; interpret with caution.

**Table 15**Number of Stressors During the Year Prior to Delivery, 2008
By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics

	N	No Stressors		1	1-2 Stressor	2 Stressors 3-5 Stressors				More than 5 Stressors			
		Standard			Standard			Standard			Standard		
	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *	
Total	29.8	1.2	27.5-32.2	42.6	1.3	40.0-45.2	21.9	1.1	19.8-24.2	5.7	0.6	4.6-7.1	
Age													
< 20 years	21.9	3.4	15.9-29.3	41.5	4.0	33.9-49.6	32.5	3.9	25.4-40.5	4.2	1.6	2.0-8.7	
20-24 years	12.8	1.9	9.5-17.0	38.0	2.8	32.6-43.7	37.0	2.8	31.6-42.7	12.2	2.0	8.9-16.6	
25-34 years	35.7	1.7	32.5-39.1	43.3	1.8	39.8-46.8	16.7	1.4	14.2-19.6	4.3	0.8	3.0-6.1	
35+ years													
Race													
Black	17.0	2.7	12.3-23.0	37.4	3.5	30.7-44.5	34.8	3.5	28.3-42.0	10.8	2.3	7.1-16.1	
White	31.2	1.3	28.6-33.8	44.1	1.4	41.3-46.9	19.8	1.2	17.7-22.2	5.0	0.6	3.9-6.4	
Other	55.1	5.8	43.7-65.9	36.3	5.6	26.2-47.7	8.7	3.3	4.1-17.6				
Hispanic Ethnicity													
Hispanic	23.8	2.1	19.9-28.1	46.3	2.5	41.5-51.1	24.0	2.1	20.2-28.4	5.9	1.2	4.0-8.7	
Non-Hispanic	32.1	1.4	29.4-35.0	41.2	1.5	38.2-44.3	21.0	1.3	18.5-23.7	5.7	0.8	4.4-7.3	
Education													
< High School	25.1	2.6	20.3-30.6	37.3	2.9	31.8-43.2	29.9	2.8	24.7-35.6	7.7	1.6	5.1-11.5	
High School	21.5	2.1	17.7-25.9	43.1	2.6	38.1-48.2	25.9	2.3	21.6-30.7	9.5	1.6	6.9-13.1	
> High School	35.8	1.7	32.6-39.3	44.2	1.8	40.8-47.7	17.2	1.4	14.6-20.0	2.8	0.6	1.8-4.4	
Marital Status													
Married	40.9	1.6	37.7-44.1	44.5	1.7	41.3-47.8	13.5	1.1	11.4-15.8	1.2	0.4	0.6-2.1	
Other	14.0	1.5	11.4-17.2	39.8	2.1	35.7-44.0	34.0	2.1	30.1-38.1	12.3	1.4	9.8-15.3	
Payment for Delivery													
Medicaid	18.9	1.5	16.2-21.9	40.0	1.9	36.4-43.7	30.7	1.8	27.4-34.3	10.4	1.2	8.3-12.9	
Other	41.3	1.8	37.8-44.9	45.3	1.8	41.7-48.9	12.6	1.3	10.3-15.2	0.8	0.3	0.4-1.8	
Birthweight													
Low	26.6	2.2	22.6-31.0	40.3	2.4	35.6-45.1	25.4	2.2	21.3-29.8	7.8	1.4	5.5-11.0	
Normal	30.1	1.3	27.6-32.6	42.8	1.4	40.0-45.5	21.6	1.2	19.4-24.0	5.6	0.7	4.4-7.1	

<sup>\*</sup>Confidence interval

<sup>--</sup> Fewer than six respondents

**Table 16**Types of Stressors Encountered During the Year Prior to Delivery, 2008

	Percent	Standard Error	95% CI *
Moved to a new address	29.7	1.2	27.3-32.1
Arguments with husband/partner more than usual	24.8	1.2	22.6-27.2
Family member was sick and had to go to the hospital	21.1	1.1	19.0-23.3
Lots of bills that couldn't be paid	19.5	1.1	17.5-21.7
Someone very close died	15.8	1.0	14.0-17.8
Husband/Partner lost job	13.5	0.9	11.8-15.4
Lost job	10.7	0.8	9.1-12.4
Separated/Divorced from husband/partner	10.7	0.9	9.1-12.5
Someone close had problem with drinking/drugs	8.4	0.7	7.0-9.9
Husband/Partner did not want pregnancy	8.8	0.8	7.4-10.4
Husband/Partner or I went to jail	3.5	0.5	2.6-4.6
Physical fight	3.5	0.5	2.6-4.6
Homeless	10.2	0.8	8.8-11.9

<sup>\*</sup>Confidence interval

Table 17 Physical Abuse by Husband/Partner Before and During Pregnancy, 2008 By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics

	12 Mont	hs Before Pre	egnancy	During Most Recent Pregnancy				
	Percent	Standard Error	95% CI *	Percent	Standard Error	95% CI *		
Total	2.9	0.5	2.1-4.0	1.9	0.4	1.2-2.8		
Age								
< 20 years***	4.4	1.8	2.0-9.8					
20-24 years	7.4	1.6	4.8-11.2	4.7	1.3	2.7-8.0		
25-34 years	1.7	0.5	1.0-2.9	1.1	0.4	0.6-2.2		
35+ years								
Race								
Black	4.6	1.6	2.3-8.9	3.6	1.5	1.6-7.9		
White	2.7	0.5	1.9-3.9	1.4	0.4	0.9-2.3		
Other								
Hispanic Ethnicity								
Hispanic	4.3	1.1	2.7-6.9	1.8	0.7	0.8-3.7		
Non-Hispanic	2.4	0.5	1.6-3.6	1.9	0.5	1.2-3.0		
Education								
< High School	4.0	1.3	2.1-7.4	2.2	0.9	0.9-4.9		
High School	4.8	1.1	3.0-7.6	2.2	0.8	1.1-4.5		
> High School	1.7	0.5	1.0-3.0	1.7	0.5	0.9-3.0		
Marital Status								
Married	1.0	0.3	0.5-1.8	0.8	0.3	0.4-1.6		
Other	5.9	1.1	4.1-8.4	3.5	0.9	2.2-5.7		
Payment for Delivery								
Medicaid	4.7	0.8	3.3-6.6	2.9	0.7	1.8-4.5		
Other	1.1	0.4	0.5-2.1	0.8	0.3	0.4-1.8		
<b>Birthweight</b> Low	4.8	1.1	3.0-7.6	2.6	0.8	1.4-4.8		
Normal	2.8	0.5	2.0-3.9	1.8	0.8	1.2-2.8		
romai	2.0	0.3	2.0-3.9	1.0	0.4	1.2-2.0		

<sup>\*</sup>Confidence interval
\*\*\*Mothers younger than 18 years old were not asked abuse questions.

<sup>--</sup>Fewer than six respondents

**Table 18**Physical Abuse by Ex-husband/Ex-partner Before and During Pregnancy, 2008
By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics

	12 Month	ns Before Pre	egnancy	During Most Recent Pregnancy			
	Domoont	Standard	050/ CI *	Domoont	Standard	050/ CI *	
Total	Percent 2.9	Error 0.5	95% CI * 2.1-4.0	Percent 1.4	Error 0.3	95% CI * 0.9-2.3	
Total	2.7	0.5	2.1 4.0	1.4	0.3	0.7 2.3	
Age							
< 20 years***	3.7	1.6	1.6-8.4				
20-24 years	6.7	1.5	4.3-10.3	3.8	1.2	2.1-6.8	
25-34 years	2.0	0.5	1.2-3.3	1.0	0.4	0.5-2.0	
35+ years							
Race							
Black	5.0	1.6	2.6-9.3				
White	2.6	0.5	1.8-3.8	1.2	0.3	0.7-2.1	
Other							
Hispanic Ethnicity							
Hispanic	3.5	1.0	2.0-5.9	1.7	0.7	0.8-3.7	
Non-Hispanic	2.7	0.5	1.8-3.9	1.3	0.4	0.8-2.3	
Education							
< High School	2.9	1.1	1.4-6.1	2.5	1.0	1.1-5.5	
High School	4.3	1.0	2.7-6.9	1.6	0.7	0.7-3.5	
> High School	2.3	0.6	1.4-3.7	1.1	0.4	0.5-2.2	
Marital Status							
Married	0.8	0.3	0.4-1.6	0.4	0.2	0.2-1.1	
Other	6.1	1.1	4.3-8.6	3.0	0.8	1.8-4.9	
Payment for Delivery							
Medicaid	4.6	0.8	3.2-6.5	2.5	0.6	1.5-4.0	
Other	1.2	0.4	0.6-2.3				
Birthweight	<i>5</i> 0	1.0	2000	2.5	0.0	10.40	
Low	5.9	1.3	3.9-8.9	2.5	0.8	1.3-4.8	
Normal	2.7	0.5	1.9-3.8	1.4	0.4	0.8-2.3	

<sup>\*</sup>Confidence interval

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Mothers younger than 18 years old were not asked abuse questions.

<sup>--</sup>Fewer than six respondents

**Table 19a**Prevalence of Smoking Before, During and After Pregnancy, 2008
By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics

	Three Months Before Pregnancy			Last Three Months Of Pregnancy			Now		
		Standard			Standard			Standard	
	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *
Total	19.2	1.1	17.2-21.4	9.6	0.8	8.2-11.3	14.2	0.9	12.5-16.1
Age									
< 20 years	27.2	3.6	20.8-34.7	15.5	2.9	10.6-22.0	22.3	3.3	16.5-29.5
20-24 years	28.7	2.7	23.7-34.2	14.8	2.1	11.1-19.3	25.5	2.6	20.7-30.9
25-34 years	16.4	1.4	13.9-19.2	8.0	1.0	6.2-10.1	10.8	1.1	8.8-13.2
35+ years	10.1	2.0	6.8-14.8	3.9	1.3	2.1-7.3	4.4	1.3	2.4-7.9
Race									
Black	19.9	2.9	14.8-26.3	11.8	2.3	8.0-17.1	17.5	2.8	12.8-236
White	19.8	1.2	17.6-22.2	9.6	0.9	8.0-11.4	13.9	1.0	12.0-16.0
Other									
Hispanic Ethnicity									
Hispanic	9.3	1.5	6.8-12.7	2.2	0.7	1.1-4.1	5.9	1.2	3.9-8.7
Non-Hispanic	22.8	1.3	20.3-25.4	12.3	1.0	10.4-14.5	17.2	1.2	15.0-19.6
Education									
< High School	22.2	2.5	17.7-27.5	15.1	2.2	11.3-19.8	19.1	2.4	14.9-24.2
High School	29.8	2.4	25.2-34.7	16.2	1.9	12.8-20.4	24.6	2.3	20.4-29.3
> High School	12.5	1.2	10.4-15.1	4.5	0.7	3.2-6.2	7.0	0.9	5.4-9.0
Marital Status									
Married	10.9	1.0	9.0-13.1	4.6	0.7	3.4-6.1	6.8	0.8	5.4-8.6
Other	31.2	2.0	27.4-35.3	16.9	1.6	14.0-20.2	24.8	1.9	21.4-28.6
Payment for Delivery									
Medicaid	25.2	1.6	22.1-28.6	14.5	1.3	12.1-17.3	20.8	1.5	18.0-24.0
Other	12.9	1.3	10.6-15.5	4.5	0.7	3.2-6.2	7.2	1.0	5.6-9.3
Birthweight									
Low	21.3	2.1	17.5-25.6	14.4	1.8	11.2-18.3	18.3	2.0	14.7-22.5
Normal	19.1	1.1	17.0-21.4	9.3	0.8	7.8-11.0	13.9	1.0	12.0-15.9

<sup>\*</sup> Confidence interval

<sup>--</sup> Fewer than six respondents

Table19b
Prevalence of Smoking During the Last Three Months of Pregnancy, 2003- 2007
By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics

		2003			2004**		ı	2005		ı	2006		2007		
	Percent	Standard Error	95% CI *	Percent	Standard Error	95% CI*									
Total	12.6	0.9	11-14.5	12.1	0.8	10.6-13.8	10.4	0.8	8.9-12.1	11.4	0.9	9.8-132	10.7	0.8	9.2-12.4
Age															
< 20 years	17.9	3.3	12.2-25.4	15.7	3.1	10.5-22.8	13.9	2.9	9.2-20.5	16.7	3.2	11.3-24.0	8.8	2.4	5.2-14.6
20-24 years	18.0	2.1	14.2-22.5	20.5	2.2	16.5-25.1	15.0	2.1	11.4-19.5	18.6	2.3	14.5-23.6	16.3	2.1	12.6-20.9
25-34 years	9.1	1.1	7.1-11.5	9.4	1.0	7.6-11.5	8.6	1.0	6.8-10.8	9.0	1.1	7.1-11.4	9.6	1.0	7.8-11.9
35+ years	12.7	2.5	8.6-18.3	7.9	1.6	5.2-11.8	7.6	1.8	4.8-11.9	6.0	1.6	3.5-10.2	7.9	1.8	5.0-12.1
Race															
Black	13.7	2.4	9.7-19.0	13.3	2.2	9.6-18.2	8.5	1.8	5.5-12.9	21.2	3.0	16.0-27.6	15.7	2.4	11.6-21.0
White	13.1	1.0	11.2-15.2	12.3	0.9	10.6-14.2	11.4	0.9	9.7-13.4	9.7	0.9	8.2-11.6	10.4	0.9	8.8-12.2
Other															
Hispanic Ethnicity															
Hispanic	2.2	0.8	1.1-4.5	4.6	1.2	2.8-7.5	2.4	0.8	1.2-4.7	1.7	0.6	0.9-3.4	1.8	0.7	0.8-4.0
Non-Hispanic	16.1	1.2	13.9-18.5	14.3	1.0	12.4-16.3	13.1	1.0	11.2-15.2	14.9	1.1	12.8-17.3	13.3	1.0	11.5-15.4
Education															
< High School	17.5	2.2	13.6-22.2	21.3	2.4	17.1-26.3	12.1	1.9	8.9-16.3	17.7	2.3	13.6-22.8	18.2	2.3	14.0-23.2
High School	19.8	2.1	16.0-24.2	18.4	1.9	14.9-22.4	15.0	1.9	11.7-19.1	17.6	2.1	13.9-22.0	16.5	2.0	13.0-20.7
> High School	6.5	1.0	4.9-8.7	5.9	0.8	4.5-7.6	7.4	1.0	5.8-9.5	5.9	0.9	4.4-7.8	5.7	0.8	4.4-7.5
Marital Status															
Married	6.4	0.8	4.9-8.2	7.4	0.8	5.9-9.1	6.0	0.8	4.6-7.8	5.0	0.7	3.8-6.6	6.2	0.8	4.8-7.9
Other	23.5	1.9	19.9-27.5	20.6	1.7	17.5-24.2	17.2	1.6	14.3-20.6	22.1	1.9	18.6-26.1	17.5	1.6	14.6-20.9
Payment for Delivery															
Medicaid	18.3	1.6	15.4-21.5	20.1	1.5	17.3-23.2	14.2	1.3	11.9-17.0	18.0	1.5	15.2-21.2	15.1	1.3	12.7-17.8
Other	7.5	1.0	5.8-9.6	5.4	0.7	4.1-70	6.4	0.9	4.8-8.5	4.7	0.8	3.4-6.4	6.0	0.9	4.5-7.9
Birthweight															
Low	16.1	1.8	12.9-19.9	14.5	1.5	11.7-17.8	16.6	1.9	13.2-20.6	18.0	1.8	14.8-21.8	16.9	1.9	13.5-20.8
Normal	12.4	1.0	10.6-14.4	11.9	0.9	10.3-13.7	9.9	0.9	8.3-11.7	10.9	0.9	9.2-12.8	10.2	0.9	8.7-12.0

<sup>\*</sup>Confidence interval

<sup>\*\*</sup>Question Changed in 2004

**Table 19c**Prevalence of Smoking During Last Three Months of Pregnancy, 1998-2002
By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics

		1998			1999			2000			2001			2002	
		Standard			Standard			Standard			Standard			Standard	
	Percent	Error	95% CI *												
Total	13.8	0.9	12.2-15.6	12.8	0.8	11.3-14.5	12.5	0.8	11.0-14.2	12.6	0.8	11.1-14.2	11.4	0.8	10.0-13.0
Age															
< 20 years	18.8	2.6	14.3-24.3	18.6	2.8	13.8-24.6	12.6	2.4	8.7-18.0	15.3	2.5	11.1-20.8	11.9	2.4	8.0-17.4
20-24 years	16.6	2.0	13.0-20.9	14.0	1.7	11.0-17.8	18.3	2.0	14.6-22.6	15.1	1.9	11.8-19.1	16.0	1.9	12.6-20.1
25-34 years	11.7	1.2	9.6-14.2	10.7	1.0	8.9-12.8	9.9	1.0	8.1-12.0	10.5	1.0	8.6-12.6	9.1	1.0	7.3-11.2
35+ years	11.7	2.2	8.0-16.8	13.0	2.2	9.3-18.0	12.6	2.1	9.1-17.2	13.9	2.1	10.2-18.6	12.1	2.1	8.6-16.8
Race															
Black	10.9	1.7	8.0-14.8	9.8	1.6	7.0-13.4	13.0	2.0	9.7-17.4	14.4	2.0	10.9-18.8	8.3	1.6	5.7-12.0
White	14.8	1.0	12.9-16.9	14.3	1.0	12.5-16.3	12.7	0.9	11.0-14.6	12.7	0.9	11.1-14.6	12.6	0.9	10.9-14.5
Other															
Hispanic Ethnicity															
Hispanic	2.6	0.9	1.4-5.0	4.5	1.2	2.6-7.4	3.8	1.1	2.2-6.5	1.8	0.7	0.8-3.7	3.2	0.9	1.9-5.4
Non-Hispanic	16.5	1.1	14.6-18.7	15.0	1.0	13.3-17.0	15.1	1.0	13.3-17.1	15.8	1.0	14.0-17.9	14.0	1.0	12.2-16.1
Education															
< High School	17.2	2.0	13.6-21.6	18.2	2.0	14.6-22.5	15.8	2.0	12.3-20.2	18.4	2.0	14.8-22.6	13.1	1.8	9.9-17.2
High School	20.3	1.9	16.9-24.2	18.5	1.7	15.4-22.1	18.0	1.7	14.9-21.6	17.3	1.7	14.3-20.8	18.0	1.9	14.7-22.0
> High School	7.9	1.0	6.2-10.0	7.2	0.9	5.7-9.1	7.7	0.9	6.2-9.7	7.5	0.9	6.0-9.5	7.6	0.9	6.0-9.5
Marital Status															
Married	9.9	0.9	8.3-11.9	10.1	0.9	8.6-12.0	9.0	0.8	7.5-10.7	8.0	0.8	6.6-9.7	8.5	0.9	7.0-10.4
Other	21.5	1.8	18.2-25.1	17.5	1.6	14.6-20.7	19.1	1.7	16.0-22.5	20.5	1.6	17.5-23.8	16.5	1.5	13.7-19.7
Payment for Delivery															
Medicaid	21.5	1.7	18.3-25.0	17.1	1.5	14.4-20.2	17.9	1.5	15.1-21.1	19.3	1.5	16.6-22.4	15.0	1.4	12.5-17.8
Other	9.6	0.9	7.9-11.6	10.2	0.9	8.6-12.1	9.1	0.9	7.6-11.0	7.9	0.8	6.4-9.7	8.6	0.9	7.0-10.6
Birthweight Low	20.6	1.9	17.1-24.5	21.0	2.4	16.8-26.0	19.2	1.9	15.8-23.2	18.1	1.8	14.8-21.9	16.2	1.7	13.1-19.9
	13.3	0.9	17.1-24.5	12.0	1.0	10.8-26.0	19.2	0.9	10.4-13.8	18.1	0.8	10.6-13.9	10.2	0.8	9.5-12.8
Normal	13.3	0.9	11.0-15.2	12.0	1.0	10.2-14.0	12.0	0.9	10.4-13.8	12.2	0.8	10.0-13.9	11.1	0.8	9.5-12.8

<sup>\*</sup>Confidence interval

<sup>--</sup>Fewer than six respondents

**Table 20**Prevalence of Drinking, 2008
By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics

	Three Mor	nths Before P	regnancy	Last Thre	Pregnancy	
		Standard			Standard	
	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *
Total	51.0	1.3	48.4-53.6	6.4	0.6	5.3-7.8
Age						
< 20 years	24.0	3.5	17.8-31.4			
20-24 years	48.1	2.9	42.4-53.9	3.0	1.0	1.6-5.6
25-34 years	55.4	1.8	51.8-58.9	8.1	1.0	6.4-10.2
35+ years	60.2	3.4	53.5-66.5	9.9	2.0	6.6-14.6
Race						
Black	40.9	3.7	33.9-48.2			
White	55.0	1.5	52.2-57.9	7.7	0.8	6.3-9.3
Other	20.5	4.7	12.8-31.2			
Hispanic Ethnicity						
Hispanic Edifficity	26.0	2.2	21.9-30.5	3.9	0.9	2.4-6.1
Non- Hispanic	60.4	1.6	57.3-63.4	7.4	0.8	6.0-9.1
Tion Thispanic	00.4	1.0	37.3 03.4	7	0.0	0.0 7.1
Education						
< High School	23.1	2.6	18.4-28.6	1.6	0.7	0.7-3.8
High School	41.3	2.6	36.3-46.5	4.7	1.1	3.0-7.3
> High School	66.1	1.7	62.6-69.4	9.3	1.0	7.4-11.5
Marital Status						
Married	55.2	1.7	51.9-58.4	9.0	1.0	7.3-11.1
Other	45.1	2.2	40.9-49.3	2.7	0.7	1.7-4.4
Payment for Delivery						
Medicaid	37.5	1.9	34.0-41.2	2.6	0.6	1.7-4.0
Other	65.6	1.8	62.0-69.0	10.6	1.1	8.5-13.0
	00.0	1.0	02.0 03.0	10.0		0.0 10.0
Birthweight						
Low	47.5	2.5	42.7-52.4	6.2	1.2	4.2-9.0
Normal	51.3	1.4	48.5-54.1	65	0.7	5.2-7.9
romai	51.5	1.4	TO.J-J4.1	0.5	0.7	3.4-1.9

<sup>\*</sup>Confidence interval

<sup>--</sup>Fewer than six respondents

**Table 21**Number of Drinks Per Week Among Mothers Who Reported Drinking, 2008

	Three Mor	nths Before P	regnancy	Last Three Months Of Pregnancy					
		Standard		Standard					
	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *			
< 1 drink per week	53.1	1.9	49.4-56.7	80.7	4.0	71.7-87.4			
1-3 drinks per week	28.4	1.7	25.3-31.8	17.9	4.0	11.4-26.9			
4 or more drinks per week	18.5	1.4	15.9-21.5						

<sup>\*</sup>Confidence interval

<sup>--</sup>Fewer than six respondents

**Table 22**Postpartum Depression Diagnosis, 2008
By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics

ъ.	Standard	050/ CI *		
		95% CI *		
7.7	0.7	6.4-9.2		
9.1	2.3	5.5-14.6		
12.2	1.9	8.9-16.5		
6.3	0.9	4.8-8.2		
5.5	1.5	3.2-9.5		
7.4	1.9	4.5-12.0		
8.1	0.8	6.6-9.7		
8.5	1.4	6.1-11.6		
7.5	0.8	6.0-9.2		
10.6	1.9	7.4-14.8		
8.5	1.4	6.0-11.7		
6.4	0.9	4.9-8.3		
5.2	0.7	4.0-6.9		
11.2	1.3	8.9-14.1		
9.6	1.1	7.7-11.9		
5.7	0.9	4.2-7.7		
10.5	1.0	70.140		
		7.9-14.0		
7.5	0.8	6.2-9.1		
	12.2 6.3 5.5 7.4 8.1  8.5 7.5 10.6 8.5 6.4 5.2 11.2	Percent         Error           7.7         0.7           9.1         2.3           12.2         1.9           6.3         0.9           5.5         1.5           7.4         1.9           8.1         0.8               8.5         1.4           7.5         0.8           10.6         1.9           8.5         1.4           6.4         0.9           5.2         0.7           11.2         1.3           9.6         1.1           5.7         0.9           10.6         1.6		

<sup>\*</sup>Confidence interval

<sup>--</sup>Fewer than six respondents

Table 23
Infant Checkups, 2008

	Percent	Standard Error	95% CI *
Infant seen in first week after leaving hospital	92.1	0.7	90.6-93.5
Well-baby checkup at 2, 4 or 6 months	99.1	0.3	98.4-99.5
Mom satisfied with number of well-baby checkups	96.8	0.5	95.6-97.6

<sup>\*</sup>Confidence interval

**Table 24**Place of Well- baby Checkup, 2008
By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics

	Hospital Clinic		Health	Department	Clinic		MD/HMO Comm. Health Center			Other					
		Standard			Standard			Standard			Standard			Standard	
	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *
Total	20.3	1.1	18.2-22.5	8.4	0.8	7.0-10.1	61.6	1.3	59.0-64.2	8.5	0.8	7.1-10.2	1.2	0.3	0.7-1.9
Age															
< 20 years	32.8	4.0	25.5-41.1	17.2	3.4	11.5-24.9	31.2	3.9	24.2-39.3	17.0	3.2	11.5-24.3			
20-24 years	25.6	2.7	20.8-31.2	11.8	2.0	8.4-16.3	45.6	3.0	39.7-51.6	15.0	2.3	11.1-20.1			
25-34 years	16.9	1.4	14.3-19.7	6.9	0.9	5.3-9.0	69.8	1.7	66.4-73.0	5.8	0.9	4.2-7.8	0.7	0.3	0.3-1.6
35+ years	16.4	2.6	12.0-22.1	3.3	1.3	1.5-7.0	75.7	3.0	69.4-81.1	3.4	1.3	1.6-7.0	1.2	0.9	0.3-4.8
Race															
Black	24.3	3.2	18.6-31.2	14.9	2.7	10.3-21.0	37.6	3.7	30.6-45.1	21.3	3.1	15.8-28.1			
White	19.3	1.2	17.1-21.7	7.3	0.8	5.9-9.0	66.2	1.4	63.4-68.9	6.2	0.7	5.0-7.8	1.1	0.3	0.6-1.9
Other	23.1	5.0	14.8-34.2	4.9	2.5	1.7-13.0	71.7	5.3	60.3-80.8						
Hispanic Ethnicity															
Hispanic	33.6	2.4	29.0-38.5	18.5	2.0	14.9-22.7	33.0	2.4	28.4-37.8	13.1	1.8	10.0-16.9	1.9	0.7	0.9-4.0
Non-Hispanic	15.5	1.2	13.4-18.0	4.8	0.8	3.6-6.5	71.9	1.5	68.9-74.7	6.8	0.9	5.3-8.8	0.9	0.3	0.4-1.8
Education															
< High School	29.2	2.8	23.9-35.1	21.9	2.6	17.2-27.5	29.0	2.8	23.7-34.8	17.1	2.4	12.9-22.3	2.8	1.1	1.4-5.8
High School	28.2	2.4	23.7-33.2	9.2	1.6	6.5-12.8	48.7	2.7	43.5-54.0	12.8	1.9	9.4-17.0			
> High School	13.5	1.3	11.2-16.1	3.0	0.7	2.0-4.6	79.5	1.5	76.4-82.3	3.4	0.7	2.3-5.1			
Marital Status															
Married	15.4	1.2	13.1-17.9	4.1	0.7	3.0-5.6	76.2	1.4	73.3-78.9	3.8	0.7	2.7-5.3			
Other	27.6	2.0	23.9-31.7	14.9	1.6	12.0-18.4	39.9	2.2	35.7-44.2	15.5	1.7	12.5-19.0	2.1	0.6	1.2-3.8
Payment for															
Delivery															
Medicaid	30.0	1.8	26.6-33.6	15.3	1.4	12.7-18.3	38.5	1.9	34.8-42.3	14.6	1.4	12.0-17.6	1.6	0.5	0.9-2.9
Other	10.1	1.1	8.1-12.5	1.4	0.5	0.7-2.6	85.6	1.3	82.8-88.0	2.2	0.6	1.4-3.7			
D: 41 . 1.14															
Birthweight Low	25.1	2.2	20.9-29.9	8.9	1.5	6.3-12.5	55.2	2.0	50.1-60.4	10.1	1.0	7.3-13.8			
Low Normal	25.1 19.9	2.3 1.2	20.9-29.9 17.8-22.3	8.9 8.4	0.8	6.3-12.5	55.3 62.1	2.6 1.4	59.3-64.8	8.4	1.6 0.8		1.2	0.3	0.7-2.0
INOITHAI	19.9	1.2	17.8-22.3	8.4	0.8	0.9-10.2	02.1	1.4	39.3-04.8	8.4	0.8	6.9-10.2	1.2	0.3	0.7-2.0

<sup>\*</sup>Confidence interval

<sup>--</sup> Fewer than six respondents

**Table 25**Sleep Position of Infant, 2008

	Standard	
Percent	Error	95% CI *
70.0	1.2	67.5-72.3
14.5	1.0	12.8-16.5
10.3	0.8	8.8-12.1
5.2	0.6	4.2-6.5
	70.0 14.5 10.3	Percent         Error           70.0         1.2           14.5         1.0           10.3         0.8

**Table 26a**Prevalence of Laying Infant on Back to Sleep, 2008
By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics

		Standard	ard		
	Percent	Error	95% CI *		
Total	70.0	1.2	67.5-72.3		
Age					
< 20 years	58.0	4.1	49.7-65.8		
20-24 years	63.4	2.9	57.7-68.8		
25-34 years	73.1	1.6	69.8-76.2		
35+ years	76.5	2.9	70.4-81.7		
Race					
Black	59.8	3.7	52.4-66.7		
White	72.0	1.3	69.3-74.5		
Other	72.1	5.3	60.8-81.3		
Hispanic Ethnicity					
Hispanic	63.5	2.4	58.7-68.1		
Non- Hispanic	72.3	1.4	69.5-75.1		
Education					
< High School	59.1	3.0	53.1-64.9		
High School	66.2	2.5	61.1-70.9		
> High School	75.9	1.6	72.7-78.8		
Marital Status					
Married	73.9	1.5	70.9-76.7		
Other	64.2	2.1	60.0-68.2		
Payment for Delivery					
Medicaid	63.8	1.8	60.1-67.4		
Other	76.3	1.6	73.0-79.3		
Dinahamataha					
Birthweight	65.6	2.5	(0 ( 70 2		
Low	65.6	2.5	60.6-70.3		
Normal	70.3	1.3	67.6-72.8		

**Table 26b**Prevalence of Laying Infant on Back to Sleep, 2003- 2007
By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics

		2003			2004			2005			2006			2007	
		Standard			Standard			Standard			Standard			Standard	
	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	95% CI *
Total	63.7	1.3	61.1-66.3	65.7	1.2	63.3-68.0	68.3	1.3	65.7-70.7	70.5	1.3	68.0-72.9	70.7	1.2	68.2-73.0
Age															
< 20 years	47.0	4.4	38.6-55.6	57.5	4.3	48.9-65.7	53.2	4.2	44.9-61.3	63.4	4.3	54.7-71.3	58.7	4.2	50.3-66.6
20-24 years	59.6	2.8	54.1-64.9	56.2	2.8	50.7-61.6	64.4	2.8	58.6-69.7	66.5	2.9	60.7-71.9	61.6	2.8	55.9-67.0
25-34 years	67.1	1.8	63.5-70.6	67.7	1.6	64.6-70.7	72.4	1.7	68.9-75.5	71.7	1.7	68.4-74.9	73.4	1.6	70.2-76.4
35+ years	70.9	3.5	63.6-77.3	76.0	2.7	70.4-80.9	70.3	3.2	63.7-76.1	76.6	2.9	70.5-81.8	82.8	2.6	77.2-87.3
Race															
Black	46.1	3.5	39.4-53.0	48.1	3.2	41.9-54.4	49.4	3.5	42.7-56.2	54.3	3.7	47.1-61.4	53.6	3.4	47.0-60.1
White	66.8	1.5	63.8-69.6	69.3	1.3	66.7-71.8	72.4	1.4	69.6-74.9	73.6	1.3	70.9-76.1	74.2	1.3	71.6-76.7
Other	76.7	5.4	64.7-85.5	70.7	5.5	59.0-80.1	73.9	5.7	61.3-83.5	78.0	4.7	67.4-85.8	79.4	4.1	70.2-86.4
Hispanic Ethnicity															
Hispanic	57.3	2.7	51.9-62.5	56.8	2.6	51.7-61.7	66.1	2.5	61.1-70.8	65.7	2.4	60.8-70.3	68.4	2.6	63.1-73.3
Non- Hispanic	65.9	1.5	62.8-68.8	68.4	1.4	65.7-71.0	69.0	1.5	66.0-71.8	72.3	1.5	69.4-75.1	71.3	1.4	68.5-73.9
Education															
< High School	57.1	2.9	51.3-62.7	50.9	2.8	45.4-56.5	60.7	2.9	54.9-66.1	60.9	2.9	55.0-66.4	60.2	3.1	54.0-66.1
High School	58.7	2.9	53.5-63.7	60.1	2.5	55.1-64.9	65.9	2.9	60.7-70.8	64.0	2.9	58.7-69.1	64.1	2.6	58.9-69.0
· ·	58.7 69.6	1.8	65.9-73.0	73.9	1.5	70.9-76.7	73.0		69.6-76.2	77.3	1.6	74.1-80.2	76.9		73.9-79.7
> High School	09.0	1.8	05.9-75.0	73.9	1.5	/0.9-/6./	/3.0	1.7	09.0-70.2	11.3	1.0	74.1-80.2	76.9	1.5	13.9-19.1
Marital Status															
Married	67.9	1.6	64.6-71.0	71.0	1.4	68.1-73.6	73.7	1.5	70.6-76.6	74.8	1.4	71.8-77.5	76.9	1.4	74.1-79.6
Other	56.5	2.3	51.9-60.9	55.9	2.2	51.6-60.1	59.7	2.2	55.4-64.0	63.4	2.3	58.9-67.7	61.1	2.1	56.8-65.1
Payment for															
Delivery															
Medicaid	57.6	2.0	53.7-61.5	56.8	1.9	53.1-60.5	61.6	1.9	57.8-65.2	63.5	1.9	59.7-67.2	63.0	1.8	59.3-66.4
Other	69.2	1.8	65.7-72.6	73.1	1.5	70.1-75.9	75.4	1.7	72.0-78.5	77.3	1.6	74.1-80.2	79.0	1.5	75.9-81.8
Birthweight															
Low	61.4	2.5	56.4-66.2	65.2	2.2	60.8-69.3	69.3	2.3	64.6-73.7	70.3	2.2	65.8-74.5	71.1	2.4	66.2-75.5
Normal	63.9	1.4	61.0-66.6	65.7	1.3	63.2-68.2	68.2	1.4	65.5-70.8	70.5	1.3	67.9-73.1	70.6	1.3	68.0-73.1

<sup>\*</sup>Confidence interval

**Table 26c**Prevalence of Laying Infant on Back to Sleep, 1998-2002
By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics

		1998			1999			2000**			2001			2002	
		Standard			Standard			Standard			Standard			Standard	
	Percent	Error	95% CI *												
Total	53.8	1.3	51.4-56.2	56.5	1.2	54.1-58.9	60.9	1.2	58.6-63.2	63.6	1.2	61.3-65.9	63.6	1.2	61.2-65.9
Age															
< 20 years	40.8	3.4	34.4-47.5	42.4	3.5	35.6-49.4	54.9	3.7	47.7-62.0	53.4	3.5	46.4-60.2	50.2	3.7	43.0-57.4
20-24 years	50.3	2.7	45.1-55.5	53.1	2.6	48.0-58.1	56.1	2.6	50.9-61.2	58.4	2.6	53.2-63.3	56.3	2.6	51.2-61.3
25-34 years	56.7	1.8	53.2-60.0	59.4	1.7	56.1-62.6	63.1	1.6	59.8-66.2	66.3	1.6	63.1-69.4	66.1	1.6	62.8-69.2
35+ years	62.3	3.3	55.7-68.6	66.2	3.2	59.7-72.1	65.7	3.0	59.6-71.4	70.4	2.9	64.5-75.7	76.3	2.7	70.5-81.2
Race															
Black	40.2	2.8	34.9-45.8	43.4	2.9	37.8-49.1	45.1	3.0	39.4-51.0	44.7	2.9	39.0-50.5	38.8	3.0	33.2-44.7
White	57.3	1.4	54.5-60.0	59.2	1.4	56.5-61.9	64.6	1.3	62.0-67.1	68.1	1.3	65.6-70.6	69.0	1.3	66.4-71.5
Other	48.7	8.2	33.3-64.4	68.2	5.2	57.2-77.4	60.0	6.6	46.6-72.0	67.2	5.6	55.5-77.1	62.4	6.0	50.2-73.2
Hispanic Ethnicity															
Hispanic	51.6	2.8	46.2-57.0	51.2	2.8	45.7-56.7	56.9	2.6	51.7-61.9	59.1	2.5	54.1-64.0	58.0	2.5	53.0-62.9
Non- Hispanic	54.3	1.4	51.6-57.0	57.9	1.4	55.3-60.6	62.2	1.3	59.5-64.7	64.9	1.3	62.3-67.5	65.2	1.4	62.5-67.9
Education															
< High School	41.7	2.8	36.3-47.3	44.9	2.7	39.7-50.3	52.3	2.8	46.8-57.7	53.0	2.7	47.7-58.3	47.1	2.7	41.8-52.4
High School	50.1	2.3	45.6-54.6	53.1	2.3	48.5-57.6	57.0	2.3	52.5-61.3	62.3	2.2	58.0-66.5	58.7	2.4	54.0-63.4
> High School	61.6	1.7	58.2-64.9	63.8	1.7	60.5-67.0	67.4	1.6	64.2-70.4	68.5	1.6	65.3-71.6	73.0	1.5	70.0-75.9
Marital Status															
Married	58.2	1.5	55.3-61.2	61.0	1.5	58.1-63.8	65.1	1.4	62.3-67.8	69.2	1.4	66.4-71.9	69.5	1.4	66.7-72.2
Other	44.7	2.2	40.5-49.0	48.8	2.1	44.6-53.0	53.0	2.2	48.8-57.3	53.9	2.0	49.9-57.9	53.1	2.1	49.0-57.2
Payment for Delivery															
Medicaid	45.7	2.1	41.5-49.9	48.9	2.1	44.8-53.0	53.2	2.1	49.2-57.2	53.3	1.9	49.5-57.0	53.7	1.9	50.0-57.4
Other	58.1	1.5	55.0-61.0	61.2	1.5	58.2-64.0	65.7	1.4	62.9-68.5	70.9	1.4	68.0-73.6	71.1	1.5	68.2-73.9
Birthweight	40.5	2.5	44.6-54.5	40.4	3.0	126552	52.0	2.5	48.0-57.7	55.0	2.4	51.1-60.4	56.2	2.4	51.5-61.0
Low	49.5	2.5		49.4		43.6-55.3	52.9	2.5		55.8			56.3	2.4	
Normal	54.1	1.3	51.5-56.7	56.8	1.5	53.8-59.6	61.5	1.3	59.0-63.9	64.1	1.2	61.7-66.5	64.1	1.3	61.5-66.5

<sup>\*</sup>Confidence interval

<sup>\*\*</sup>Question changed in 2000

**Table 27a**Breastfeeding Initiation, 2008
By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics

		Standard	rd		
	Percent	Error	95% CI *		
Total	77.8	1.1	75.5-79.9		
Age					
< 20 years	67.9	3.9	59.8-75.1		
20-24 years	70.4	2.8	64.7-75.5		
25-34 years	80.8	1.5	77.7-83.5		
35+ years	84.8	2.5	79.2-89.1		
Race					
Black	56.0	3.7	48.6-63.1		
White	81.6	1.1	79.2-83.7		
Other	94.1	2.7	85.9-97.7		
Hispanic Ethnicity					
Hispanic	86.6	1.7	82.9-89.6		
Non- Hispanic	74.4	1.4	71.5-77.1		
Education					
< High School	68.6	2.9	62.6-74.0		
High School	67.7	2.5	62.6-72.4		
> High School	86.2	1.3	83.5-88.5		
Marital Status					
Married	86.7	1.1	84.4-88.8		
Other	64.9	2.1	60.6-68.9		
Payment for Delivery					
Medicaid	69.8	1.8	66.2-73.2		
Other	86.3	1.3	83.6-88.7		
ntal 2.14					
Birthweight	75.1	2.2	70.2.70.2		
Low	75.1	2.3 1.2	70.3-79.3 75.5-80.3		
Normal	78.0	1.2	/5.5-80.3		

**Table 27b**Breastfeeding Initiation, 2003-2007
By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics

		2003			2004			2005			2006			2007	
		Standard			Standard			Standard			Standard			Standard	
	Percent	Error	95% CI *												
Total	72.0	1.3	69.5-74.4	75.0	1.1	72.8-77.1	76.2	1.2	73.8-78.4	76.7	1.2	74.3-78.9	74.8	1.2	72.5-77.1
Age															
< 20 years	55.3	4.4	46.7-63.7	55.6	4.3	47.0-63.9	55.7	4.2	47.4-63.8	58.2	4.4	49.3-66.5	57.3	4.2	48.9-65.2
20-24 years	63.9	2.7	58.5-69.0	64.6	2.7	59.2-69.7	70.8	2.7	65.3-75.8	71.4	2.8	65.7-76.5	68.7	2.7	63.1-73.8
25-34 years	78.0	1.6	74.7-81.0	79.2	1.4	76.4-81.7	80.7	1.5	77.6-83.4	80.2	1.5	77.2-83.0	79.2	1.5	76.2-81.9
35+ years	76.2	3.3	69.2-82.0	85.2	2.2	80.3-89.0	82.3	2.7	76.5-86.9	83.9	2.5	78.3-88.3	80.8	2.8	74.9-85.6
Race															
Black	52.6	3.5	45.7-59.3	56.6	3.2	50.2-62.7	57.8	3.4	51.0-64.4	55.8	3.7	48.5-62.8	52.5	3.4	45.9-59.0
White	75.4	1.3	72.7-78.0	78.2	1.2	75.9-80.4	79.7	1.2	77.2-82.0	80.3	1.2	77.9-82.5	78.4	1.2	75.9-80.7
Other	84.9	4.7	73.2-92.0	91.8	3.3	82.7-96.3	90.4	3.9	79.6-95.8	91.1	3.3	82.0-95.8	97.3	1.6	91.6-99.2
Hispanic Ethnicity															
Hispanic	81.1	2.2	76.5-85.0	83.6	1.9	79.5-87.0	84.1	1.9	80.0-87.5	85.1	1.8	81.2-88.4	86.3	1.9	82.1-89.6
Non- Hispanic	68.9	1.5	66.0-71.8	72.4	1.3	69.8-74.9	73.4	1.4	70.5-76.1	73.6	1.4	70.7-76.3	71.5	1.4	68.7-74.1
Education															
< High School	63.0	2.9	57.3-68.4	64.5	2.7	59.0-69.6	66.1	2.8	60.4-71.4	68.7	2.9	62.8-74.0	65.8	3.0	59.7-71.4
High School	65.5	2.5	60.5-70.3	64.9	2.4	60.0-69.5	67.7	2.6	62.5-72.6	65.6	2.6	60.3-70.5	62.8	2.6	57.6-67.8
> High School	79.6	1.6	76.3-82.6	83.3	1.3	80.7-85.6	84.3	1.4	81.5-86.8	84.8	1.3	82.0-87.3	83.2	1.3	80.5-85.7
Marital Status															
Married	80.0	1.4	77.1-82.5	82.6	1.2	80.2-84.7	83.5	1.3	80.9-85.9	83.6	1.2	81.0-85.9	83.5	1.2	81.0-85.8
Other	58.0	2.3	53.5-62.4	60.9	2.1	56.7-64.9	64.5	2.1	60.2-68.6	65.0	2.3	60.5-69.3	61.6	2.1	57.3-65.6
Payment for Delivery															
Medicaid	65.8	1.9	61.9-69.5	68.4	1.8	64.8-71.7	68.0	1.8	64.4-71.5	69.4	1.9	65.7-73.0	66.3	1.8	62.7-69.7
Other	77.6	1.6	74.4-80.6	80.5	1.3	77.8-83.0	84.7	1.4	81.7-87.2	83.9	1.4	81.1-86.5	84.1	1.4	81.3-86.6
Birthweight Low	70.1	2.4	65.3-74.6	65.7	2.2	61.3-69.8	72.4	2.3	67.7-76.7	74.9	2.1	70.6-78.7	76.9	2.2	72.3-80.9
Normal	70.1	1.3	69.5-74.7	75.7	1.2	73.3-77.9	76.4	1.3	73.9-78.8	76.8	1.3	74.2-79.2	74.7	1.2	72.2-77.0
140111141	12.1	1.5	07.5-17.1	13.1	1.2	13.3-11.7	70.4	1.5	13.7-10.0	70.0	1.5	17.2-17.2	/ 7. /	1.2	12.2-11.0

<sup>\*</sup>Confidence interval

**Table 27c**Breastfeeding Initiation, 1998-2002
By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics

		1998			1999			2000**			2001			2002	
		Standard			Standard			Standard			Standard			Standard	
	Percent	Error	95% CI *												
Total	66.5	1.2	64.2-68.7	62.6	1.2	60.2-64.9	69.0	1.0	66.8-71.2	68.6	1.1	66.3-70.8	73.8	1.1	71.6-75.9
Age															
< 20 years	46.0	3.4	39.5-52.6	43.8	3.5	37.1-50.8	53.9	3.7	46.6-61.0	48.1	3.6	41.3-55.1	53.6	3.7	46.3-60.7
20-24 years	60.4	2.6	55.2-65.3	57.9	2.5	52.9-62.8	61.1	2.6	55.8-66.0	61.0	2.6	55.9-65.9	67.6	2.5	62.6-72.2
25-34 years	73.0	1.6	69.9-76.0	68.0	1.6	64.9-71.0	74.2	1.5	71.1-77.0	73.2	1.5	70.2-76.1	79.0	1.4	76.2-81.7
35+ years	72.7	3.0	66.4-78.3	68.9	3.1	62.6-74.6	75.1	2.7	69.4-80.1	80.6	2.4	75.4-84.9	80.9	2.5	75.5-85.4
Race															
Black	43.0	2.8	37.6-48.6	32.8	2.7	27.8-38.3	50.1	3.0	44.3-55.9	47.5	2.9	41.8-53.3	48.5	3.0	42.6-54.4
White	71.6	1.3	69.0-74.0	68.9	1.3	66.3-71.4	72.5	1.2	70.1-74.9	72.7	1.2	70.2-75.0	78.5	1.2	76.1-80.6
Other	87.2	4.8	74.5-94.1	86.1	3.8	76.8-92.1	90.2	4.1	78.7-95.9	92.0	3.3	82.8-96.5	93.1	3.3	83.0-97.4
Hispanic Ethnicity															
Hispanic	77.5	2.3	72.7-81.7	75.8	2.4	70.7-80.3	77.4	2.2	72.8-81.5	78.1	2.2	73.5-82.0	84.8	1.8	80.8-88.0
Non-Hispanic	63.8	1.3	61.2-66.3	59.2	1.3	56.6-61.8	66.5	1.3	63.9-69.1	65.8	1.3	63.2-68.3	70.3	1.3	67.7-72.8
Education															
< High School	56.3	2.8	50.9-61.6	50.9	2.7	45.5-56.2	59.7	2.8	54.1-65.0	55.3	2.7	50.0-60.6	66.5	2.6	61.3-71.4
High School	54.3	2.3	49.9-58.6	51.4	2.3	46.9-55.9	56.5	2.3	52.0-60.8	59.5	2.2	55.1-63.8	62.7	2.4	58.0-67.2
> High School	78.3	1.5	75.3-81.0	73.8	1.5	70.7-76.6	80.1	1.4	77.3-82.6	79.8	1.4	77.0-82.4	82.5	1.3	79.8-84.9
Marital Status															
Married	76.2	1.3	73.6-78.7	72.8	1.3	70.1-75.3	78.4	1.2	75.9-80.6	78.3	1.3	75.7-80.6	81.5	1.2	79.0-83.7
Other	46.6	2.1	42.4-50.8	45.0	2.1	40.9-49.1	51.5	2.2	47.2-55.8	52.0	2.0	48.0-56.0	60.2	2.1	56.1-64.2
Payment for Delivery															
Medicaid	53.1	2.1	49.1-57.1	50.7	2.1	46.6-54.7	57.9	2.0	53.9-61.9	55.8	1.9	52.0-59.5	65.6	1.8	61.9-69.0
Other	73.5	1.4	70.7-76.1	69.7	1.4	67.0-72.4	75.8	1.3	73.1-78.2	77.4	1.3	74.7-79.8	80.2	1.3	77.6-82.7
Birthweight															
Low	54.6	2.5	49.7-59.5	55.1	3.0	49.3-60.8	62.7	2.4	57.8-67.3	64.7	2.3	60.1-69.1	68.4	2.3	63.8-72.7
Normal	67.3	1.2	64.9-69.6	64.4	1.4	61.6-67.2	69.5	1.2	67.0-71.8	68.9	1.2	66.5-71.2	74.2	1.2	71.8-76.4

<sup>\*</sup>Confidence interval

<sup>\*\*</sup>Question changed in 2000

**Table 28a**Breastfeeding at Four Weeks After Delivery, 2008
By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics

	Standard	
Percent	Error	95% CI *
65.8	1.3	63.3-68.3
40.1	4.1	32.4-48.4
56.9	3.0	51.0-62.6
71.9	1.7	68.5-75.0
76.1	3.0	69.8-81.5
41.9	3.7	34.9-49.4
69.9	1.4	67.2-72.5
85.0	4.2	74.7-91.6
73.2	2.2	68.6-77.3
63.1	1.6	60.0-66.1
53.1	3.1	47.1-59.1
54.6	2.7	49.3-59.7
76.3	1.6	73.1-79.3
77.9	1.4	75.0-80.5
48.6	2.2	44.3-52.9
55.2	1.9	51.5-59.0
77.4	1.6	74.2-80.4
62.4	2.5	572 (72
		57.3-67.2 63.4-68.7
00.1	1.4	03.4-08./
	65.8 40.1 56.9 71.9 76.1 41.9 69.9 85.0 73.2 63.1 54.6 76.3 77.9 48.6	Percent         Error           65.8         1.3           40.1         4.1           56.9         3.0           71.9         1.7           76.1         3.0           41.9         3.7           69.9         1.4           85.0         4.2           73.2         2.2           63.1         1.6           53.1         3.1           54.6         2.7           76.3         1.6           77.9         1.4           48.6         2.2           55.2         1.9           77.4         1.6           62.4         2.5

**Table 28b**Breastfeeding Four Weeks After Delivery, 2003-2007
By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics

		2003			2004			2005			2006			2007	
		Standard			Standard	95% CI		Standard	95% CI		Standard			Standard	95% CI
	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	*	Percent	Error	*	Percent	Error	95% CI *	Percent	Error	*
Total	58.4	1.4	55.7-61.1	62.4	1.2	60.0-64.8	61.8	1.3	59.2-64.4	64.4	1.3	61.8-66.9	62.4	1.3	59.8-64.9
Age															
< 20 years	31.4	4.0	24.1-39.8	36.0	4.2	28.2-44.6	32.2	3.9	25.0-40.3	42.1	4.4	33.7-50.9	40.7	4.1	32.9-49.0
20-24 years	48.0	2.8	42.5-53.5	49.8	2.8	44.3-55.2	52.5	3.0	46.7-58.3	52.9	3.1	46.9-58.8	51.5	2.9	45.8-57.1
25-34 years	66.5	1.8	62.9-70.0	67.2	1.6	64.1-70.3	68.6	1.8	65.0-71.9	69.3	1.7	65.8-72.5	69.2	1.7	65.9-72.3
35+ years	66.6	3.6	59.2-73.3	77.4	2.6	71.8-82.1	72.1	3.1	65.6-77.8	77.9	2.9	71.8-83.0	69.6	3.2	63.0-75.5
Race															
Black	39.3	3.4	32.8-46.1	39.9	3.2	33.8-46.2	43.5	3.5	36.9-50.4	46.0	3.7	39.0-53.2	44.2	3.4	37.7-50.8
White	61.4	1.5	58.4-64.3	66.1	1.3	63.5-68.6	65.4	1.5	62.5-68.1	66.8	1.4	64.0-69.5	65.1	1.4	62.3-67.9
Other	78.4	5.4	66.1-87.1	86.2	4.1	76.1-92.4	75.8	5.7	63.1-85.2	89.6	3.6	80.1-94.8	83.9	3.8	74.9-90.1
Hispanic Ethnicity															
Hispanic	69.0	2.6	63.8-73.8	70.2	2.4	65.3-74.6	68.5	2.5	63.4-73.2	72.0	2.3	67.3-76.3	69.4	2.6	64.2-74.2
Non-Hispanic	54.8	1.6	51.6-57.9	60.1	1.4	57.3-62.8	59.5	1.6	56.4-62.6	61.6	1.6	58.5-64.6	60.3	1.5	57.4-63.2
Education															
< High School	51.8	2.9	46.1-57.5	50.0	2.8	44.5-55.6	49.5	3.0	43.7-55.3	54.5	3.0	48.5-60.3	49.2	3.2	43.0-55.4
High School	47.6	2.7	42.4-52.8	50.8	2.6	45.8-55.8	49.8	2.8	44.4-55.2	50.5	2.8	45.1-55.8	49.0	2.7	43.8-54.2
> High School	67.3	1.9	63.6-70.8	72.2	1.5	69.1-75.0	72.6	1.7	69.1-75.7	74.4	1.6	71.1-77.4	72.7	1.6	69.5-75.6
Marital Status															
Married	68.5	1.6	65.3-71.6	72.3	1.4	69.6-75.0	71.4	1.6	68.2-74.4	71.8	1.5	68.8-74.7	72.9	1.5	69.9-75.6
Other	40.8	2.3	36.4-45.3	43.8	2.2	39.6-48.0	46.8	2.2	42.4-51.2	51.7	2.4	47.1-56.3	46.6	2.2	42.4-50.8
Payment for Delivery															
Medicaid	51.1	2.0	47.1-55.1	54.3	1.9	50.6-57.9	50.6	2.0	46.8-54.4	55.2	2.0	51.3-59.1	52.4	1.9	48.7-56.0
Other	64.9	1.8	61.3-68.4	69.1	1.6	66.0-72.1	73.4	1.7	69.9-76.6	73.6	1.7	70.3-76.7	73.2	1.6	69.9-76.3
Profession															
<b>Birthweight</b> Low	57.0	2.6	51.9-61.9	52.5	2.3	48.1-57.0	57.6	2.5	52.6-62.4	57.3	2.4	52.5-61.9	64.3	2.5	59.3-69.1
Normal	57.0 58.5	2.6 1.5	55.6-61.3	63.1	1.3	48.1-57.0 60.5-65.6	62.1	2.5 1.4	59.3-64.9	57.3 64.9	1.4	62.1-67.6	62.2	2.5 1.4	59.5-64.9
NOTIFIAL	36.3	1.3	33.0-01.3	03.1	1.3	00.5-05.0	02.1	1.4	39.3-04.9	04.9	1.4	02.1-07.0	02.2	1.4	39.3-04.9

<sup>\*</sup> Confidence interval

**Table 28c**Breastfeeding At Four Weeks After Delivery, 1998-2002
By Selected Sociodemographic Characteristics

		1998			1999			2000**			2001			2002	
		Standard			Standard			Standard			Standard			Standard	
	Percent	Error	95% CI *												
Total	55.0	1.2	52.6-57.4	49.2	1.2	46.8-51.5	56.0	1.2	53.6-58.4	56.7	1.2	54.3-59.1	60.2	1.2	57.8-62.5
Age															
< 20 years	34.9	3.3	28.8-41.5	27.4	3.1	21.7-34.0	31.5	3.5	25.2-38.7	34.1	3.4	27.8-41.0	31.3	3.4	25.1-38.4
20-24 years	45.2	2.6	40.1-50.4	41.2	2.5	36.4-46.2	46.2	2.6	41.1-51.4	45.5	2.6	40.4-50.6	48.6	2.6	43.5-53.7
25-34 years	62.3	1.7	58.9-65.6	56.5	1.7	53.2-59.8	62.6	1.6	59.4-65.8	62.8	1.7	59.5-66.0	68.2	1.6	65.0-71.3
35+ years	64.3	3.3	57.7-70.5	57.1	3.3	50.6-63.3	67.7	3.0	61.5-73.2	71.1	2.8	65.2-76.3	72.6	2.9	66.6-77.9
Race															
Black	34.3	2.7	29.2-39.8	23.3	2.4	18.9-28.3	35.0	2.9	29.7-40.8	35.6	2.9	30.2-41.4	34.2	2.9	28.8-40.0
White	59.6	1.4	56.9-62.3	54.4	1.4	51.7-57.1	59.9	1.4	57.2-62.5	60.4	1.3	57.7-63.0	64.7	1.3	62.0-67.3
Other	69.7	8.0	52.4-82.9	74.1	4.9	63.4-82.6	81.3	5.5	68.3-89.8	87.1	4.1	76.7-93.2	85.4	4.4	74.6-92.1
Hispanic Ethnicity															
Hispanic	62.5	2.7	57.2-67.6	60.5	2.8	54.9-65.7	61.3	2.6	56.2-66.2	64.2	2.5	59.2-68.9	68.4	2.4	63.6-72.8
Non-Hispanic	53.2	1.4	50.5-55.8	46.3	1.3	43.7-48.9	54.4	1.4	51.7-57.1	54.5	1.4	51.8-57.2	57.5	1.4	54.7-60.3
Education															
< High School	46.1	2.7	40.7-51.5	35.5	2.6	30.6-40.7	46.1	2.8	40.7-51.6	44.2	2.7	39.0-49.6	49.9	2.7	44.6-55.2
High School	41.3	2.2	37.1-45.7	38.1	2.2	33.9-42.5	41.4	2.2	37.1-45.9	45.7	2.3	41.3-50.1	46.4	2.4	41.6-51.2
> High School	67.3	1.6	64.0-70.4	60.9	1.7	57.6-64.1	68.7	1.6	65.5-71.7	68.7	1.6	65.4-71.7	71.3	1.6	68.2-74.2
Marital Status															
Married	65.2	1.5	62.3-68.0	59.9	1.4	57.0-62.7	67.5	1.4	64.7-70.1	67.8	1.4	65.0-70.5	70.6	1.4	67.8-73.3
Other	34.2	2.1	30.3-38.3	30.7	2.0	27.0-34.6	34.6	2.1	30.7-38.8	37.4	2.0	33.6-41.4	41.7	2.1	37.7-45.8
Payment for Delivery															
Medicaid	40.8	2.0	36.9-44.9	35.1	2.0	31.4-39.1	42.0	2.0	38.0-46.0	41.8	1.9	38.1-45.6	47.9	1.9	44.2-51.6
Other	62.5	1.5	59.5-65.4	57.6	1.5	54.7-60.5	64.7	1.5	61.8-67.5	67.0	1.5	64.0-69.8	69.7	1.5	66.6-72.5
Birthweight															
Low	40.8	2.4	36.2-45.6	43.0	2.9	37.4-48.7	50.9	2.5	46.0-55.8	52.6	2.4	47.9-57.2	55.6	2.4	50.8-60.3
Normal	56.0	1.3	53.4-58.5	50.5	1.5	47.6-53.4	56.4	1.3	53.8-58.9	57.0	1.3	54.5-59.5	60.5	1.3	57.9-63.0

<sup>\*</sup>Confidence interval \*\*Question changed in 2000

**Table 29**Reasons for Not Breastfeeding, 2008

	_	Standard	
	Percent	Error	95% CI *
I did not like breastfeeding	49.9	2.8	44.4-55.4
I had other children to take care of	15.2	2.0	11.7-19.5
I went back to school or work	20.0	2.3	15.9-25.0
Other reasons	20.2	2.2	16.2-24.9
I was sick or on medication	13.9	1.9	10.6-18.1
I had too many household duties	8.5	1.6	5.8-12.2
I did not want to be tied down	3.3	1.0	1.9-5.9
I wanted my body back to myself	7.9	1.6	5.3-11.5
I was embarrassed to breastfeed	5.5	1.3	3.5-8.7
Baby was sick	2.8	0.9	1.5-5.1

<sup>\*</sup>Confidence interval

**Table 30**How did you learn to install and use your infant car seat? 2008

	Percent	Standard Error	95% CI *
I read the instructions	66.4	1.3	63.9-68.9
A health or safety professional showed me	23.9	1.1	21.8-26.2
A friend or family member showed me	21.6	1.1	19.5-23.8
I figured it out myself	21.1	1.1	19.0-23.2
Some other way	15.2	1.0	13.4-17.3
Someone from a loaner program showed me	0.9	0.2	0.5-1.5

<sup>\*</sup>Confidence interval

**Table 31**Source of Payment for Prenatal Care, 2008

		Standard	
	Percent	Error	95% CI *
Insurance/HMO	51.7	1.3	49.1-54.3
Medicaid	48.8	1.3	46.2-51.4
Personal Income	18.4	1.0	16.5-20.5
Other Source	0.9	0.2	0.5-1.5

<sup>\*</sup>Confidence interval

**Table 32**Source of Payment for Delivery, 2008

		Standard	
	Percent	Error	95% CI *
Insurance/HMO	49.1	1.3	46.6-51.7
Medicaid	51.7	1.3	49.1-54.2
Personal Income	17.2	1.0	15.4-19.2
Other Source	1.0	0.3	0.6-1.7

<sup>\*</sup>Confidence interval

**Table 33**Prevalence of Health Insurance or Medicaid for Baby, 2008

		Standard							
	Percent	Error	95% CI *						
Yes	97.4	0.4	96.4-98.1						
No	2.6	0.4	1.9-3.6						

<sup>\*</sup>Confidence interval

**Table 34**Type of Insurance for Baby, 2008

		Standard	
	Percent	Error	95% CI *
Insurance/HMO	45.7	1.3	43.1-48.3
Medicaid	45.7	1.4	43.1-48.4
KidCare/CHIP	8.4	0.8	7.0-10.0
Other Source	2.2	0.4	1.5-3.1

<sup>\*</sup>Confidence interval