TABLE A-1. Fatal occupational injuries by industry and event or exposure, Illinois, 200

					Event or	exposure <sup>2</sup>		
Industry <sup>1</sup>	NAICS code <sup>1</sup>	Total fatalities (number)	Transpor- tation incidents <sup>3</sup>	Assaults and violent acts <sup>4</sup>	Contact with objects and equipment	Falls	Exposure to harmful sub- stances or environ- ments	Fires and explosions
Total		200	65	43	32	36	21	3
Private Industry		176	52	41	30	35	15	3
Goods Producing Natural Resources and Mining Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting Crop Production Oilseed and Grain Farming Animal Production Mining* Mining (except Oil and Gas)* Construction Construction Construction of buildings Residential Building Construction Residential Building Construction. Nonresidential Building Construction Commercial and Institutional Building Construction. Heavy and Civil Engineering Construction. Highway, Street, and Bridge Construction. Highway, Street, and Bridge Construction. Specialty Trade Contractors. Foundation, Structure, and Building Exterior Contractors Roofing Contractors. Building Equipment Contractors. Plumbing, Heating, and Air-Conditioning Contractors. Building Finishing Contractors. Painting and Wall Covering Contractors. Manufacturing.	11 111 1111 1112 21 23 236 2361 23622 237 237 237 2381 2381 2381 2382 23832	47 47 18 7 7 7 4 8 7 7 21 9 5 6 4 4 3 3	19 7 7 6 10 10 10 6 5 5	    	20 7 4 4  3 3 3 6 6 4            	26 24 24 8 3 3 14 7 4 5 3	8    4 4 4     3 3 3 3	
Food Manufacturing Primary Metal Manufacturing Service producing Trade, Transportation, and Utilities Wholesale Trade	311 331 	3 3 98 44 5	  33 21 	  37 12 	  10 5 3	  9 	  7 4 	   
Merchant Wholesalers, Nondurable Goods  Retail Trade	424 44-45 445 4481	4 4 3	    19	 7 4 4  5	    	   	   	   

TABLE A-1. Fatal occupational injuries by industry and event or exposure, Illinois, 2003 - continue

					Event or e	exposure <sup>2</sup>		
Industry <sup>1</sup>	NAICS code <sup>1</sup>	Total fatalities (number)	Transpor- tation incidents <sup>3</sup>	Assaults and violent acts <sup>4</sup>	Contact with objects and equipment	Falls	Exposure to harmful sub- stances or environ- ments	Fires and explosions
Truck Transportation	. 484	22	17					
General Freight Trucking		17	12					
General Freight Trucking, Local		3						
General Freight Trucking, Long-Distance		14	12					
General Freight Trucking, Long-Distance, Truckload		10	9					
Specialized Freight Trucking	. 4842	5	5					
Transit and Ground Passenger Transportation	. 485	4		3				
Taxi and Limousine Service	. 4853	4		3				
Taxi Service	48531	4		3				
Financial Activities		5		4				
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing		3		3				
Real Estate		3		3				
Professional and Business Services		16	3	3	3	3	3	
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	. 54	3						
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services		3						
Administrative and Support and Waste Management and	1							
Remediation Services	. 56	13			3		3	
Administrative and Support Services		.0						
Services to Buildings and Dwellings		7						
Landscaping Services		5						
Waste Management and Remediation Services		5						
Waste Collection		3						
Waste Collection.		3						
Solid Waste Collection		3						
Education and Health Services		7	3					
Educational Services		,	3					-
		3						
Educational Services	_	3						
		4						
Leisure and Hospitality		10	4	9				
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation		/	4					
Performing Arts, Spectator Sports, and Related Industries		3	3					
Amusement, Gambling, and Recreation Industries		3						
Accommodation and Food Services		8						
Food Services and Drinking Places		8		7				
Limited-Service Eating Places		5		4				-
Limited-Service Eating Places		5		4				
Limited-Service Restaurants		3		3				
Other Services		10		7				
Other Services, except Public Administration		10		7				
Repair and Maintenance		8		6				
Automotive Repair and Maintenance		6		6				
Automotive Mechanical and Electrical Repair and Maintenance	. 81111	6		6				
See footnotes at end of table								

TABLE A-1. Fatal occupational injuries by industry and event or exposure, Illinois, 2003 - continue

					Event or	exposure <sup>2</sup>		
Industry <sup>1</sup>	NAICS code <sup>1</sup>	Total fatalities (number)	Transpor- tation incidents <sup>3</sup>	Assaults and violent acts <sup>4</sup>	Contact with objects and equipment	Falls	Exposure to harmful sub- stances or environ- ments	Fires and explosions
Other Automotive Mechanical and Electrical Repair and Maintenance	811118	6		6				
Government <sup>6</sup>		24	13	-			6	
State Government		5	4					
Service producing		4	3					-
Local Government		17	8				6	
Service producing		16	8				6	
Education and Health ServicesPublic Administration		3	 5					
Public Administration		11	5					
Justice, Public Order, and Safety Activities		11	5					
Justice, Public Order, and Safety Activities	9221	11	5					
Police Protection	92212	6	4					

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Classified according to the North American Industry Classification System, 2002

NOTE: Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately.

Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publicatior criteria.

n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified."

Data for 2003 are preliminary.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, ir cooperation with State and Federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupationa Injuries.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Based on the 1992 BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification Manual

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Includes highway, nonhighway, air, water, and rail fatalities

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Includes violence by persons, self-inflicted injury, and assaults by animals

<sup>5</sup> Includes fatalities at all establishments categorized as Mining (Sector 21) in the North American Industry Classification System, 2002, including establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm b}$  Includes fatalities to workers employed by governmental organizations regardless of industry.

TABLE A-2. Fatal occupational injuries resulting from transportation incidents and homicides, Illinois, 200

			Tran	sportation incid	dents			Homicides	
Industry <sup>1</sup>	Total fatalities (number)	Total	Highway Incidents	Non- Highway Incidents	Worker struck by Vehicle	All other transportation incidents	Total	Homicides by shooting	All other homicides
Total	200	65	25	12	17	11	37	29	
Private Industry	176	52	20	10	13	9	36	28	
Goods Producing	78	19		5	8	4			
Natural Resources and Mining		7		4					
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting		7		4					
Crop Production		6		4					
Oilseed and Grain Farming	3								
Animal Production									
Mining <sup>2</sup>									
Mining (except Oil and Gas) <sup>2</sup>									
Construction		10			6				
Construction.		10			6				
Construction of buildings		10			0				
Residential Building Construction.	-								
Residential Building Construction  Nonresidential Building Construction									
Commercial and Institutional Building Construction									
Heavy and Civil Engineering Construction.		6			5				
Highway, Street, and Bridge Construction		5			2				
Highway, Street, and Bridge Construction		5			э				
Specialty Trade Contractors.									
Foundation, Structure, and Building Exterior Contractors									
Roofing Contractors.									
Building Equipment Contractors.									
Plumbing, Heating, and Air-Conditioning Contractors									
Building Finishing Contractors.									
Painting and Wall Covering Contractors									
Manufacturing									
Manufacturing	-								
Food Manufacturing  Primary Metal Manufacturing						[		]	
Service producing		33	18	 	5	5	34	27	
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities		21	15	3	3	3	12	11	
		21	15		4	[	12	] ''	
Wholesale Trade						[			
						[			
Retail Trade							/	/ /	
Food and Beverage Stores							4	4	
Grocery Stores							4	4	
Clothing and Clothing Accessories Stores	3								

TABLE A-2. Fatal occupational injuries resulting from transportation incidents and homicides, Illinois, 2003 - continue

			Trans	sportation inci	dents			Homicides	
Industry <sup>1</sup>	Total fatalities (number)	Total	Highway Incidents	Non- Highway Incidents	Worker struck by Vehicle	All other transporta-tion incidents	Total	Homicides by shooting	All other homicides
Transportation and Warehousing	28	19	14		3		5	5 4	
Truck Transportation	22	17	13		3				
General Freight Trucking		12	10						
General Freight Trucking, Local	3								
General Freight Trucking, Long-Distance		12	10						
General Freight Trucking, Long-Distance, Truckload		9	7						
Specialized Freight Trucking		5						.	
Transit and Ground Passenger Transportation		<del></del>					3		
Taxi and Limousine Service								·I	
Taxi Service							3		
Financial Activities							2	2	
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing							J	'l '	
<u> </u>								1	
Real Estate								]	
Professional and Business Services		3					3	·l	
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services									
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	3								
Administrative and Support and Waste Management and									
Remediation Services									
Administrative and Support Services									
Services to Buildings and Dwellings									
Landscaping Services	5								
Waste Management and Remediation Services	5								
Waste Collection	-								
Waste Collection	3								
Solid Waste Collection	3								
Education and Health Services	7	3							
Educational Services	3								
Educational Services	3							.	
Health Care and Social Assistance	4								
Leisure and Hospitality	15	4		3			8	5	3
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation		4		3					
Performing Arts, Spectator Sports, and Related Industries		3		3					
Amusement, Gambling, and Recreation Industries								.	
Accommodation and Food Services							7	5	
Food Services and Drinking Places							7	, 5	
Limited-Service Eating Places						[	4	. š	
Limited-Service Eating Places						]	7	il 3	
Limited-Service Restaurants							2	il '	
Other Services						]	7	[]	
Other ServicesOther Services, except Public Administration							7	,	
•							,		
Repair and Maintenance						· -	0		
Automotive Repair and Maintenance	б						0	) b	

TABLE A-2. Fatal occupational injuries resulting from transportation incidents and homicides, Illinois, 2003 - continue

			Trans	sportation incid	dents			Homicides	
Industry <sup>1</sup>	Total fatalities (number)	Total	Highway Incidents	Non- Highway Incidents	Worker struck by Vehicle	All other transportation incidents	i otai	Homicides by shooting	All other homicides
Automotive Mechanical and Electrical Repair and Maintenance	6						6	6	
Other Automotive Mechanical and Electrical Repair and Maintenance	6						6	6	
Government <sup>3</sup>	24	13	5		4				
State Government	5	4			4				
Service producing	4	3			3				
Local Government	17	8	5						
Service producing Education and Health Services	16	8	5						
Education and Health Services	3								
Public AdministrationPublic Administration	11	5	4						
Justice Public Order and Safety Activities	11	5	4						
Justice, Public Order, and Safety Activities	11	5	4						
Police Protection	6	4	4						

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Classified according to the North American Industry Classification System, 2002

NOTE: Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately

Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meel publication criteria.

n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Data for 2003 are preliminary.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State and Federal agencies. Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes fatalities at all establishments categorized as Mining (Sector 21) in the North Americar Industry Classification System, 2002, including establishments not governed by the Mine Safet and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Includes fatalities to workers employed by governmental organizations regardless of industry

TABLE A-3. Fatal occupational injuries to private sector wage and salary workers, government workers, and self-employed workers by industry, Illinois, 2003

Industry <sup>1</sup>	Fata	lities	Private sector salary w	•	Governme	nt workers <sup>3</sup>	Self-employ	ed workers <sup>4</sup>
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	200	100.0	129	100.0	24	100.0	47	100.0
Goods Producing		40.0	57	44.2			21	44.7
Natural Resources and Mining		9.0	5	3.9			13	27.7
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting		7.5					13	27.7
Crop Production		5.5					11	23.4
Oilseed and Grain Farming		1.5					3	6.4
Animal Production		1.5						
Mining <sup>3</sup>		1.5	3	2.3				
Mining (except Oil and Gas) <sup>5</sup>		1.5	3	2.3				
Construction	49	24.5	40	31.0			7	14.9
Construction	49	24.5	40	31.0			7	14.9
Construction of buildings	18	9.0	13	10.1			5	10.6
Residential Building Construction	7	3.5	4	3.1			3	6.4
Residential Building Construction	7	3.5	4	3.1			3	6.4
Nonresidential Building Construction	7	3.5	6	4.7				
Commercial and Institutional Building Construction	4	2.0	3	2.3				
Heavy and Civil Engineering Construction		4.5	8	6.2				
Highway, Street, and Bridge Construction	8	4.0	7	5.4				
Highway, Street, and Bridge Construction		4.0	7	5.4				
Specialty Trade Contractors	22	11.0	19	14.7				
Foundation, Structure, and Building Exterior Contractors	9	4.5	9	7.0				
Roofing Contractors	5	2.5	5	3.9				
Building Equipment Contractors		3.5	6	4.7				
Plumbing, Heating, and Air-Conditioning Contractors	4	2.0	4	3.1				
Building Finishing Contractors		2.0						
Painting and Wall Covering Contractors		1.5						
Manufacturing		6.5	12	9.3				
Manufacturing		6.5	12	9.3				
Food Manufacturing		1.5	3	2.3				
Primary Metal Manufacturing		1.5	3	2.3				
Service producing		60.0	72	55.8	22	91.7	26	55.3
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities		24.0	38	29.5	4	16.7	6	12.8
Wholesale Trade		2.5	5	3.9				
Merchant Wholesalers, Nondurable Goods		1.5	3	2.3				
Retail Trade		5.5	7	5.4			4	8.5
Food and Beverage Stores.		2.0	3	2.3				
Grocery Stores		2.0	3	2.3				
Clothing and Clothing Accessories Stores.		1.5		2.0				
Transportation and Warehousing		16.0	26	20.2	4	16.7		
Truck Transportation		11.0	21	16.3		10.7		
General Freight Trucking		8.5	16	12.4				
General Freight Trucking, Local		1.5	3	2.3				
See footnotes at end of table.		1.5	٥	2.0				

Page 1 of 3

TABLE A-3. Fatal occupational injuries to private sector wage and salary workers, government workers, and self-employed workers by industry, Illinois, 2003 - Continued

Industry <sup>1</sup>	Fata	lities	Private sector salary w		Governme	nt workers <sup>3</sup>	Self-employ	ed workers4
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
General Freight Trucking, Long-Distance		7.0	13	10.1				
General Freight Trucking, Long-Distance, Truckload		5.0	9	7.0				
Specialized Freight Trucking	. 5	2.5	5	3.9				
Transit and Ground Passenger Transportation		2.5	3	2.3				
Taxi and Limousine Service	. 4	2.0	3	2.3				
Taxi Service	. 4	2.0	3	2.3				
Financial Activities	. 5	2.5	4	3.1				
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	3	1.5	3	2.3				
Real Estate	. 3	1.5	3	2.3				
Professional and Business Services	16	8.0	12	9.3			4	8.5
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	. 3	1.5						
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	. 3	1.5						
Administrative and Support and Waste Management and								1
Remediation Services	. 13	6.5	11	8.5				
Administrative and Support Services		4.0	6	4.7				
Services to Buildings and Dwellings		3.5	5	3.9				
Landscaping Services		2.5	3	2.3				
Waste Management and Remediation Services		2.5	5	3.9				
Waste Collection		1.5	3	2.3				l <u></u>
Waste Collection		1.5	3	2.3				l
Solid Waste Collection		1.5	3	2.3				l
Education and Health Services		5.5	3	2.3	4	16.7	4	8.5
Educational Services		3.0			3	12.5		
Educational Services	-	3.0			3	12.5		l
Health Care and Social Assistance		2.5				12.0		l
Ambulatory Health Care Services		1.5						l
Leisure and Hospitality		8.0	Q	7.0			6	12.8
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	-	4.0	4	3.1			3	6.4
Performing Arts, Spectator Sports, and Related Industries		2.0		0.1				0.4
Amusement, Gambling, and Recreation Industries		1.5	3	2.3				l
Accommodation and Food Services		4.0	5	3.9			3	6.4
Food Services and Drinking Places		4.0	5	3.9			3	6.4
Limited-Service Eating Places		2.5	3	2.3			3	0.4
Limited-Service Eating Places		2.5	3	2.3				
Limited-Service Eating Flaces		2.5 1.5	3	2.3				1
				2.0				10.6
Other Services	1	5.0	5	3.9			5	10.6
Other Services, except Public Administration		5.0	5	3.9			5	10.6
Repair and Maintenance		4.0					4	8.5
Automotive Repair and Maintenance		3.0		]				1 -
Automotive Mechanical and Electrical Repair and Maintenance	. 6	3.0						1 -
Other Automotive Mechanical and Electrical Repair								1
and Maintenance	. 6	3.0			 :			-
Public Administration	. 13	6.5			13	54.2		-
Public Administration See footnotes at end of table.	. 13	6.5			13	54.2		<u></u>

Page 2 of 3

TABLE A-3. Fatal occupational injuries to private sector wage and salary workers, government workers, and self-employed workers by industry, Illinois, 2003 - Continued

Industry <sup>1</sup>		lities		or wage and vorkers <sup>2</sup>	Governme	nt workers <sup>3</sup>	Self-employed workers <sup>4</sup>		
		Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
Justice, Public Order, and Safety Activities	13	6.5			13	54.2			
Justice, Public Order, and Safety Activities	13	6.5			13	54.2			
Police Protection	8	4.0			8	33.3			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Classified according to the North American Industry Classification System, 2002

Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not mee publication criteria.

n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified."

Data for 2003 are preliminary.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State and Federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> May include volunteers and other workers receiving compensation

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Includes fatalities to workers employed by governmental organizations regardless of industry

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Includes paid and unpaid family workers, and may include owners of incorporated businesses or members of partnerships.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Includes fatalities at all establishments categorized as Mining (Sector 21) in the North Americar Industry Classification System, 2002, including establishments not governed by the Mine Safet and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction NOTE: Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately

TABLE A-4. Fatal occupational injuries by primary and secondary source of injury by major private industry division1, Illinois, 200

		Goods producing Service producing											
Primary source and secondary source	Total fatalities (number)	Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining	Construc- tion	Manufac- turing	Total service producing	Trade, Transpor- tation, and utilities	Informa- tion	Financial Activities	Professio- nal and business services	Education and Health Services	Leisure and hospitality	Other Services
Total	200	78	18	47	13	98	44		5	16	7	15	10
Primary Source													
Chemicals and chemical products  Containers	3 21 3 3 4 4 2 3 3 4 4 9 6 5 5 5 5				33	3 							
Vehicles	. 6 . 48 . 14 . 28 . 4	17  7 5   7	7      6	8  5 4   	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	37  30 4 23 3 15 4	24  23  20 3 15 		     	3      			     

TABLE A-4. Fatal occupational injuries by primary and secondary source of injury by major private industry division1, Illinois, 2003 - continue

			Goods p	roducing					Service p	producing			
Primary source and secondary source	Total fatalities (number)	Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining	Construc- tion	Manufac- turing	Total service producing	Trade, Transpor- tation, and utilities	Informa- tion	Financial Activities	Professio- nal and business services	Education and Health Services	Leisure and hospitality	Other Services
Tractor	7	6	6										
Water vehicle	3					3							
Other sources	40					30	12		3	4		5	6
Ammunition	31					27	11		3			5	6
Bullets	30					27	11		3			5	6
Atmospheric and environmental conditions	8												
Fire, flame, smoke	8												
Smoke, fire gases	6												
Secondary Source													
Containers	6	4											
Containersnonpressurized	3												
Machinery	10	8	4										
Material handling machinery	7	5											
Parts and materials	9	7		4									
Building materialssolid elements	3												
Machine, tool, and electric parts	4	3		3									
Electric parts	4	3		3									
Power lines, transformers, convertors	4	3		3									
Persons, plants, animals, and minerals	38					35	12		3	4		8	7
Personother than injured or ill worker	37					34	12		3	3		8	7
Personother than injured or ill worker,	01					01				Ĭ			•
unspecified	6					5			3				
Co-worker, former co-worker of injured or													
ill worker	10					9							6
Robber	16					16	11					5	
Personother than injured or ill worker,													
n.e.c	4					4							
Structures and surfaces	34	19		17		12	8						
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces	5					3							
Other structural elements	11	9		8									
Roof	8	8		8									
Structures	18	9		8		8	6						
Buildingsoffice, plant, residential	4												
Scaffolds, staging	5	5		5									
Scaffoldsstaging, unspecified	3	3		3									
Other structures	4												
Tools, instruments, and equipment	18	8		7		7							
Ladders	13	8		7		4							
Laddersmovable	11	7		7		4							
Can factuates at and of table													

TABLE A-4. Fatal occupational injuries by primary and secondary source of injury by major private industry division1, Illinois, 2003 - continue

			Goods p	roducing		Service producing								
Primary source and secondary source	Total fatalities (number)	Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining	Construc- tion	Manufac- turing	Total service producing	Trade, Transpor- tation, and utilities	Informa- tion	Financial Activities	Professio- nal and business services	Education and Health Services	Leisure and hospitality	Other Services	
Movable ladders, unspecified	7	4		4		3								
Vehicles	26	5				17	11			4				
Highway vehicle, motorized	23	3				16	11			3				
Automobile	3													
Truck	19					14	9			3				
Semitrailer, tractor trailer,														
trailer truck	10					7	6							
Truck, n.e.c	6					5				3				
Other sources	4													
Apparel and textiles	3													
Clothing and shoes	3													

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Classified according to the North American Industry Classification System, 2002

NOTE: Totals for major categories may include subcategories not showr separately.

Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified."

Data for 2003 are preliminary.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State and Federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes fatalities at all establishments categorized as Mining (Sector 21) in the North Americar Industry Classification System, 2002, including establishments not governed by the Mine Safet and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The primary source identifies the object, substance, or exposure that directly produced or inflicted the injury. For transportation incidents, the source identifies the vehicle in which the deceased was an occupant.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The secondary source of injury, if any, identifies the object, substance, or person that generated the source of injury or that contributed to the event or exposure. For vehicle collisions, the deceased's vehicle is the primary source and the other object (truck, road, divider, etc.) is the secondary source. For mos homicides, the "bullet" is the primary source and the "perpetrator" is the secondary source

TABLE A-5. Fatal occupational injuries by occupation and event or exposure, Illinois, 200

				Event or e	exposure <sup>2</sup>		
Occupation <sup>1</sup>	Total fatalities (number)	Transportation incidents <sup>3</sup>	Assaults and violent acts <sup>4</sup>	Contact with objects and equipment	Falls	Exposure to harmful sub- stances or environments	Fires and explosions
Total	200	65	43	32	36	21	3
Management Occupations	28	9	7	7	4		
Other Management Occupations	25	9	6	6	4		
Agricultural Managers	11	6		4			
Farmers and Ranchers	11	6		4			
Construction Managers							
Construction Managers	4						
Miscellaneous Managers	6						
Managers, All Other	6						
Business and Financial Operations Occupations	3						
Education, Training, and Library Occupations		3					
Protective Service Occupations		8	3				
First-Line Supervisors/Managers, Protective Service Workers	3						
First-Line Supervisors/Managers, Law Enforcement Workers							
First-Line Supervisors/Managers of Police and Detectives							
Law Enforcement Workers							
Police Officers							
Police and Sheriff's Patrol Officers	4						
Other Protective Service Workers	4	3					
Miscellaneous Protective Service Workers		3					
Crossing Guards	3	3					
Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations	3						
Building and Grounds Cleaning and Maintenance Occupations		3			3		
Grounds Maintenance Workers		3			3		
Grounds Maintenance Workers	8	3			3		
Landscaping and Groundskeeping Workers	5	3					
Tree Trimmers and Pruners	3						
Personal Care and Service Occupations			3				
Sales and Related Occupations	13		10				
Supervisors, Sales Workers			3				
First-Line Supervisors/Managers, Sales Workers			3				
First-Line Supervisors/Managers of Retail Sales Workers			3				
Retail Sales Workers			5				
Retail Salespersons			3				
Retail Salespersons			3				
Construction and Extraction Occupations		6	4	9	19	4	
Construction Trades Workers		5	4	7	15	4	
Carpenters		]			3		
Carpenters					3		
Can factuated at and of table							

TABLE A-5. Fatal occupational injuries by occupation and event or exposure, Illinois, 2003 - Continue

			exposure <sup>2</sup>					
Occupation <sup>1</sup>	Total fatalities (number)	Transportation incidents <sup>3</sup>	Assaults and violent acts <sup>4</sup>	Contact with objects and equipment	Falls	Exposure to harmful substances or environments	Fires and explosions	
Construction Laborers	. 9			3	3			
Construction Laborers	. 9			3	3			
Electricians	. 8			3				
Electricians	. 8			3				
Painters and Paperhangers	. 3							
Painters, Construction and Maintenance	. 3							
Roofers	. 5				4			
Roofers	5				4			
Other Construction and Related Workers	. 4				3			
Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Occupations	. 8			4				
Other Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Occupations	. 6			3				
Production Occupations				4		3		
Metal Workers and Plastic Workers	. 3							
Other Production Occupations	. 3							
Miscellaneous Production Workers								
Production Workers, All Other	3							
Transportation and Material Moving Occupations	49	27	7	6		7		
Motor Vehicle Operators	. 29	19	4	3		3		
Driver/Sales Workers and Truck Drivers	. 24	17		3		3		
Truck Drivers, Heavy and Tractor-Trailer	21	16						
Taxi Drivers and Chauffeurs	. 4		3					
Taxi Drivers and Chauffeurs	. 4		3					
Material Moving Workers	. 16	5	3	3		3		
Laborers and Material Movers, Hand	. 8	3				3		
Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand	7	3						

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Based on the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification System

NOTE: Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately.

Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria.

n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified."

Data for 2003 are preliminary.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State and Federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Based on the 1992 BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification Manual

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Includes highway, nonhighway, air, water, and rail fatalities

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Includes violence by persons, self-inflicted injury, and assaults by animals

TABLE A-6. Fatal occupational injuries resulting from transportation incidents and homicides by occupation, Illinois, 200

			Tra	nsportation incid	dents			Homicides	
Occupation <sup>1</sup>	Total fatalities (number)	Total	Highway Incidents	Non- Highway Incidents	Worker struck by Vehicle	All other transporta- tion incidents	Total	Homicides by shooting	All other homicides
Total	200	65	25	12	17	11	37	29	8
Management Occupations	28	9	3	4			6	5	
Other Management Occupations	25	9	3	4			6	5	
Agricultural Managers		6		4					
Farmers and Ranchers		6		4					
Construction Managers									
Construction Managers									
Miscellaneous Managers	6								
Managers, All Other	. 6								
Business and Financial Operations Occupations									
Education, Training, and Library Occupations		3							
Protective Service Occupations		8	4		. 3				
First-Line Supervisors/Managers, Protective Service Workers									
First-Line Supervisors/Managers, Law Enforcement Workers									
First-Line Supervisors/Managers of Police and									
Detectives	3								
Law Enforcement Workers									
Police Officers									
Police and Sheriff's Patrol Officers									
Other Protective Service Workers		3			3				
Miscellaneous Protective Service Workers		3			3				
Crossing Guards		3			3				
Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations									
Building and Grounds Cleaning and Maintenance Occupations		3							
Grounds Maintenance Workers		3							
Grounds Maintenance Workers		3							
Landscaping and Groundskeeping Workers	. 5	3							
Tree Trimmers and Pruners									
Personal Care and Service Occupations									
Sales and Related Occupations	13						10	9	
Supervisors, Sales Workers							3	3	
First-Line Supervisors/Managers, Sales Workers	. 4						3	3	
First-Line Supervisors/Managers of Retail Sales Workers							3	3	
Retail Sales Workers	. 7						5	5	
Retail Salespersons	4						3	3	
Retail Salespersons							3	3	
Construction and Extraction Occupations		6		]	3		3	]]	
Construction Trades Workers	36	5					3		
Carpenters	4								
See footnotes at end of table			-	-	•		-		

TABLE A-6. Fatal occupational injuries resulting from transportation incidents and homicides by occupation, Illinois, 2003 - continue

			Tra	nsportation inci	dents			Homicides	
Occupation <sup>1</sup>	Total fatalities (number)	Total	Highway Incidents	Non- Highway Incidents	Worker struck by Vehicle	All other transportation incidents	Total	Homicides by shooting	All other homicides
Carpenters	. 4								
Construction Laborers	9								
Construction Laborers									
Electricians									
Electricians									
Painters and Paperhangers	. 3								
Painters, Construction and Maintenance									
Roofers									
Roofers									
Other Construction and Related Workers									
Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Occupations									
Other Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Occupations	6								
Production Occupations					-				
Metal Workers and Plastic Workers					1				
Other Production Occupations									
Miscellaneous Production Workers									
Production Workers, All Other									
Transportation and Material Moving Occupations		27 19	10		`  °	4	0	4	
Motor Vehicle Operators  Driver/Sales Workers and Truck Drivers			10				4	3	
Truck Drivers, Heavy and Tractor-Trailer		17	14	]					
Taxi Drivers and Chauffeurs	1	16	13	<u></u>	-	]	2		
Taxi Drivers and Chauffeurs		<u></u>		]	]		3		<del></del>
Material Moving Workers				]	2	]	3		<del></del>
Laborers and Material Movers, Hand		3		]	3	<u> </u>		I	
Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand		3			.] 3	]	]	-	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Based on the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification System

NOTE: Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified."

Data for 2003 are preliminary.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State and Federal agencies. Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries

Table A-7. Fatal occupational injuries by worker characteristics and event or exposure, Illinois, 2003

		Event or o	exposure <sup>1</sup>				
Worker characteristics	Total fatalities (number)	Transpor- tation incidents <sup>2</sup>	Assaults and violent acts <sup>3</sup>	Contact with objects and equipment	Falls	Exposure to harmful sub- stances or environ- ments	Fires and explosions
Total	200	65	43	32	36	21	3
Employee Status							
Wage and Salary Workers <sup>4</sup> Self-employed <sup>5</sup>	153 47	51 14	26 17	25 7	30 6		 
Sex							
Men Women	185 15	62 3	38 5	32 	34 	16 5	3
Age							
Under 16 years 16 to 17 years 18 to 19 years 20 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 54 years 55 to 64 years 65 years and over	 3 13 33 46 54 36	  5 11 16 14 11	12 9	   4 7 10 6	  3 4 6 12 8 3	 8 5 5	    
Race or Ethnic Origin <sup>6</sup>							
White, non-Hispanic Black, non-Hispanic Hispanic or Latino American Indian or Alaska Native Asian Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	142 30 22  6	50 10 5  	10	23 4 5  	27 4 4  	18    	3    

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Based on the 1992 BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification Manual.

Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria.

Data for 2003 are preliminary.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State and Federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes highway, nonhighway, air, water, and rail fatalities

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Includes violence by persons, self-inflicted injury, and assaults by animals.

<sup>4</sup> May include volunteers and other workers receiving

compensation. <sup>5</sup> Includes paid and unpaid family workers, and may include owners of incorporated businesses, or members of partnerships.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The race categories shown exclude Hispanic workers. NOTE: Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately.

TABLE A-8. Fatal occupational injuries by event or exposure and age, Illinois, 2003

	Total					Age				
Event or exposure <sup>1</sup>	fatalities (number)	Under 16 years	16-17 years	18-19 years	20-24 years	25-34 years	35-44 years	45-54 years	55-64 years	65 years and over
Total	200			3	13	33	46	54	36	12
Contact with objects and equipment	32					4	7	10	6	
Struck by object	11							5		
Struck by falling object								4		
Caught in or compressed by equipment or objects	14						5			
Caught in running equipment or machinery										
Compressed or pinched by rolling, sliding, or										
shifting objects	5									
Caught in or compressed by equipment or										
objects, n.e.c	3									
Caught in or crushed in collapsing materials										
Falls					3	4	6	12	8	3
Fall to lower level					3	4	6	12	8	3
Fall from ladder							4	4		
Fall from roof								3	3	
Fall from roof edge									3	
Fall from scaffold, staging								3		
Fall to lower level, n.e.c										
Exposure to harmful substances or environments							8	5	5	
Contact with electric current							3			
Contact with electric current of machine,										
tool, appliance, or light fixture	3									
Contact with overhead power lines	4									
Exposure to caustic, noxious, or allergenic substances							5		3	
Inhalation of substance									3	
Inhalation in open or nonconfined space										
Transportation accidents					5	11	16	14	11	4
Highway accident						4	6	6	6	
Collision between vehicles, mobile equipment						3	4	4	3	
Moving in same direction							3	I		
Moving in intersection						3	l			
Vehicle struck stationary object, equipment on						3				
side of roadside of road	7									
See footnotes at end of table										

TABLE A-8. Fatal occupational injuries by event or exposure and age, Illinois, 2003 - continue

	Total					Age				
Event or exposure <sup>1</sup>	fatalities (number)	Under 16 years	16-17 years	18-19 years	20-24 years	25-34 years	35-44 years	45-54 years	55-64 years	65 years and over
Nonhighway accident, except rail, air, water	. 12								3	3
Vehicle, mobile equipment struck stationary object										
Noncollision accident	6									
Fell from and struck by vehicle, mobile										
equipment	. 3									
Pedestrian, nonpassenger struck by vehicle, mobile										
equipment	17					3	5	4		
Pedestrian struck by vehicle, mobile equipment										
in roadway	. 7									
Pedestrian struck by vehicle, mobile equipment										
on side of road	5						3			

TABLE A-8. Fatal occupational injuries by event or exposure and age, Illinois, 2003 - continue

	Total									
Event or exposure <sup>1</sup>	fatalities (number)	Under 16 years	16-17 years	18-19 years	20-24 years	25-34 years	35-44 years	45-54 years	55-64 years	65 years and over
Pedestrian struck by vehicle, mobile equipment										
in parking lot or non-roadway area	5									
Aircraft accident	6							3		
Aircraft accident, n.e.c	6							3		
Fires and explosions	3									
Assaults and violent acts	43					12	9	13	5	
Assaults and violent acts by person(s)	37					10	8	12	3	
Shooting						7	7	11		
Stabbing	5									
Self-inflicted injury	4									
Suicide, attempted suicide	4									

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Based on the 1992 BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification Manual

NOTE: Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately

Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified."

Data for 2003 are preliminary.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State and Federal agencies, Census of Fata Occupational Injuries

TABLE A-9. Fatal occupational injuries by event or exposure and major private industry division, Illinois, 200

			Goods p	roducing <sup>2</sup>					Service p	producing <sup>2</sup>			
Event or exposure <sup>1</sup>	Total fatalities (number)	Total Goods Produ-cing	Natural resources and mining <sup>3</sup>	Construc- tion	Manufac- turing	Total service producing	Trade, Transpor- tation, and utilities	Informa- tion	Financial Activities	Professio- nal and business services	Education and Health Services	Leisure and hospitality	Other Services
Total	200	78	18	47	13	98	44		5	16	7	15	10
Contact with objects and equipment	32	20	7	6	7	10	5			3			
Struck by object	11	4				5							
Struck by falling object	8	3				4							
Caught in or compressed by equipment or objects	14	10			6	4	3						
Caught in running equipment or machinery	6	4			3								
Compressed or pinched by rolling, sliding,	1				]								
or shifting objects	5	3									l	l	]
Caught in or compressed by equipment or		l											
objects, n.e.c	3	3											
Caught in or crushed in collapsing materials	6	6	3									l	
Falls	36	26		24		a				2			
Fall to lower level	36			24		٥				3			
Fall from ladder	11	6		6		1							I
Fall from roof	10	ľ		0									
Fall from roof edge	9	10		9									
Fall from scaffold, staging	5	5		5									
Fall to lower level, n.e.c.	5	3		3									
Exposure to harmful substances or environments	21	3											
•	21	0		4	3	,	4			3			
Contact with electric current	0	4		3		3							
Contact with electric current of machine,													
tool, appliance, or light fixture	3												
Contact with overhead power lines	4	3		3									
Exposure to caustic, noxious, or allergenic		_				_							
substances	12	3				4							
Inhalation of substance	9												
Inhalation in open or nonconfined space													
Transportation accidents	65		7	10		33				3	3	4	
Highway accident	25					18	-						
Collision between vehicles, mobile equipment	15					10	8						
Moving in same direction	6					4	4						
Moving in intersection	5												
Vehicle struck stationary object, equipment													
on side of road	7					6	6						
Nonhighway accident, except rail, air, water	12	5	4			5						3	
Vehicle, mobile equipment struck stationary													
object	4												
Noncollision accident	6	3											
	l	l ĭ								l			

TABLE A-9. Fatal occupational injuries by event or exposure and major private industry division, Illinois, 2003 - continue

			Goods p	roducing <sup>2</sup>					Service p	producing <sup>2</sup>			
Event or exposure <sup>1</sup>	Total fatalities (number)	Total Goods Produ-cing	Natural resources and mining <sup>3</sup>	Construc- tion	Manufac- turing	Total service producing	Trade, Transpor- tation, and utilities	Informa- tion	Financial Activities	Professio- nal and business services	Education and Health Services		Other Services
Fell from and struck by vehicle, mobile													
equipment	3												
Pedestrian, nonpassenger struck by vehicle,													
mobile equipment	17	8		6		5	4						
Pedestrian struck by vehicle, mobile													
equipment in roadway	7	4		3									
Pedestrian struck by vehicle, mobile													
equipment on side of road	5	3											
Pedestrian struck by vehicle, mobile													
equipment in parking lot or non-roadway area	5					4	3						
Aircraft accident													
Aircraft accident, n.e.c	6												
Fires and explosions	3												
Assaults and violent acts	43	4				37	12		4	3		9	7
Assaults and violent acts by person(s)						34	12		3	3		8	7
Shooting	29					27	11		3			5	6
Stabbing	5					5							
Self-inflicted injury	4												
Suicide, attempted suicide	4												

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Based on the 1992 BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification Manual

NOTE: Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately.

Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified."

Data for 2003 are preliminary.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State and Federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Classified according to the North American Industry Classification System, 2002

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Includes fatalities at all establishments categorized as Mining (Sector 21) in the North Americar Industry Classification System, 2002, including establishments not governed by the Mine Safet and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction