TABLE A-9. Fatal occupational injuries by event or exposure and major private industry¹ sector, Illinois, 2004

			Goods p	roducing					Service	providing			
Event or exposure ²	Total fatalities (number)	Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ³	Construc- tion	Manufac- turing	Total service providing	Trade, transpor- tation, and utilities	Informa- tion	Financial activities	Profes- sional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services
Total	208	87	32	40	15	103	61	3	7	7	4	11	9
Contact with objects and equipment	33	22	9	9	4	10	5						
Struck by object	14	10	6	3		3	3						
Struck by falling object	8	7	5										
Struck by rolling, sliding objects on floor													
or ground level	3	3											
Caught in or compressed by equipment or objects	11	7	3		3	4							
Caught in running equipment or machinery	4												
Compressed or pinched by rolling, sliding,													
or shifting objectsg,	5	4											
Caught in or crushed in collapsing materials	7	5		5									
Caught in or crushed in collapsing structure	4												
Falls	29	19		16		10	6					l	
Fall to lower level	27	18		16		9	5					l	
Fall from ladder	9	7		6									
Fall from roof	5	3											
Fall from roof edge	3	3									 		
Fall from scaffold, staging	3	3		3						-	-		
Fall from nonmoving vehicle	3	3		3						-	T -		
Fall to lower level, n.e.c.	5	3		3		2				-	T -		
Exposure to harmful substances or environments	14	3		3		3	2						
Contact with electric current	14	9		5		4	3						
	5	3											
Contact with overhead power lines	4												
Exposure to caustic, noxious, or allergenic													
substances	6	3				3							
Exposure to caustic, noxious, or allergenic													
substances, unspecified	3									l			
Transportation accidents	83	24	19	4		47	30	3		4			4
Highway accident	49	/	5			34		3		3			4
Collision between vehicles, mobile equipment	30	3	3			20	13						3
Moving in same direction	8					6	4						
Moving in opposite directions, oncoming	9					5	4						
Moving in intersection	9					6	4						
Vehicle struck stationary object, equipment													
on side of road	12					9	6						
Noncollision accident	5					3							
Jack-knifed or overturnedno collision	4												
Nonhighway accident, except rail, air, water	16	10	10			5							
Noncollision accident	12	9	9							·	·		

TABLE A-9. Fatal occupational injuries by event or exposure and major private industry sector, Illinois, 2004 - continued

			Goods p	roducing					Service	providing			
Event or exposure ²	Total fatalities (number)	Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ³	Construc- tion	Manufac- turing	Total service providing	Trade, transpor- tation, and utilities	Informa- tion	Financial activities	Profes- sional and business services	Education and health services		Other services
Overturned	9	7	7										
Pedestrian, nonpassenger struck by vehicle,													
mobile equipment	13	7	4	3		4	3						
Pedestrian struck by vehicle, mobile													
equipment in roadway	3												
Pedestrian struck by vehicle, mobile													
equipment in parking lot or non-roadway area	10	5	4			4	3						
Fires and explosions	8	8		3	5								
Fireunintended or uncontrolled	6	6			5								
Fire in residence, building, or other structure	5	5			5								
Assaults and violent acts	41	5				32	17		4			6	3
Assaults and violent acts by person(s)	25	4				18	11		3				
Hitting, kicking, beating	4					3							
Shooting	17					11	9						
Self-inflicted injury	15					13	6					3	
Suicide, attempted suicide	15					13	6					3	

¹ Classified according to the North American Industry Classification System, 2002.

NOTE: Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Data for 2004 are preliminary.

² Based on the 1992 BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification Manual.

³ Includes fatalities at all establishments categorized as Mining (Sector 21) in the North American Industry Classification System, 2002, including establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction.

TABLE A-8. Fatal occupational injuries by event or exposure and age, Illinois, 2004

	Total					Age				
Event or exposure ¹	fatalities (number)	Under 16 years	16-17 years	18-19 years	20-24 years	25-34 years	35-44 years	45-54 years	55-64 years	65 years and over
Total	208				10	28	46	63	34	2:
Contact with objects and equipment	33				4	4	7	10	4	
Struck by object	14						4	3		l :
Struck by falling object										-
Struck by rolling, sliding objects on floor or										
ground level	3									-
Caught in or compressed by equipment or objects								3		
Caught in running equipment or machinery										
Compressed or pinched by rolling, sliding, or										
shifting objects	5									
Caught in or crushed in collapsing materials								4		
Caught in or crushed in collapsing structure										
Falls						3	10	8	5	
Fall to lower level						3	10	8	4	
Fall from ladder									3	
Fall from roof							3			
Fall from roof edge							3			
Fall from scaffold, staging										
Fall from nonmoving vehicle										
Fall to lower level, n.e.c.								3		
Exposure to harmful substances or environments						3	3	3		
Contact with electric current										
Contact with overhead power lines										
Exposure to caustic, noxious, or allergenic substances										
Exposure to caustic, noxious, or allergenic	_									
substances, unspecified	3									
Transportation accidents					4	13	12	20	18	1
Highway accident					3	9	8	13	11	
Collision between vehicles, mobile equipment						4	5	9	6	
Moving in same direction							3			
Moving in opposite directions, oncoming								6		
Moving in intersection										
Vehicle struck stationary object, equipment on										
side of road	12					4	3	3		
Noncollision accident										
Jack-knifed or overturnedno collision										
Nonhighway accident, except rail, air, water								3	3	
Noncollision accident									3	
Overturned	9	l			l				3	ĺ

TABLE A-8. Fatal occupational injuries by event or exposure and age, Illinois, 2004 - continued

	Total					Age				
Event or exposure ¹	fatalities (number)	Under 16 years	16-17 years	18-19 years	20-24 years	25-34 years	35-44 years	45-54 years	55-64 years	65 years and over
Pedestrian, nonpassenger struck by vehicle, mobile equipment	13							3	4	3
Pedestrian struck by vehicle, mobile equipment in roadway										
Pedestrian struck by vehicle, mobile equipment										
in parking lot or non-roadway area Fires and explosions	8							5		
Fireunintended or uncontrolled Fire in residence, building, or other structure	6									
Assaults and violent acts	41					4	13 9	17 9	4	
Hitting, kicking, beating	4							3		
Shooting Self-inflicted injury	17 15						4	5 7		
Suicide, attempted suicide	15						4	7		

¹ Based on the 1992 BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification Manual.

NOTE: Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. n.e.c. means "not

elsewhere classified." Data for 2004 are preliminary.

Table A-7. Fatal occupational injuries by worker characteristics and event or exposure, Illinois, 2004

				Event or e	exposure ¹		
Worker characteristics	Total fatalities (number)	Transportation incidents ²	Assaults and violent acts ³	Contact with objects and equipment	Falls	Exposure to harmful sub- stances or environ- ments	Fires and explosions
Total	208	83	41	33	29	14	8
Employee Status							
Wage and Salary Workers ⁴ Self-employed ⁵	146 62	66 17	20 21	20 13	22 7	10 4	8
Sex							
Men	191	76	36	32	26	14	7
Women	17	7	5		3		
Age							
Under 16 years							
16 to 17 years							
18 to 19 years							
20 to 24 years		4		4			
25 to 34 years	28	13	4	4	3	3	
35 to 44 years	46	12	13	7	10	3	
45 to 54 years	63	20	17	10	8	3	5
55 to 64 years		18	4	4	5		
65 years and over	22	12		4	3		
Race or Ethnic Origin⁵							
White, non-Hispanic	154	68	24	25	19	11	7
Black, non-Hispanic		8	8				
Hispanic or Latino	29	5	6	8	8		
American Indian or Alaska Native							
Asian	4		3				
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander							

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Based on the 1992 BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification Manual.

categories shown exclude data for Hispanics and Latinos.

NOTE: Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. Data for 2004 are preliminary.

² Includes highway, nonhighway, air, water, rail fatalities, and fatalities resulting from being struck by a vehicle.

³ Includes violence by persons, self-inflicted injury, and attacks by animals.

⁴ May include volunteers and workers receiving other types of compensation.

⁵ Includes self-employed workers, owners of unincorporated businesses and farms, paid and unpaid family workers, and may include some owners of incorporated businesses or members of partnerships.

⁶ Persons identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race. The race

TABLE A-6. Fatal occupational injuries resulting from transportation incidents and homicides by occupation, Illinois, 2004

			Trar	nsportation inci	dents			Homicides	
Occupation ¹	Total fatalities (number)	Total	Highway incidents	Non-highway incidents	Worker struck by vehicle	All other transporta- tion incidents	Total	Homicides by shooting	All other homicides
Total	. 208	83	49	16	13	5	25	17	8
Management occupations	40	15	4	g			4		3
Other management occupations		15	4	9			3		3
Agricultural managers		13		9					
Farmers and ranchers		13		9					
Construction managers									
Construction managers									
Food service managers									
Food service managers									
Property, real estate, and community association managers	3								
Property, real estate, and community association									
managers	. 3								
Business and financial operations occupations	3								
Business operations specialists	. 3								
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations									
Art and design workers									
Protective service occupations		7	4				4	. 3	
Law enforcement workers	. 7	4	3						
Police officers	. 6	3	3						
Police and sheriff's patrol officers	. 6	3	3						
Other protective service workers	4						3		
Security guards and gaming surveillance officers	. 3						3		
Security guards							3		
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations									
Supervisors, building and grounds cleaning and maintenance									
workers	. 3								
First-line supervisors/managers, building and grounds									
cleaning and maintenance workers	. 3								
First-line supervisors/managers of landscaping,									
lawn service, and groundskeeping workers									
Personal care and service occupations	4								
Sales and related occupations		3	3				6	5	
Supervisors, sales workers	. 7						5	4	
First-line supervisors/managers, sales workers							5	4	
First-line supervisors/managers of retail sales workers	. 7						5	4	
Retail sales workers	. 4								
Office and administrative support occupations	5						3		
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	. 8	4							
Agricultural workers	6	4							

TABLE A-6. Fatal occupational injuries resulting from transportation incidents and homicides by occupation, Illinois, 2004 - continued

			Tra	nsportation inci	dents			Homicides	
Occupation ¹	Total fatalities (number)	Total	Highway incidents	Non-highway incidents	Worker struck by vehicle	All other transportation incidents	Total	Homicides by shooting	All other homicides
Miscellaneous agricultural workers	6	4							
Farmworkers and laborers, crop, nursery, and greenhouse									
Construction and extraction occupations		5			3				
Construction trades workers									
Brickmasons, blockmasons, and stonemasons									
Brickmasons and blockmasons									
Carpenters	4								
Carpenters Carpenters	4								
Construction laborers									
Construction laborers	9								
Electricians	4								
Electricians	4								
Other construction and related workers	6	3							
Miscellaneous construction and related workers	4								
Construction and related workers, all other	3								
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	13	3							
Vehicle and mobile equipment mechanics, installers, and repairers	5								
Automotive technicians and repairers	4								
Automotive service technicians and mechanics	3								
Other installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	8								
Industrial machinery installation, repair, and									
maintenance workers	4								
Industrial machinery mechanics	3								
Production occupations	11								

TABLE A-6. Fatal occupational injuries resulting from transportation incidents and homicides by occupation, Illinois, 2004 - continued

			Trar	nsportation incid	dents			Homicides	
Occupation ¹	Total fatalities (number)	Total	Highway incidents	Non-highway incidents	Worker struck by vehicle	All other transporta- tion incidents	Total	Homicides by shooting	All other homicides
Other production occupations	7								
Transportation and material moving occupations	51	34	26		3	4			
Motor vehicle operators	35	27	25						
Motor vehicle operators Driver/sales workers and truck drivers	31	24	22						
Truck drivers, heavy and tractor-trailer	24	17	16						
Truck drivers, light or delivery services	6	6	5						
Taxi drivers and chauffeurs	3								
Taxi drivers and chauffeurs									
Material moving workers		3							
Laborers and material movers, hand									
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand	7								

¹ Based on the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification System.

NOTE: Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Dashes indicate

no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. Data for 2004 are preliminary.

TABLE A-5. Fatal occupational injuries by occupation and event or exposure, Illinois, 2004

				Event or e	exposure ²		
Occupation ¹	Total fatalities (number)	Transportation incidents ³	Assaults and violent acts ⁴	Contact with objects and equipment	Falls	Exposure to harmful sub- stances or environments	Fires and explosions
Total	208	83	41	33	29	14	8
Management occupations	. 40	15	7	11	3	3	
Other management occupations		15	6	11	3	3	
Agricultural managers		13		6			
Farmers and ranchers		13		6			
Construction managers							
Construction managers							
Food service managers							
Food service managers							
Property, real estate, and community association managers							
Property, real estate, and community association managers							
Business and financial operations occupations							
Business operations specialists							
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations							
Art and design workers	3						
Protective service occupations		7	5				
Law enforcement workers	. 7	4					
Police officers	. 6	3					
Police and sheriff's patrol officers	. 6	3					
Other protective service workers	. 4		3				
Security guards and gaming surveillance officers	. 3		3				
Security guards			3				
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	. 4						
Supervisors, building and grounds cleaning and maintenance workers	. 3						
First-line supervisors/managers, building and grounds cleaning							
and maintenance workers	. 3						
First-line supervisors/managers of landscaping, lawn							
service, and groundskeeping workers							
Personal care and service occupations	4		3				
Sales and related occupations	. 13	3	9				
Supervisors, sales workers			7				
First-line supervisors/managers, sales workers			7				
First-line supervisors/managers of retail sales workers			7				
Retail sales workers							
Office and administrative support occupations			3				
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations		4		3			
Agricultural workers		4					
Miscellaneous agricultural workers	6	4					
Farmworkers and laborers, crop, nursery, and greenhouse	. 4						

TABLE A-5. Fatal occupational injuries by occupation and event or exposure, Illinois, 2004 - Continued

				Event or e	exposure ²		
Occupation ¹	Total fatalities (number)	Transportation incidents ³	Assaults and violent acts ⁴	Contact with objects and equipment	Falls	Exposure to harmful sub- stances or environments	Fires and explosions
Construction and extraction occupations	33	5		5	14	4	
Construction trades workers	27			4	13	3	
Brickmasons, blockmasons, and stonemasons							
Brickmasons and blockmasons							
Carpenters	4						
Carpenters	4						
Construction laborers	9				4		
Construction laborers	9				4		
Electricians	4						
Electricians	4						
Other construction and related workers		3					
Miscellaneous construction and related workers	4						
Construction and related workers, all other	3						
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	13	3			3	3	
Vehicle and mobile equipment mechanics, installers, and repairers	5						
Automotive technicians and repairers	4						
Automotive service technicians and mechanics	3						
Other installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	8					3	
Industrial machinery installation, repair, and maintenance workers							
Industrial machinery mechanics	3						
Production occupations				3			
Other production occupations	7						
Transportation and material moving occupations	51	34	4	7		3	
Motor vehicle operators		27	3			3	
Driver/sales workers and truck drivers	31	24				3	
Truck drivers, heavy and tractor-trailer	24	17				3	
Truck drivers, light or delivery services		6					
Taxi drivers and chauffeurs							
Taxi drivers and chauffeurs							
Material moving workers	12	3		5			
Laborers and material movers, hand				3			
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand	7						

¹ Based on the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification System.

NOTE: Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. Data for 2004 are are preliminary.

² Based on the 1992 BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification Manual.

Includes highway, nonhighway, air, water, rail fatalities, and fatalities resulting from being struck by a vehicle.

⁴ Includes violence by persons, self-inflicted injury, and attacks by animals.

TABLE A-4. Fatal occupational injuries by primary and secondary source of injury by major private industry sector, Illinois, 2004

			Goods p	roducing					Service	providing			
Primary source and secondary source	Total fatalities (number)	Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ²	Construc- tion	Manufac- turing	Total service providing	Trade, transpor- tation, and utilities	Informa- tion	Financial activities	Profes- sional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services
Total	. 208	87	32	40	15	103	61	3	7	7	4	11	9
Primary Source ³													
Chemicals and chemical products. Chemical productsgeneral	4 4 4 4 3 3 13 3 4 4 3 3 3 8 8 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	5 5 22 19 4 8 8 4 25 8 3			3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	4 51 43 11 27							
Semitrailer, tractor trailer, trailer truck Truck, n.e.cVanpassenger or light delivery	20 7 5	 	 	 	 	19 4 4	18 3	 	 	 	 	 	

TABLE A-4. Fatal occupational injuries by primary and secondary source of injury by major private industry sector, Illinois, 2004 - continued

			Goods p	roducing					Service	providing			
Primary source and secondary source	Total fatalities (number)	Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ²	Construc- tion	Manufac- turing	Total service providing	Trade, transpor- tation, and utilities	Informa- tion	Financial activities	Profes- sional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services
Plant and industrial powered vehicles, tractors Tractor	17 15	15 15	15 15										
Rail vehicle	5					3							
Train	0]	
Other sources	39	13			0	21	12					1	
Ammunition	28	13		4	0	19	11					1 4	
Bullets	26	4				18	11		-		-	2	
Atmospheric and environmental conditions	20	4 7			-	10	11					3	
	0	,			0								
Fire, flame, smoke	6	5			5								
Fire, flame	ь	5			5								
Secondary Source⁴													
Chemicals and chemical products	7	7			6								
Other chemicals	6	6			6								
Plastics, resins	5	5			5								
Vinyl chloride, polyvinyl chloride	5	5			5								
Containers	3												
Machinery	11	9	7										
Agricultural and garden machinery	6	6	6										
Plowing, planting, and fertilizing machinery	5	5	5										
Parts and materials	6	4	3										
Persons, plants, animals, and minerals	25	5				17	10						
Personother than injured or ill worker	20					14	9						
Co-worker, former co-worker of injured or							ŭ						
ill worker	5												
Robber	9					9	7						
Personother than injured or ill worker,	Ĭ					Ü	, ,						
n.e.c.	4												
Plants, trees, vegetationnot processed	4					3							
Trees, logs	4					3							
Structures and surfaces	38	18	7	9		18	12						
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces	6					4							
Surfaces below ground level, n.e.c	3												
Ditches, channels, trenches,													
excavations	3												
Other structural elements	17	11	5	5		6	5						
Roof	6	4											
Walls	5	3											
Structural elements, n.e.c.	3								l	l		l	l
Structures	15	5		4		8	5		l	l			l

TABLE A-4. Fatal occupational injuries by primary and secondary source of injury by major private industry sector, Illinois, 2004 - continued

			Goods p	roducing					Service	providing			
Primary source and secondary source	Total fatalities (number)	Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ²	Construc- tion	Manufac- turing	Total service providing	Trade, transpor- tation, and utilities	Informa- tion	Financial activities	Profes- sional and business services	Education and health services	I AISTIFA and	Other services
Buildingsoffice, plant, residential	3												
Scaffolds, staging	3	3		3									
Other structures	5					5	3						
Guardrails, road dividers	5					5	3						
Tools, instruments, and equipment	20	8		6		10	4					3	
Ladders	9	7		6									
Laddersmovable	7	5		5									
Step ladders	4												
Other tools, instruments, and equipment	11					8						3	
Firearms	11					8						3	
Pistol, handgun, revolver	8					6							
Vehicles	37	5	4			25	17						3
Highway vehicle, motorized	31	3	3			21	14						3
Automobile	10					6	3						
Truck	21					15	11						
Semitrailer, tractor trailer,													
trailer truck	12					8	6						
Truck, n.e.c	6					4	3						
Plant and industrial powered vehicles, tractors	6					4	3						
Forklift	4					3							
Other sources	11	5		3		6	3						
Steam, vapors, liquids, n.e.c	5	3											
Liquids	5	3											
Water	5	3											

¹ Classified according to the North American Industry Classification System, 2002.

For most homicides, the "bullet" is the primary source and the "perpetrator" is the secondary source. For most falls, the secondary source identifies the equipment or surface from which the worker fell.

NOTE: Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Data for 2004 are preliminary.

² Includes fatalities at all establishments categorized as Mining (Sector 21) in the North American Industry Classification System, 2002, including establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction.

³The primary source of injury identifies the object, substance, or exposure that directly produced or inflicted the injury. For most transportation incidents, the primary source identifies the vehicle in which the deceased was an occupant. For most falls, the primary source identifies the surface or object contacted

⁴The secondary source of injury, if any, identifies the object, substance, or person that generated the source of injury or that contributed to the event or exposure. For vehicle collisions, the deceased's vehicle is the primary source and the other object (truck, road divider, etc.) is the secondary source.

TABLE A-3. Fatal occupational injuries to private sector wage and salary workers, government workers, and self-employed workers by industry, Illinois, 2004

Industry ¹	Fata	llities	Private sect salary v	•	Governme	nt workers ³	Self-employ	red workers ⁴
·	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	208	100.0	128	100.0	18	100.0	62	100.0
Goods Producing	88	42.3 0.0	53	41.4			34	54.8
Natural Resources and Mining	32	15.4 0.0	9	7.0			23	37.1
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	32	15.4 0.0	9	7.0			23	37.1
Crop Production	25	12.0	5	3.9			20	32.3
Oilseed and Grain Farming	20	9.6					18	29.0
Other Grain Farming	18	8.7					16	25.8
Oilseed and Grain Combination Farming		8.2					15	24.2
Other Crop Farming	3	1.4						
All Other Crop Farming	3	1.4						
All Other Miscellaneous Crop Farming	3	1.4						
Animal Production	4	1.9 0.0					3	4.8
Construction	41	19.7 0.0	29	22.7			11	17.7
Construction	41	19.7 0.0	29	22.7			11	17.7
Construction of buildings	10	4.8	5	3.9			5	8.1
Residential Building Construction		4.3	4	3.1			5	8.1
Residential Building Construction		4.3	4	3.1			5	8.1
New Single-family Housing Construction (except			·					
operative builders	3	1.4						
Residential Remodelers		1.9					4	6.5
Heavy and Civil Engineering Construction		2.4	4	3.1				
Highway, Street, and Bridge Construction		1.9	3	2.3				
Highway, Street, and Bridge Construction	· ·	1.9	3	2.3			6	0.7
Specialty Trade Contractors		12.0	19	14.8			ŭ	9.7
Foundation, Structure, and Building Exterior Contractors		4.3	6 4	4.7			3	4.8
Masonry Contractors		2.4	4 7	3.1				
Building Equipment Contractors.	10	4.8	•	5.5			3	4.8
Plumbing, Heating, and Air-Conditioning Contractors	7 5	3.4	4 5	3.1			3	4.8
Building Finishing Contractors	5	2.4 0.0	5	3.9				
Manufacturing	15	7.2 0.0	15	11.7				
Manufacturing	15	7.2	15	11.7				
Chemical Manufacturing	6	0.0 2.9	6	4.7				

TABLE A-3. Fatal occupational injuries to private sector wage and salary workers, government workers, and self-employed workers by industry, Illinois, 2004 - Continued

Industry ¹	Fatalities Private sector wage and salary workers ²		Governme	nt workers ³	Self-employed workers ⁴			
·	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Resin, Synthetic Rubber, and Artificial and Synthetic Fibers								
and Filaments Manufacturing	5	2.4	5	3.9				
Resin and Synthetic Rubber Manufacturing	5	2.4	5	3.9				
Plastics Material and Resin Manufacturing	5	2.4	5	3.9				
		0.0						
Service providing	120	57.7	75	58.6	17	94.4	28	45.2
		0.0						
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	63	30.3	48	37.5			13	21.0
, , ,		0.0						
Wholesale Trade	5	2.4	4	3.1				
		0.0	•	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
Merchant Wholesalers, Nondurable Goods	4	1.9	3	2.3				
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	·	0.0	-					
Retail Trade	21	10.1	13	10.2			8	12.9
		0.0					-	
Motor Vehicle and Parts Dealers	3	1.4	3	2.3				
Automobile Dealers	3	1.4	3	2.3				
Food and Beverage Stores.		1.4						
Grocery Stores	-	1.4						
Supermarkets and Other Grocery (except Convenience) Stores		1.4						
Health and Personal Care Stores	3	1.4						
Health and Personal Care Stores	3	1.4						
General Merchandise Stores	3	1.4	3	2.3				
Contra Morandiae Glores	J	0.0	3	2.0				
Transportation and Warehousing	35	16.8	30	23.4			4	6.5
Transportation and Waterloading	33	0.0	50	20.4			7	0.0
Truck Transportation	22	10.6	20	15.6				
General Freight Trucking		7.2	15	11.7				
General Freight Trucking, Long-Distance	13	6.3	13	10.2				
General Freight Trucking, Long-Distance, Truckload		4.3	9	7.0				
General Freight Trucking, Long-Distance, Truckload	9	7.0	9	7.0	-		_	_
Truckload	4	1.9	4	3.1				
Specialized Freight Trucking	7	3.4	5	3.9				
Specialized Freight (except Used Goods) Trucking, Local		1.4	3	2.3				
Transit and Ground Passenger Transportation	3	1.4		2.5				
Support Activities for Transportation	5	2.4	4	3.1				
Oupport Activities for Harisportation	3	0.0	4	3.1				
Information	3	1.4	3	2.3				
IIIOIIIauoi	3	0.0	3	2.3				
Information	3	1.4	3	2.3				
Information	3		3	2.3				
Dublishing Industries (Event Internet)	_	0.0	_	2.0				
Publishing Industries (Except Internet)	3	1.4	3	2.3				
Newspaper, Periodical, Book, and Directory Publishers	3	1.4	3	2.3				
Newspaper Publishers	3	1.4	3	2.3				

TABLE A-3. Fatal occupational injuries to private sector wage and salary workers, government workers, and self-employed workers by industry, Illinois, 2004 - Continued

Industry ¹	Fata	lities	Private sect salary v		Governme	nt workers ³	Self-employed workers ⁴	
·	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Financial Activities	7	0.0 3.4	3	2.3			4	6.5
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	5	0.0 2.4					3	4.8
Real Estate	4	0.0 1.9					3	4.8
Lessors of Real Estate	3	1.4					3	4.8
200000 011000 20000	ŭ	0.0					ŭ	
Professional and Business Services	7	3.4	4	3.1			3	4.8
		0.0						
Administrative and Support and Waste Management and								
Remediation Services	6	2.9	3	2.3			3	4.8
		0.0						
Administrative and Support Services		1.4					3	4.8
Services to Buildings and Dwellings		1.4					3	4.8
Landscaping Services		1.4					3	4.8
Waste Management and Remediation Services	3	1.4	3	2.3				
Education and Health Services	8	0.0 3.8	3	2.3	4	22.2		
Educational Services	4	0.0 1.9						
Educational Services	4	0.0 1.9						
Health Care and Social Assistance	4	0.0 1.9						
Leisure and Hospitality	11	0.0 5.3	5	3.9			6	9.7
Art. Except and an IBarrella	,	0.0		0.0				
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	4	1.9 0.0	3	2.3				
Accommodation and Food Services	7	3.4					5	8.1
Accommodation and Food Services	,	0.0	<u></u> [3	0.1
Food Services and Drinking Places	7	3.4					5	8.1
Full-Service Restaurants		1.4						
Full-Service Restaurants	3	1.4						
		0.0						
Other Services	9	4.3 0.0	8	6.3				
Other Services, except Public Administration	9	4.3	8	6.3				
Repair and Maintenance	5	0.0 2.4	5	3.9				
Automotive Repair and Maintenance		1.9	5 4	3.9 3.1				
Automotive Nepaii and Maintenance	4	0.0	4	3.1				
Public Administration	11	5.3			11	61.1		
See footnotes at and of table		0.0			- 11	V1.1	_	==

TABLE A-3. Fatal occupational injuries to private sector wage and salary workers, government workers, and self-employed workers by industry, Illinois, 2004 - Continued

Industry ¹	Fata	Fatalities		Private sector wage and salary workers ²		nt workers ³	Self-employ	ed workers ⁴
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Public Administration	11	0.0 5.3 0.0			11	61.1		
Justice, Public Order, and Safety Activities	9	4.3			9	50.0		
Justice, Public Order, and Safety Activities	9	4.3			9	50.0		
Police Protection	7	3.4		-	7	38.9		

¹ Classified according to the North American Industry Classification System, 2002.

NOTE: Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. Data for 2004 are preliminary.

² May include volunteers and workers receiving other types of compensation

³ Includes fatalities to workers employed by governmental organizations regardless of industry.

⁴ Includes self-employed workers, owners of unincorporated businesses and farms, paid and unpaid family workers, and may include some owners of incorporated businesses or members of partnerships.

⁵ Includes fatalities at all establishments categorized as Mining (Sector 21) in the North American Industry Classification System, 2002, including establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction.

TABLE A-2. Fatal occupational injuries resulting from transportation incidents and homicides, Illinois, 2004

			Tran	nsportation incid	dents			Homicides		
Industry ¹	Total fatalities (number)	Total	Highway incidents	Non-highway Incidents	Worker struck by vehicle	All other transportation incidents	Total	Homicides by shooting	All other homicides	
Total	208	83	49	16	13	5	25	17	8	
Private Industry	190	71	41	15	11	4	22	14	8	
Goods Producing	87	24	7	10	7		4			
Natural Resources and Mining	32	19	5	10	4					
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	32	19	5	10	4					
Crop Production	25	16	4	8	4					
Oilseed and Grain Farming	20	14	4	8						
Other Grain Farming	18	13	4	8						
Oilseed and Grain Combination Farming	17	12	3	8						
Other Crop Farming	3									
All Other Crop Farming	3									
All Other Miscellaneous Crop Farming	3									
Animal Production	4									
Construction	40	4			3					
Construction	40	4			3					
Construction of buildings	10									
Residential Building Construction	9									
Residential Building Construction	9									
New Single-family Housing Construction (except										
operative builders	3									
Residential Remodelers	4									
Heavy and Civil Engineering Construction	4									
Highway, Street, and Bridge Construction	3									
Highway, Street, and Bridge Construction	3									
Specialty Trade Contractors	25									
Foundation, Structure, and Building Exterior Contractors	9					l l				
Masonry Contractors	5									
Building Equipment Contractors.	10					l				
Plumbing, Heating, and Air-Conditioning Contractors	7					l <u>.</u>				
Building Finishing Contractors	5									
Manufacturing	15									

TABLE A-2. Fatal occupational injuries resulting from transportation incidents and homicides, Illinois, 2004 - continued

			Tran	sportation incid	dents		Homicides				
Industry ¹	Total fatalities (number)	Total	Highway incidents	Non-highway Incidents	Worker struck by vehicle	All other transportation incidents	Total	Homicides by shooting	All other homicides		
Manufacturing	. 15										
Chemical Manufacturing	6										
Resin, Synthetic Rubber, and Artificial and Synthetic Fibers											
and Filaments Manufacturing	5										
Resin and Synthetic Rubber Manufacturing	5										
Plastics Material and Resin Manufacturing	. 5										
Service providing	103	47	34	5	4	4	18	11	7		
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	61	30	22		3	3	11	9			
Wholesale Trade	5	3	3								
Merchant Wholesalers, Nondurable Goods	4										
Retail Trade	21	4	3				8	7			
Motor Vehicle and Parts Dealers	. 3										
Automobile Dealers	3										
Food and Beverage Stores											
Grocery Stores											
Supermarkets and Other Grocery (except Convenience) Stores	3										
Health and Personal Care Stores	3										
Health and Personal Care Stores	3										
General Merchandise Stores	. 3										
Transportation and Warehousing	34	23	16		3	3	3				
Truck Transportation	22	15	14								
General Freight Trucking	15	12	12			l <u>.</u> J					
General Freight Trucking, Long-Distance		11	11	l l		l <u>.</u> l					
General Freight Trucking, Long-Distance, Truckload		8	8			l <u> </u>					
General Freight Trucking, Long-Distance, Less Than Truckload	4	3	3			l <u> </u>					
Specialized Freight Trucking	7	3	3]		I	-				
Specialized Freight (except Used Goods) Trucking, Local						l <u> </u>					
Support Activities for Transportation	5	3									
Information	. 3	3	3								
Information	. 3	3	3								

TABLE A-2. Fatal occupational injuries resulting from transportation incidents and homicides, Illinois, 2004 - continued

			Tran	sportation incid	dents			Homicides	
Industry ¹	Total fatalities (number)	Total	Highway incidents	Non-highway Incidents	Worker struck by vehicle	All other transportation incidents	Total	Homicides by shooting	All other homicides
Publishing Industries (Except Internet) Newspaper, Periodical, Book, and Directory Publishers Newspaper Publishers	3	3 3 3	3 3 3	 	 	 	 	 	
Financial Activities	7						3		
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	. 5								
Real Estate Lessors of Real Estate		 	 	 			 		
Professional and Business Services	. 7	4	3						
Administrative and Support and Waste Management and Remediation Services	. 6	3							
Administrative and Support Services	. 3	 	 		 		 		
Landscaping Services Waste Management and Remediation Services									
Education and Health Services	4								
Health Care and Social Assistance	. 3								
Leisure and Hospitality	11								
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	. 4								
Accommodation and Food Services	7								
Food Services and Drinking Places		 			 		 		
Full-Service Restaurants									
Other Services	9	4	4						
Other Services, except Public Administration	9	4	4						
Repair and Maintenance									
Automotive Repair and Maintenance	1 -								

TABLE A-2. Fatal occupational injuries resulting from transportation incidents and homicides, Illinois, 2004 - continued

			Tran	sportation incid	dents		Homicides			
Industry ¹	Total fatalities (number)	Total	Highway incidents	Non-highway Incidents	Worker struck by vehicle	All other transportation incidents	l otal	Homicides by shooting	All other homicides	
Government ³	18	12	8				3	3		
State Government	3									
Local Government	14	10	7							
Service providing	14	10	7							
Public Administration	9	6	5							
Public Administration	9	6	5							
Justice, Public Order, and Safety Activities	8 8	5 5	4 4		 		 		 	
Police Protection	6	3	3		-					

¹ Classified according to the North American Industry Classification System, 2002.

NOTE: Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. Data for 2004 are preliminary.

² Includes fatalities at all establishments categorized as Mining (Sector 21) in the North American Industry Classification System, 2002, including establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction.

³ Includes fatalities to workers employed by governmental organizations regardless of industry.

TABLE A-1. Fatal occupational injuries by industry and event or exposure, Illinois, 2004

					Event or e	exposure ²		
Industry ¹	NAICS code ¹	Total fatalities (number)	Transpor- tation incidents ³	Assaults and violent acts ⁴	Contact with objects and equipment	Falls	Exposure to harmful substances or environments	Fires and explosions
Total		208	83	41	33	29	14	8
Private Industry		190	71	37	32	29	13	8
Goods Producing		87	24	5	22	19	9	8
Natural Resources and Mining		32	19		9			
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	11	32	19		9			
Crop Production	111	25	16		7			
Oilseed and Grain Farming	1111	20	14		5			
Other Grain Farming	11119	18	13		4			
Oilseed and Grain Combination Farming		17	12		4			
Other Crop Farming	1119	3						
All Other Crop Farming	11199	3						
All Other Miscellaneous Crop Farming	111998	3						
Animal Production	112	4						
Construction		40	4		9	16	5	3
Construction	23	40	4		9	16	5	3
Construction of buildings	236	10				4		
Residential Building Construction		9				4		
Residential Building Construction.		9				4		
New Single-family Housing Construction (except	20011	J				_		
operative builders	236115	3						
Residential Remodelers	236118	4]
Heavy and Civil Engineering Construction		4						
Highway, Street, and Bridge Construction		3						
Highway, Street, and Bridge Construction	23731	3						
Specialty Trade Contractors		25			8	11	3	
Foundation, Structure, and Building Exterior Contractors		9				4		
Masonry Contractors		5						
Building Equipment Contractors.		10			4	4]
Plumbing, Heating, and Air-Conditioning Contractors		7				3		
Building Finishing Contractors	2383	5				3		
Manufacturing		15			4			5
Manufacturing	31-33	15			4			5
manadataring	31-33	13			7	-		J

TABLE A-1. Fatal occupational injuries by industry and event or exposure, Illinois, 2004 - continued

					Event or e	exposure ²		
Industry ¹	NAICS code ¹	Total fatalities (number)	Transpor- tation incidents ³	Assaults and violent acts ⁴	Contact with objects and equipment	Falls	Exposure to harmful substances or environments	Fires and explosions
Chemical Manufacturing	. 325	6						5
Resin, Synthetic Rubber, and Artificial and Synthetic Fibers								
and Filaments Manufacturing	3252	5						5
Resin and Synthetic Rubber Manufacturing	. 32521	5						5
Plastics Material and Resin Manufacturing	325211	5						5
Service providing		103	47	32	10	10	4	
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	-	61	30	17	5	6	3	
Wholesale Trade	. 42	5	3					
Merchant Wholesalers, Nondurable Goods	. 424	4						
Retail Trade	. 44-45	21	4	12		4		
Motor Vehicle and Parts Dealers	. 441	3						
Automobile Dealers		3						
Food and Beverage Stores		3						
Grocery Stores		3						
Supermarkets and Other Grocery (except Convenience) Stores		3						
Health and Personal Care Stores		3						
Health and Personal Care Stores	. 4461	3						
General Merchandise Stores	. 452	3						
Transportation and Warehousing	. 48-49	34	23	5	4			
Truck Transportation	484	22	15		3			
General Freight Trucking	. 4841	15	12					
General Freight Trucking, Long-Distance	48412	13	11					
General Freight Trucking, Long-Distance, Truckload	. 484121	9	8					
General Freight Trucking, Long-Distance, Less Than Truckload	484122	4	3					
Specialized Freight Trucking	4842	7	3					
Specialized Freight (except Used Goods) Trucking, Local		3						
Support Activities for Transportation	488	5	3					
Information		3	3					
Information	. 51	3	3					
Publishing Industries (Except Internet)	. 511	3	3					
Newspaper, Periodical, Book, and Directory Publishers	5111	3	3				<u>-</u>	

TABLE A-1. Fatal occupational injuries by industry and event or exposure, Illinois, 2004 - continued

					Event or e	exposure ²		
Industry ¹	NAICS code ¹	Total fatalities (number)	Transpor- tation incidents ³	Assaults and violent acts ⁴	Contact with objects and equipment	Falls	Exposure to harmful substances or environments	Fires and explosions
Newspaper Publishers	. 51111	3	3					
Financial Activities		7		4				
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	. 53	5		3				
Real Estate	531	4		3				
Lessors of Real Estate	5311	3						
Professional and Business Services		7	4					
Administrative and Support and Waste Management and Remediation Services	. 56	6	3					
Administrative and Support Services	561	3						
Services to Buildings and Dwellings	. 5617	3						
Landscaping Services		3						
Waste Management and Remediation Services	. 562	3						
Education and Health Services		4						
Health Care and Social Assistance	. 62	3						
Leisure and Hospitality		11		6				
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	. 71	4						
Accommodation and Food Services	. 72	7		4				
Food Services and Drinking Places	722	7		4				
Full-Service Restaurants	7221	3						
Full-Service Restaurants	72211	3						
Other Services		9	4	3				
Other Services, except Public Administration	. 81	9	4	3				
Repair and Maintenance	811	5						
Automotive Repair and Maintenance	8111	4						
Government ⁶		18	12	4				

TABLE A-1. Fatal occupational injuries by industry and event or exposure, Illinois, 2004 - continued

	Event or exposure ²							
Industry ¹	NAICS code ¹	Total fatalities (number)	Transpor- tation incidents ³	Assaults and violent acts ⁴	Contact with objects and equipment	Falls	Exposure to harmful substances or environments	Fires and explosions
State Government		3						
Local Government		14	10					
Service providing		14	10					
Public Administration		9	6					
Public Administration	92	9	6					
Justice, Public Order, and Safety Activities	922	8	5					
Justice, Public Order, and Safety Activities	9221 92212	8 6	5 3	 	1 1	1 1		

¹ Classified according to the North American Industry Classification System, 2002.

NOTE: Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. Data for 2004 are preliminary.

² Based on the 1992 BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification Manual.

 $^{^3}$ Includes highway, nonhighway, air, water, rail fatalities, and fatalities resulting from being struck by a vehicle.

⁴ Includes violence by persons, self-inflicted injury, and attacks by animals.

⁵ Includes fatalities at all establishments categorized as Mining (Sector 21) in the North American Industry Classification System, 2002, including establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction.

 $^{^{\}rm 6}$ Includes fatalities to workers employed by governmental organizations regardless of industry.

Table 1. Fatal occupational injuries by selected event or exposure, Illinois, 2004

Characteristic	All Events	Contact with objects and equipment	Falls	Exposure to harmful substances or environments	Transportatio n accidents	Fires and explosions	Assaults and violent acts
Total:	208	33	29	14	83	8	41
Employee status:							
Wage and salary workers	146	20	22	10	66	8	20
Self-employed	62	13		4	17		21
Gender:							
Men	191	32	26	14	76	7	36
Women	17		3		7		5
Age:							
Under 16 years							
16 to 17 years							
18 to 19 years							
20 to 24 years	10	4			4		
25 to 34 years	28	4	3	3	13		4
35 to 44 years	46	7	10	3	12		13
45 to 54 years	63	10	8	3	20	5	17
55 to 64 years	34	4	5		18		4
65 years and over	22	4	3		12		
Race or ethnic origin¹:							
White, non-Hispanic	154	25	19	11	68	7	24
Black, non-Hispanic	18				8		8
Hispanic or Latino	29	8	8		5		6
American Indian, Aleut, Eskimo							
Asian	4						3
Pacific Islander							
Multiple races							
Other or not reported	3						

Table 1. Fatal occupational injuries by selected event or exposure, Illinois, 2004

Characteristic	All Events	Contact with objects and	Falls	Exposure to harmful	Transportatio n accidents	Fires and explosions	Assaults and violent acts
		equipment		substances or environments			
Primary source ² :							
Vehicles	88	8			79		
Highway vehicles	60	4			55		
Automobiles	19				17		
Trucks	35				32		
Plant and industrial powered vehicles, tractors	17	3			14		
Forklifts							
Tractors	15	3			12		
Structures and surfaces	35	6	29				
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces	30		29				
Machinery	13	9			4		
Agriculture and garden machinery	3				3		
Construction, logging, and mining machinery	4	3					
Material handling machinery							
Parts and materials	8			3			3
Machine, tool, and electric parts	5			3			
Persons, plants, animals, and minerals	14	8					6
Persons -other than injured worker	5						5
Robber							
Co-worker, former co-worker							
Trees, logs	5	5					
Chemicals and chemical products	7			6			
Tools, instruments, and equipment	3						
Containers							
Other	39			3		6	
Bullets and pellets	28						27
Fire, flame, smoke	6					5	
Secondary source ³ :							
Vehicles	37				34		
Highway vehicles	31				31		
Plant and industrial powered vehicles, tractors	6				3		
Structures and surfaces	38	4	13		20		
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces	6				5		
Structures	15		3		11		
Machinery	11	3			5		
Parts and materials	6			3			
Machine, tool, and electric parts							
Persons, plants, animals, and minerals	25				3		20
Persons -other than injured worker	20						20
Robber	9						9
Co-worker, former co-worker	5						5
Trees, logs	4						
Chemicals and chemical products	7					6	
Tools, instruments, and equipment	20		9				10
Containers	3						
Other	11				5		
Liquids (including water)	5				3		
No secondary source	50	17		8	15		9

Table 1. Fatal occupational injuries by selected event or exposure, Illinois, 2004

Characteristic	All	Contact with	Falls	Exposure to	Transportatio	Fires and	Assaults and
onal actions:	Events	objects and		harmful	n accidents	explosions	violent acts
		equipment		substances or		l '	
				environments			
Nature:							
Intracranial injuries	30		12		13		3
Other traumatic injuries	64	19		12	27		6
Internal injuries	23	6			16		
Asphyxiations, suffocations	22	12			5		4
Drownings	4				4		
Electrocutions	5			5			
Poisonings, toxic effects	9			6			
Open wounds	33						29
Gunshot wounds	28						27
Burns (heat, chemical, etc.)	6						
Multiple traumatic injuries	68		12		39	5	
Intracranial injuries and injuries to internal organs	40		3		28		
, ,							
Part of body:							
Head	48		12		13		18
Trunk	34	6			16		10
Chest	17	3			7		7
Back	3						
Neck	3						
Lower extremities							
Upper extremities							
Body systems	40	12		12	11		5
Multiple	80	11	12		42	7	7
Worker activity:							
Vehicular and transportation operations	79				75		
Using or operating tools, machinery	14				3		I
Constructing, repairing, cleaning	42	15	11	9	3		I
Protective service activities	4]	3
Materials handling operations	11					5	
Physical activities	20		11				7
Other activities	18						15
Tending a retail establishment	11						9
Not reported	20		3				14
Location:							
Private residence	25		11	4		1	5
Farm	25	8			14		
Mine, quarry							
Industrial place and premises	41	14	8	5	6		
Place for recreation or sports	4				3		
Street and highway	58				53		
Public building	37		7				24
Residential institutions							
Other or not reported	17	4			5		7

Table 1. Fatal occupational injuries by selected event or exposure, Illinois, 2004

Characteristic	All Events	Contact with objects and equipment	Falls	Exposure to harmful substances or environments	Transportatio n accidents	Fires and explosions	Assaults and violent acts
Occupation:							
Management occupations	40	11	3	3	15		7
Business and financial operations occupations	3						
Computer and mathematical occupations							
Architecture and Engineering occupations							
Life, physical, and social science occupations							
Community and social services occupations							
Legal occupations							
Education, training, and library occupations							
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	4						
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations							
Healthcare support occupations							
Protective service occupations	13				7		5
Food preparation and serving related occupations							
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	4						
Personal care and service occupations	4						3
Sales and related occupations	13				3		9
Office and administrative support occupations	5						3
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	8	3			4		
Construction and extraction occupations	33	5	14	4	5		
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	13		3	3	3		
Production occupations	11	3					
Transportation and material moving occupations	51	7		3	34		4
Military specific occupations							

Table 1. Fatal occupational injuries by selected event or exposure, Illinois, 2004

Characteristic	All Events	Contact with objects and equipment	Falls	Exposure to harmful substances or environments	Transportatio n accidents	Fires and explosions	Assaults and violent acts
	100			10	7.1		07
Private industry	190		29	13		8	37
Goods Producing	87	22	19	9	24	8	5
Natural resources and mining	32	9			19		
Construction	40	9	16	5	4	3	
Manufacturing	15	4				5	
Service providing	103	10	10	4	47		32
Trade, transportation, and utilities	61	5	6	3	30		17
Information	3				3		
Financial activities	7						4
Professional and business services	7				4		
Education and health services	4						
Leisure and hospitality	11						6
Other services	9				4		3
Government	18				12		4
Federal							
State	3						
Local	14				10	-	

¹Persons identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race. The race categories shown exclude data for Hispanics and Latinos.

NOTE: Dashes indicate no data or data that do not meet publication criteria. Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately.

Data for 2004 are preliminary.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries, August 25, 2005

The primary source of injury identifies the object, substance, or exposure that directly produced or inflicted the injury. For most transportation incidents, the primary source identifies the vehicle in which the deceased was an occupant. For most falls, the primary source identifies the surface or object contacted.

³The secondary source of injury, if any, identifies the object, substance, or person that generated the source of injury or that contributed to the event or exposure. For vehicle collisions, the deceased's vehicle is the primary source and the other object (truck, road divider, etc.) is the secondary source. For most homicides, the "bullet" is the primary source and the "perpetrator" is the secondary source. For most falls, the secondary source identifies the equipment or surface from which the worker fell.

⁴ Includes fatalities at all establishments categorized as Mining (Sector 21) in the North American Industry Classification System, 2002, including establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction.

Table 1. Fatal occupational injuries by selected primary source, Illinois, 2004 $\,$

Characteristic	All primary sources	Chemicals and chemical products	Machinery	Parts and materials	Persons, plants, animals, and minerals	Structures and surfaces	Tools, instruments, and equipment	Vehicles	Other sources
Total:	208	7	13	8	14	35	3	88	39
Employee Status: Wage and salary workers	146	4	8	7	6	25		69	26
Self-employed	62	3	5		8	10	3	19	13
Sex:									
Men Women	191 17	7 	13 	8	13	31 4		81 7	35 4
Age:									
Under 16									
16 to 17 18 to 19									
20 to 24	10							6	
25 to 34	28			3		3		14	3
35 to 44	46					12		14	12
45 to 54	63		3	3	6	11		20	17
55 to 64	34					5		18	5
65 and over	22		3			3		12	
Race or ethnic origin²:									
White, non-Hispanic	154	6	8	7	11	23		72	24
Black, non-Hispanic	18							8	8
Hispanic or Latino	29		5			10		6	4
American Indian, Aleut, Eskimo									
Asian Pacific Islander	4								3
Multiple races									
Other or Not Reported	3								
Event or exposure:									
Contact with objects and equipment	33		9		8	6		8	
Struck by object	14				5			3	
Struck by falling object	8				5				
Caught in or compressed by equipment or objects	11		7					4	
Caught in running equipment or machinery	4		4						
Falls	29					29			
Fall to lower level	27					27			
Fall from ladder	9					9			
Fall from cooffeed, storing	5					5			
Fall from scaffold, staging Exposure to harmful substances or environments	14	6		3		3			3
Contact with electric current	5			3					
Exposure to caustic, noxious, or allergenic substances	6								
Oxygen deficiency (including drowning)									
Transportation incidents	83		4					79	
Highway incidents	49 30							49 30	
Collision between vehicles, mobile equipment Non-collision incidents	5							5	
Non-highway incident, except rail, air, water	16							14	
Overturned	9							7	
Worker struck by vehicle, mobile equipment	13							11	
Aircraft incidents									
Fires and explosions	8								6
Assaults and violent acts	41			3	6				29
Homicides	25				5				18
Self inflicted injuries	15			3					11
Other or not reported See footnotes at end of table.									

Table 1. Fatal occupational injuries by selected primary source, Illinois, 2004 $\,$

Characteristic	All primary sources	Chemicals and chemical	Machinery	Parts and materials	Persons, plants,	Structures and surfaces	Tools, instruments,	Vehicles	Other sources
	Sources	products		materials	animals, and	and sunaces	and equipment		sources
					minerals				
Nature:									
Intracranial injuries	30				3	12		14	
Other traumatic injuries	64	7	10	6	6			29	
Internal injuries	23		6					14	
Asphyxiations, suffocations	22		3		5			8	
Drownings	4							4	
Electrocutions	5			3					
Poisonings, toxic effects	9	7							
Open wounds	33								29
Gunshot wounds	28								28
Burns (heat, chemical, etc.)	6								
Multiple traumatic injuries	68		3		5	15		40	5
Intracranial injuries and injuries to internal organs	40				3	6		30	
Part of body:									
Head	48				3	12		14	17
Trunk	34		6			3		14	8
Chest	17							6	5
Back	3								
Neck	3								
Lower extremities									
Upper extremities									
Body systems	40	6	3	5	5			15	3
Multiple	80		4		5	15		43	10
Worker activity:									
Vehicular and transportation operations	79		3					75	
Using or operating tools, machinery	14		4		4			5	
Constructing, repairing, cleaning	42	3	5	5		15		5	4
Protective service activities	4								3
Materials handling operations	11							3	5
Physical activities	20					11			6
Other activities	18								12
Tending a retail establishment	11								7
Not reported	20			3		3			8
Location:									
Private residence	25					11			5
Farm	25		4		3			15	
Mine, quarry									
Industrial place and premises	41		6	3		10		11	8
Place for recreation or sports	4							3	
Street and highway	58							52	
Public building	37				3	10			20
Residential institutions									
Other or not reported	17				4			6	3

Table 1. Fatal occupational injuries by selected primary source, Illinois, 2004

Characteristic	All primary sources	Chemicals and chemical products	Machinery	Parts and materials	Persons, plants, animals, and minerals	Structures and surfaces	Tools, instruments, and equipment	Vehicles	Other sources
Occupation	40		4			_		16	_
Management occupations Business and financial operations occupations	3		4		0	5		10	э
Computer and mathematical occupations	3								
Architecture and Engineering occupations			-						
Life, physical, and social science occupations									
Community and social services occupations									
Legal occupations									
Education, training, and library occupations									
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	4								
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations									
Healthcare support occupations									
Protective service occupations	13							7	5
Food preparation and serving related occupations									
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	4								
Personal care and service occupations	4								
Sales and related occupations	13							3	7
Office and administrative support occupations	5								3
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	8							4	
Construction and extraction occupations	33					17		4	4
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	13					4		4	3
Production occupations	11								5
Transportation and material moving occupations	51		4					37	4
Military specific occupations									
Private Industry	190	7	13	7	14	35	3	76	34
Goods Producing	87	3	10	3				25	13
Natural resources and mining	32		3		5			20	
Construction	40		4		4	19		3	4
Manufacturing	15		3						8
Service providing	103	4	3	4	5	13		51	21
Trade, transportation, and utilities	61			4		7		33	12
Information	3							3	
Financial activities	7								
Professional and business services	7							3	
Education and health services									
Leisure and hospitality	11								4
Other services	9							5	
Government	18							12	3 5
Federal									
State	3								
Local	14							10	3

¹The primary source of injury identifies the object, substance, or exposure that directly produced or inflicted the injury. For most transportation incidents, the primary source identifies the vehicle in which the deceased was an occupant. For most falls, the primary source identifies the surface or object contacted.

NOTE: Dashes indicate no data or data that do not meet publication criteria. Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately.

Data for 2004 are preliminary.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries, August 25, 2005

²Persons identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race. The race

categories shown exclude data for Hispanics and Latinos. ³ Includes fatalities at all establishments categorized as Mining (Sector 21) in the North American Industry Classification System, 2002, including establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction.

Table 1. Fatal occupational injuries by selected industry, Illinois, All Ownerships, 2004

Characteristic	All Industries
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Total:	208
Employee status:	
Wage and salary workers	146
Self-employed	62
Gender:	
Men	191
Women	17
Age:	
Under 16 years	
16 to 17 years	
18 to 19 years	
20 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	10
35 to 44 years	46
45 to 54 years	63
55 to 64 years	34
65 years and over	22
Race or ethnic origin ¹ :	
White, non-Hispanic	154
Black, non-Hispanic	18
Hispanic or Latino	29
American Indian, Aleut, Eskimo	
Asian	4
Pacific Islander	
Multiple races Other or not reported	3
Event or exposure:	22
Contact with objects and equipment Struck by object	33
Struck by falling object	8
Caught in or compressed by equipment or objects	11
Caught in running equipment or machinery	4
Falls	29
Fall to lower level	27
Fall from ladder	9
Fall from roof	5
Fall from scaffold, staging	3
Exposure to harmful substances or environments Contact with electric current	14
Exposure to caustic, noxious, or allergenic substances	6
Oxygen deficiency (including drowning)	
Transportation incidents	83
Highway incidents	49
Collision between vehicles, mobile equipment	30
Non-collision incidents	5
Non-highway incident, except rail, air, water	16
Overturned	9
Worker struck by vehicle, mobile equipment Aircraft incidents	13
Fires and explosions	8
Assaults and violent acts	41
Homicides	25
Self inflicted injuries	15
Other or not reported	

Table 1. Fatal occupational injuries by selected industry, Illinois, All Ownerships, 2004

Characteristic	All
	Industries
Primary source ² :	
Vehicles	88
Highway vehicles	60
Automobiles	19
Trucks Plant and industrial powered vehicles, tractors	35 17
Forklifts	
Tractors	15
Structures and surfaces	35
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces	30
Machinery	13
Agriculture and garden machinery	3
Construction, logging, and mining machinery	4
Material handling machinery	
Parts and materials	8
Machine, tool, and electric parts	5
Persons, plants, animals, and minerals	14
Persons -other than injured worker	5
Robber	
Co-worker, former co-worker	
Trees, logs	5
Chemicals and chemical products	7
Tools, instruments, and equipment	3
Containers	
Other Rullete and pollete	39 28
Bullets and pellets Fire, flame, smoke	6
Tire, name, smoke	0
Secondary source ³ :	
Vehicles	37
Highway vehicles	31
Plant and industrial powered vehicles, tractors	6
Structures and surfaces	38
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces	6
Structures	15
Machinery	11
Parts and materials	6
Machine, tool, and electric parts	
Persons, plants, animals, and minerals	25
Persons -other than injured worker	20
Robber Co worker former on worker	9
Co-worker, former co-worker	5
Trees, logs Chamicals and chamical products	7
Chemicals and chemical products Tools, instruments, and equipment	20
Containers	3
Other	11
Liquids (including water)	5
No secondary source	50

No secondary source
See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Fatal occupational injuries by selected industry, Illinois, All Ownerships, 2004

Characteristic	All Industries
Nature:	
Intracranial injuries	30
Other traumatic injuries	64
Internal injuries	23
Asphyxiations, suffocations	22
Drownings	4
Electrocutions	5
Poisonings, toxic effects	9
Open wounds	33
Gunshot wounds	28
Burns (heat, chemical, etc.)	6
Multiple traumatic injuries	68
Intracranial injuries and injuries to internal organs	40
Part of body:	
Head	48
Trunk	34
Chest	17
Back	3
Neck	3
Lower extremities	
Upper extremities	
Body systems Multiple	40 80
Worker activity:	
Vehicular and transportation operations	79
Using or operating tools, machinery	14
Constructing, repairing, cleaning	42
Protective service activities	4
Materials handling operations	11
Physical activities	20
Other activities	18
Tending a retail establishment	11
Not reported	20
Landon	
Location:	0.5
Private residence	25
Farm Mine quarry	25
Mine, quarry	 41
Industrial place and premises	41
Place for recreation or sports	58
Street and highway Public building	37
Residential institutions	
Other or not reported	17

Other or not reported

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Fatal occupational injuries by selected industry, Illinois, All Ownerships, 2004

Characteristic	All Industries
Occupation:	
Management occupations	40
Business and financial operations occupations	3
Computer and mathematical occupations	
Architecture and Engineering occupations	
Life, physical, and social science occupations	
Community and social services occupations	
Legal occupations	
Education, training, and library occupations	
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	4
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	
Healthcare support occupations	
Protective service occupations	13
Food preparation and serving related occupations	
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	4
Personal care and service occupations	4
Sales and related occupations	13
Office and administrative support occupations	5
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	8
Construction and extraction occupations	33
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	13
Production occupations	11
Transportation and material moving occupations Military specific occupations	51

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